Sandwell and West Birmingham Hospitals NHS Trust

AGENDA

Trust Board - Public Session

Venue: Boardroom, Sandwell General Hospital Date: 7 April 2016; 0930h – 1300h

Members attending: In attendance: Mr R Samuda (RSM) Chairman Mrs C Rickards (CR) Trust Convenor Ms O Dutton (OD) Vice Chair Mr M Hoare (MH) Non-Executive Director **Board Support** Mr H Kang (HK) Non-Executive Director Cllr W Zaffar (WZ) Non-Executive Director Mr D Whitehouse (DW) Head of Corporate Governance Mr T Lewis (TL) Chief Executive Mr T Waite Director of Finance (TW) Dr R Stedman (RST) **Medical Director** Mr C Ovington (CO) **Chief Nurse** Ms R Barlow **Chief Operating Officer** (RB) Director of Governance Miss K Dhami (KD) **Director of Organisation** Mrs R Goodby (RG)

Development

Time	Item	Title	Reference Number	Lead
0930h	1.	Apologies – Dr Paramjit Gill and Mr Robin Russell	Verbal	DW
	2.	Declaration of interests To declare any interests members may have in connection with the agenda and any further interests acquired since the previous meeting.	Verbal	Chair
0935	3.	Patient story	Presentation	со
0955h	4.	Minutes of the previous meeting To approve the minutes of the meeting held on 3 March 2016 as a true and accurate records of discussions	SWBTB: 16-17/002	Chair
	5.	Update on actions arising from previous meetings	SWBTB: 16-17/003	DW
1000h	5.1	Community caseloads	SWBTB: 16-17/004	RB
	5.2	Patient Safety Ten out of Ten 100 Day Programme	SWBTB: 16-17/005	со
	5.3	Visitor Car Parking Charge Uplift	SWBTB: 16-17/006	со
1040h	6.	Questions from members of the public	Verbal	Chair
1050h	7.	Chair's opening comments	Verbal	Chair
		UPDATES FROM THE BOARD COMMITTE	ES	
1055h	8.	Update from the MPA Committee meeting held on the 30 March 2016	To follow	RSM/ TL

Time	Item	Title	Reference Number	Lead		
	9.	Minutes from the <u>Finance and Investment Committee</u> meeting held on 26 February 2016 and update from the meeting held on the 1 April 2016	SWBTB: 16-17/007	RSM/ TW		
	10.	Minutes from the Quality & Safety Committee meeting held on the 26 February 2016	SWBTB: 16-17/008	OD/ CO		
	11.	Update from the Workforce and OD Committee meeting held on the 30 March 2016	To follow	HK/ RG		
	12.	Minutes of the <u>Charitable Funds Committee</u> meeting held on the 18 March 2016	SWBTB: 16-17/009	WZ/ RW		
		MATTERS FOR APPROVAL OR DISCUSSION	N			
1105h	13.	Chief Executive's report	SWBTB: 16-17/010	TL		
1125h	14.	2016-17 Finances & Annual Plan	SWBTB: 16-17/011	TL/ TW		
1155h	15.	Cancer Services	SWBTB: 16-17/012	RB		
1210h	16.	R&D Plan	SWBTB: 16-17/013	RST		
1225h	17.	Sickness Absence Management 2016/ 17 SWBTB: 16-17/014				
1235h	18.	Trust Risk Register SWBTB: 16-17/015				
1245h	19.	Integrated Performance Report	SWBTB: 16-17/016	TW		
		MATTERS FOR INFORMATION				
1255h	20.	Financial Performance – P11 February 2016	SWBTB: 16-17/017	TW		
	21.	Safeguarding Children Scorecard	SWBTB: 16-17/018	СО		
	22.	Any other business	Verbal	All		
	23.	Details of next meeting The next public Trust Board will be held on 5 May 2016 starting Room, Sandwell General Hospital.	at 09:30am in the Boa	ard		

Sandwell and West Birmingham Hospitals WHS

NHS Trust

TRUST BOARD PUBLIC

Venue Anne Gibson Board Room, City Hospital **Date** 3 March 2016 13:30h – 17:30h

Members Present

Mr Richard Samuda Chair
Ms Olwen Dutton Vice Chair

Mr Mike HoareNon-Executive DirectorMr Harjinder KangNon-Executive DirectorMr Robin RussellNon-Executive Director

Mr Toby LewisChief ExecutiveMs Rachel BarlowChief Operating OfficerMiss Kam DhamiDirector of GovernanceMrs Raffaela GoodbyDirector of Organisation

Development

Mr Colin OvingtonChief NurseDr Roger StedmanMedical DirectorMr Tony WaiteDirector of Finance &

Performance Management

Also in attendance:

Ms R Wilkin Director of Communications

Mrs C Rickards Trust Convenor

Board Support:

Mr Duncan Whitehouse Head of Corporate

Governance

Minutes	Paper Reference
1 Apologies	
Apologies were received from Dr Paramjit Gill.	
2 Declarations of interest	
Mr Kang notified the Board that he had become a Trustee of the Birmingham Botanical Gardens.	
3 Patient Story	
Mr Ovington introduced Emma whose son, Bradley, was receiving treatment having been born with a genetic condition called Peter's Plus Syndrome. The condition results in eye and limb abnormalities and development delays. For Emma's son this had resulted in him having both eyes removed, being reliant on a wheelchair and being subject to ongoing medical treatment including a hip operation and regular hormone injections. Her second son, Charlie, was also diagnosed with the same condition. Jane, a member of the nursing team was also present to support Emma whilst she explained her experiences of hospital.	
Emma stated that her experience overall was very positive with the likes of Jane having provided direct support for the past 2.5 years. Staff had been very supportive of Bradley and the family. He was now walking with the use of a cane and was developing at his own pace. She felt comfortable that staff were always at the end of the phone. She felt staff explained everything carefully and were given ongoing reassurance.	

As a parent there was the feeling of being thrown in at the deep end when she had a son born with such a condition. She has received support from staff at the hospital and social services in terms of her children's ongoing care.

The one negative experience related to when Bradley had a hip operation when he was left in a corridor for a long period and communication with staff was poor. This incident did not however happen whilst receiving treatment at the Sandwell and West Birmingham Trust.

Mr Lewis queried what support Emma felt she and her son's needed during the transition through to adulthood. Emma responded by saying that it was a daily journey with Bradley with him making progress everyday over and above what she was told may be the case when he was first diagnosed. Discussions about Bradley growing into an adult did take place during annual reviews.

Jane stated that transition conversations started in school when children were around 14 years old. There would be planning as part of the education and health plans around transition. Her concern was around the referral routes with the move into adulthood and the different arrangements that were in place. She also highlighted opportunities for greater child friendly signage including clear reference points that Bradley and other children can use to navigate where they are. Mr Lewis suggested the issue of transition was a matter that could be picked up through the Children's Board.

Action: that the Children and Young Peoples Board reflect on transition as part of its forward programme.

4 Minutes of previous meeting – 4 February 2016

SWBTB (03/16) 237

Resolved: the minutes of the previous meeting were agreed as an accurate record.

5 Update on actions arising from previous meetings

SWBTB (03/16) 238

The action tracker was noted. In respect of the learning disabilities matter Changing Our Lives had been commissioned and meetings were taking place over the coming week to agree the scope of the work.

5.1 Palliative care coding

SWBTB (03/16) 239

Dr Stedman introduced the item highlighting the noticeable decline in palliative care coding and increase in end of life coding. Press coverage over two years ago had highlighted an increase compared to other Trusts. Recommendations were implemented following an internal audit report in 2014 which highlighted the need for the tightening of procedures.

The Trust now used the Somerset Cancer Register System to record activity and establish true specialist palliative care involvement. This provided additional assurances on the accuracy of data. The Trust was confident that it now has a verified and reliable process.

Mr Lewis stated that the report had been put on a public agenda to ensure transparency. He queried whether the changes had meant that the Trust was now an outlier compared to other trusts. Dr Stedman responded by saying that neighbouring

trusts had taken a similar approach to reviewing their coding and that in terms of the data we were now back within the pack rather than an outlier. It was clarified that a number of episodes were combined to make a spell which was a unit of measurement for contracting purposes.

6 Questions from members of the public

Mr Bates asked the Board to outline progress around staff training and development and in particular how decisions were made in respect of which staff went on what training.

Mrs Goodby responded by stating that the Trust undertook an annual training needs analysis. This was informed by individual discussions with every member of staff as part of the personal development review process. The Trust had made a significant commitment to the training and development of staff with funding protected for 3 years. Once collated training and development was prioritised in respect of the skills staff needed to be able to do their job through to future development needs. There was a clear prioritisation and categorisation process which was undertaken in a transparent way. It was important not to see training and development as needing to be classroom based and that many effective ways of supporting development can be delivered through other means such as mentoring, job shadowing and other informal means.

Mr Cash asked two questions of the Board, one in respect of recent press coverage in regard to letters being sent to patients regarding discharge and the perception that people were being evicted from their beds and a second question regarding recruitment and retention.

In response to the first question Mr Lewis clarified that the Trust does write to patients informing them about their care options beyond remaining in a hospital bed. Over the past year 25 such letters had been issued. Of these only one of these matters was progressed to a further stage.

This was within the context of the thousands of patients that the Trust cares for. The key priority for the Board was ensuring that the conversation as to how long a person is likely to remain in hospital and the discussion over discharge is started routinely within the first 48 -72 hours so that everybody is clear including the patient and their family/carers from the outset.

In terms of the question in respect of recruitment and retention Mr Ovington stated that there were gaps in some hard to fill roles but that this was a national as well as local issue. There were currently 150 nurse vacancies, the majority of which were being recruited to and the Trust was undertaking an international recruitment campaign to address the vacancy position. Mr Lewis also highlighted the work the Trust was undertaking around retention as well as recruitment in terms of keeping skilled staff within the Trust.

7 Chair's opening comments

Mr Samuda reiterated the success of the Midland Met Hospital multi faith blessing

,	SMR1B: 16-17/ 002
event held on the 22 January and the strong attendance from stakeholders and partners. Discussions with the City Council were continuing in terms of the release of housing land and this was resulting in discussions on wider matters. Mr Samuda also highlighted the positive attendance and debate that had taken place at the Members Leadership Group.	
8 Minutes from the Configuration Committee held on the 22 January 2016	SWBTB (03/16) 240
The minutes of the meeting were accepted. Mr Lewis highlighted that with the move to the MPA Committee, the Treasury and Department of Health would no longer be engaged through the committee but would still have a role in the wider stakeholder groups.	
9 Minutes of the Public Health, Community Development & Equality Committee meeting held on the 28 January 2016	SWBTB (03/16) 241
Mr Samuda highlighted that the Annual Equality Report had been approved by the	
committee and that teleconferences were a positive means of managing short focussed agendas.	
10 Minutes from the Audit and Risk Committee meeting held on the 28 January 2016	SWBTB (03/16) 242
Mr Russell highlighted the information the committee had received in terms of the Information Governance Toolkit and the work underway to ensure compliance against mandatory training. It was also highlighted that the Committee had considered and agreed the key accounting judgements that would be used for the end of year accounts. Mr Lewis highlighted the prudent approach that had been taken in respect of the key accounting judgements.	
11 Minutes from the Finance and Investment Committee meeting held on the 29 January 2016	SWBTB (03/16) 243
Mr Lewis highlighted that the end of year position was likely to be secured through the use of one off non recurrent measures and the need for Groups to take a step up in 2016-17 to ensure delivery against plans. The Board meeting in April would be an opportunity for more detailed discussion. National policy was at risk of disadvantaging Trusts such as ours that had delivered a consistent surplus budget.	
Mr Waite highlighted that the Trust had delivered expedient measures that retained patient safety. The Executive were working through credible routes through to the original plan surplus. The regulators were fully appraised of the situation and discussions were taking place in respect of an appropriate control total.	
12 Minutes of the Quality and Safety Committee meeting held on the 29 January 2016	SWBTB (03/16) 244
Mr Samuda highlighted that the committee would reframe its forward plan and agenda to reflect the focus of the Quality and Safety Plans. Mr Lewis stated that he had presented a report to the committee outlining agency rate cap breeches. The Trust intended to eliminate non framework use by the end of March for non-clinical specialties. This may have an impact upon patient treatment with the potential of	

some delays but with reprofiling taking place from April the impact should be minimised. Where this was the case then Mr Lewis would report matters back to the Board. Where there were breaches these were relatively small numbers and the Trust was working with Walsall and Dudley to mitigate market issues. Internal agency booking systems had been tightened which was driving positive behaviour internally.

Ms Dutton sought assurances that clinical advice would be sought if profiling was to lead to an impact on patients. Mr Lewis responded by highlighting that there would be discussion where appropriate and the decision would never be simply on the basis of finance but that there needed to be strong central control to ensure sustainability of the Trust's plans going forward.

13 Chief Executive's report

SWBTB (03/16) 245

Mr Lewis introduced his report highlighting the intensive work that was going on to prepare for 2016-17. Progress was being made in respect of Oncology, including support from Wolverhampton. Patients would continue to be treated on site and discussions with UHB were ongoing.

The Rowley Regis site was nearing completion of the major investment previously approved by the Board. The PCAT contract was in place until the end of April. Discussions were ongoing with the CCG in respect of longer term plans. The Trust continued to lead discussions around the most effective way of moving people out of hospital and what was proven or not proven to work. There were clear system wide issues as evidenced by the ongoing increase in admissions over the past 12 months.

Mr Lewis went on to highlight key matters in the top 10 annual plan commitments. In regards to caseload management Ms Barlow highlighted the need for a clear trajectory of improvement. The Trust had benchmarked its position and a lot of work was going on to re-profile care where care was best delivered in the home. Ambitious targets were being set for the coming year and whilst progress had been made there was still more to do. The worsened judgement related to issues in respect of services for children. There was an opportunity for the Trust to make a strong case to prospective community nurses that caseloads were effectively managed and that IT and wider support was in place to support community nurses.

Ms Barlow highlighted that progress was being made around readmissions and that assurances around data quality were evidencing quality improvement. Positive steps were being taken with the next focus being on the quality of care. It was agreed to compare Q4 2015-16 and Q4 2014-15 to obtain an informed view of impact.

Mr Ovington provided an update on Ten out of Ten stating that progress was being made but that this was not yet consistent and sustainable across the Trust. Behaviour change needed to be driven at a local level including ward managers and matrons. This would be given a stronger emphasis as roles were reviewed.

Ms Dutton challenged the extent to which staff were seeing a real and immediate impact from Ten out of Ten. It was something people did but were they conscious of the impact it was having and hence the need to deliver against the standards consistently.

Mr Ovington responded by saying the focus was on the impact for the patient. Are steps around an individual's care being taken in the right order and in a timely way? Done in the right way Ten out of Ten does have an impact on individual patient care. Ms Barlow went on to state the need for more holistic assessment processes. The risk was that the assessment units may not see the impact as patients moved through to another service. Further work was needed to better integrate teams and link more strongly inputs to outcomes.

Mr Lewis recommended an initial focus on assessment units. After two years of effort to implement Ten out of Ten there was a need for a 100 day approach in Q1 to ensure once and for all consistent implementation. The Board's patience would inevitably run out if we failed to embed it now. He asked for a report to be brought to the April meeting around the 100 day plan and the importance of generating momentum including it being an area of focus in future mock inspections.

Ms Dutton highlighted the need to consider what it was possible to stop doing to ensure the time and capacity to deliver this effectively as it remained a Board priority. Ms Barlow highlighted the opportunity to utilise some of the challenge week methodology to provide a focus on redesign.

In respect of Annex B the push needed to be on shifting the amber rated priorities to green. Mrs Goodby highlighted that the launch of the tolerance policy would help staff feel confident in speaking up and addressing issues in respect of mutual tolerance. Advice and guidance was being issued to staff. Mrs Rickards drew attention to the positive views staff had about this being a priority for the Board.

Actions:

- That a report to be brought to the April Board meeting outlining the 100 day action plan for progress around Ten out of Ten.
- An update to be brought back in terms of caseload management.

14 Never Event in Surgery A

SWBTB (03/16) 246

Dr Stedman introduced the report which highlighted the background to the Never Event that had occurred on the 18 February. The incident related to wrong site surgery with the correct wrist having been operated on but the wrong aspect. Identification of the correct site had been complicated by the patient having had operations on both aspects and hence scarring on both aspects of the wrist. In addition the surgery was on the ulnar side which is only the case in 1% of surgical operations.

The site had been correctly marked in accordance with policy and the procedure had been properly documented but the specificity of the site was not detailed enough.

Dr Tyagi highlighted that it had been 8 months since the last Never Event. The patient had been informed immediately and had accepted the explanation provided. The team whilst devastated were seeing the event as a learning opportunity. The WHO checklist had been undertaken methodically but there was a need to review the policy with the consent policy needing to be more prescriptive as should the marking policy.

Mr Lewis highlighted the need to acknowledge the work that had been undertaken after the event in terms of reviewing procedures and addressing the impact on morale and team working. He asked that in changing the policy every affected member of staff be written to and asked to confirm their understanding of the new policy by completing a reply slip in relation to changes to site marking. Any wider policy amendments needed to go through the appropriate channels and be communicated effectively.

Mr Kang queried that given the infrequency of such an operation was some of the fault a consequence of assumptions being made about the nature of the operation? Dr Tyagi stated that there was clearly an error made but it was not clear whether an assumption had incorrectly been made. Dr Stedman stated that in was not a case of it slipping the team's mind but a genuine issue of the granularity of the marking that would direct somebody to query the procedure that was being performed. Any error was a matter for the team collectively rather than any one individual.

Mr Lewis highlighted the need for somebody within the team to be confident in asking the awkward questions and intervening where there was any possibility of doubt.

Action: that all staff be informed of the policy change relating to site marking and be required to sign a reply slip stating that they have read and understood the changes.

15 Trust Risk Register

SWBTB (03/16) 247

Ms Dhami introduced the report highlighting that risk 770 (trauma operating tables) should now be removed as the new tables had arrived and been installed. In respect of risk 332 (national BCG vaccination shortage) everything was on track for the recall to be complete by the end of March.

A new risk was highlighted relating to the impact on staff and the use of temporary staff to support unfunded beds. This reduced the time to care and raised potential safety risks. Mr Ovington stated that the risk had been escalated given the sustained impact over time of unfunded beds and the difficulties this presented in managing capacity. Ms Barlow highlighted the need in the action column to review bed plans and the ongoing development of ward teams.

Ms Dutton queried progress against the CAMHS risk (666). Mr Lewis responded by stating that there was a growing appetite through commissioners and the Health and Wellbeing Board to look at additional beds. Through the mock inspection process it would be useful to look at children's pathways.

Mr Lewis queried progress in respect of open referrals. Ms Barlow responded that midway through February there were 192,000 referrals which was seeing an upward increase compared to reductions in December and January. An extensive validation exercise had taken place. These improvements had not been embedded sustainably however in the pathway management process. The expectation was for a ten percent reduction over the coming months. Ms Barlow agreed to update the risk commentary.

Mr Kang queried progress against risk 566 (risk of reduction or failure to recruit senior medical staff). Ms Barlow highlighted the work that was going on around recruitment including recruitment day and the appointment of an acute physician. The Midland Met Hospital was a strong springboard for increasing recruitment across the Trust.

16 Integrated Performance Report

SWBTB (03/16) 248

Mr Waite introduced the IPR highlighting positive performance in respect of Rapid Access Chest Pain (RACP), Fractured Neck and Femur and progress in terms of the safety thermometer. RACP performance in January was 100% following improvements to the patient pathway. Fractured Neck and Femur delivery was at 87% in January which was above the target of 85%. Compliance against the safety thermometer was 95.3%.

Areas for further focus included VTE assessments with Dr Stedman highlighting that there remained some areas where there were issues although there had been improvements in maternity and emergency care. Performance was 93.4% in January compared to a national target of 95% and a local target of 100%.

Ms Barlow drew attention to stroke patients receiving treatment within 60 minutes of admission with performance at 50% compared to previous month's performance being 80% against a target of 85%. This was a small cohort of patients. Some of the impact on performance was down to patient choice and clinical decisions taken.

Ms Barlow went on to highlight that cancelled elective operations had improved. There were no breaches of the 28 day guarantee in January. Performance around multiple cancellations however was poor with 63 patients receiving multiple cancellations in January. Ms Barlow agreed to bring an update back on this issue to a future Board meeting.

In respect of cancer care all national cancer targets were met in December. There were no Urology breeches in January and the relationship with University Hospitals Birmingham was working well.

Miss Dhami highlighted that there had been 12 incidents, relating to pressure ulcers, falls and treatment delays. This was the first time of reporting double figures for some time. Ms Dutton highlighted the progress that had been made around complaints and highlighted how the devolved approach was proving a success story.

In response to a query from Mr Lewis about when mortality reviews would get back on track following the CDA failures Dr Stedman stated that there had been a loss of data from mid October – mid December. By May performance should be back on track as patients completed their treatment journeys. Mrs Goodby also highlighted that sickness rates were again creeping up but that return to work interviews were also increasing.

Actions:

 A report to be brought back to the May meeting in respect of multiple cancellations.

17 CQC Improvement Plan

SWBTB (03/16) 249

Miss Dhami introduced the report drawing the Board's attention to the delivery at a glance summary in appendix 1. This highlighted that of the 67 areas for improvement 43 had been delivered and the issues addressed, 11 areas needed further evidence of improvement, 8 had been delivered in part but some issues remained and there were 3

areas where there were actions outstanding. Clinical and internal audit plans as well as the in house inspection process would have a focus around CQC improvement for the coming year to provide further assurance against the CQC recommendations.

In terms of the areas where further progress was needed then these included the implementation of secure drug storage which had yet to be rolled out across the whole of the Sandwell site. There also remained issues around person centred care plans. Mr Lewis stated that other drug storage facilities would be phased out by June. The summary table highlighted that Medicine had ongoing matters to resolve and that there remained issues in respect of ward related concerns.

Mr Kang queried whether there was less traction in large dispersed teams and whether a different approach was needed. Mr Lewis responded by saying that communication was easier when done face to face in small teams but that there were opportunities to improve consistency and performance across all areas.

Ms Barlow stressed the need for focus rather than implementing a range of new initiatives at the same time. Miss Dhami stated that there was a clear plan of what needed to be delivered in Q1 with a focus on particular teams.

The Board welcomed the dashboard summary and asked for a monthly update on progress.

18 Fully staffed – sickness absence update

SWBTB (03/16) 250

Mrs Goodby introduced the paper stating that in month performance of sickness absence rates had deteriorated. Short term sickness had dropped in January but long term sickness had started to increase.

The Executive were sighted on each long term sickness case and were challenging progress to address these. Confirm and challenge sessions were scheduled across the Groups and a workshop with the Group Directors of Operations was scheduled for later in March.

Mr Kang highlighted that consistency and execution were key. He also asked whether the Trust placed a financial figure of sickness absence to make it clear to managers and staff the implications of sickness.

Mrs Goodby stated that targeted communications had gone out to staff and to line managers. Work was underway to encourage the sharing of good practice.

Mr Lewis stressed the significance of talking about numbers of people rather than percentages. The scale in terms of long term sickness was in the region of 200 people. Short term sickness looked to be moving in the right direction. The plan of action needed to be around long term sickness and those off sick in excess of 28 days.

Mrs Rickards stated the importance of open and honest conversations. Not all managers had the skills or confidence to support staff back into work or have those difficult conversations. Managers needed to be encouraged to think innovatively about the options for getting people back into work.

Mrs Goodby reiterated the importance of flexibility in terms of getting people back to work through phased return for example. This was not about people who genuinely were unable to be at work but rather continuing a conversation which prevented abuses of the system and helped people back into the workplace which would benefit everybody. Where the process was working well this was in areas where there was a strong culture around wellness and it not being acceptable to be off sick for anything other than genuine reasons.

Action: that a further report be brought to the April meeting outlining the actions that will be undertaken differently to impact upon sickness absence rates.

19 Recruitment revolution: recruitment and retention — what will make the difference in 2016-17

SWBTB (03/16) 251

Mrs Goodby introduced the report which set out the recruitment and retention challenge and the key actions to address these including a 3% reduction in those leaving the Trust which equated to keeping 174 people, promoting the SWBH family brand, developing the employee benefits package and securing a staff discount package service.

Mr Kang challenged whether the Trust had a firm grip on why people were leaving and whether exit interviews were carried out consistently.

Mrs Goodby stated that exit interviews did take place but the data around themes was not always robust as not everybody would be open about their reasons for leaving. Work was underway to carry our exit interviews when a person leaves, after 6 weeks and after 6 months to gain greater insight as to why people were choosing to leave. She also highlighted the importance of the impression people have of the organisation when they leave as much as when they start.

Mr Hoare queried the timing of the social media campaign and whether this could be brought forward as a quick win. Mrs Goodby responded by stating that the Trust was purchasing google analytics tools and the timing was intentional so as to link with the SWBH family branding launch.

Ms Dutton challenged the work that was needed to reduce turnover rates. The figures in terms of recommending the organisation as a place to work were just over 50%. She stressed the importance of effective induction and support to new starters.

Mr Ovington queried why newly qualified nurses needed to go externally to gain experience and the ability to grow expertise internally. Mr Kang also highlighted issues around IT access etc. not being available until some weeks after somebody had started with the Trust.

Ms Dutton highlighted the need to review the time to hire period. Job adverts should include shortlisting dates and when interviews will be held. The Trust should look to review its paperwork and the process for applying for a job to ensure it is as welcoming and as simple as possible.

Ms Barlow stated that there was a need to do some focussed work around holes in the delivery chain. The Trust also needed to be clear about the calibre of staff it needed

and the challenge to recruit the right calibre of person. Mr Waite stressed the importance of growing our own talent and supporting experienced professionals. Mr Ovington highlighted that the Trust was working closely with the University of Wolverhampton to develop and grow talent internally.

Mrs Goodby concluded by stating that there needed to be a package of options including the quality of appraisals, being made to feel valued, a culture of internal recruitment first and to provide clear stepping stones into management internally. Mr Lewis also stressed the need for a change of mindset within HR to support the direction of travel.

Action: that Mr Lewis report trajectory compliance monthly in his overview report.

20 Safe Nurse Staffing

SWBTB (03/16) 252

Mr Ovington introduced the paper which provided an update on safe nurse staffing for January 2016. In January there had been issues in pulling data through in respect of Children's Services on the system. Additional beds open had generated further staffing issues during the period.

The average fill rate across the Trust, including permanent bank and agency staff was 93.5%. He also stressed the importance of qualitative measures of care in addition to length of contact.

Mr Lewis expressed concern around fill rates in respect of community beds and whether the Board should be worried about nursing levels in community areas.

Mr Ovington responded saying that community nursing was a problem area in terms of recruitment and retention. There were some great staff working out in the local community. Technology would assist staff in the community including effective caseload management systems.

21 Visitor car parking charge uplift

SWBTB (03/16) 253

Mr Ovington introduced the report and the recommendation to approve option 3 which would see 20p rise on each charging point across the Trust. This would mean the Trust was still in line with, or still below, other Trust pricing structures across the Midlands.

Cllr Zaffar expressed concern about the proposal which equated to an 80% increase in charges over the past 5 years and the extent to which patients and their families had been consulted.

Mr Ovington stated that it was not normally a matter that would be consulted on. The cost increases were largely a consequence of the cost of improved lighting, increased energy costs, maintenance and increased wage costs.

Mr Lewis stressed that one of the motivations was to dissuade people from using their cars given the excellent public transport routes to the hospital sites. There were already a range of schemes in place for those who needed to park on regular occasions due to treatment for themselves or their relatives. Concessions for parking for long periods were also in place.

In response to a question from Mrs Goodby Mr Ovington confirmed that it was proposed there be an increase in staff parking charges as well.	
It was agreed that there the favoured option be an increase in charges but that there should be a public consultation prior to any final decision being taken to determine the best rates by which to apply this change.	
A revised paper would be circulated and a consultation exercise organised with a report back to the next meeting of the Board.	
Action: that a consultation exercise be undertaken prior to the Board making a final decision about how to increase parking charges.	
22 Financial performance report – P10 January 2016	SWBTB (03/16) 254
The report was noted.	
23 Any other business	
There were no issues highlighted under any other business.	
24 Details of the next meeting:	
The next public Trust Board will be held on 7 April, starting at 09:30.	
Signed	
Print	

Date

Sandwell and West Birmingham Hospitals NHS Trust - Trust Board Action Tracker

Last Updated: 1 April 2016

	Item	Paper Ref	Date	Action	Assigned To	Completion Date	Response Submitted	Status
SWBTCACT.510	Smoking Cessation	SBBTB (11/15) 181	05-Nov-15	Updates to be provided to the Board as the policy is progressed	TL	02/06/2016	Update to be provided at the June meeting as the policy is progressed.	Open
SWBTBACT.512	Integrated Performance Report	SWBTB (12/15) 192	03-Dec-15	Report back to the Board in Quarter 4 2015- 16 regarding progress around cancer targets	RB	07/04/2016	Report included on the agenda for the April Board meeting	Closed
SWBTBACT.518	The contribution of volunteers to SWBH	SWBTB (12/15) 199	03-Dec-15	Meeting to be organised to cohere ambitions in terms of contribution of volunteers and for a report back to the Board	СО	05/05/2016	Report to be brought to the May meeting of the Trust Board.	Open
SWBTBACT.521	Learning Disabilities: People's Parliament	SWBTB (01/16) 210	07-Jan-16	1 page scorecard to be developed providing assurances around objectives and in particular objectives 1, 4 and 5	со	07/07/2016	Changing Our Lives are being commissioned to udertake an audit of the Trust. Once the audit has been completed the outcome of the audit and relevant scorecard will be brought back to the Board	Open
SWBTACT.523	Financial performance	SWBTB (01/16) 211	07-Jan-16	Report to June meeting on list of generic drugs agreed between Trust and GPs	RSt	02/06/2016	Report due to the June Board meeting	Open
SWBTACT.524	Wider safe staffing	SWBTB (01/16) 213	07-Jan-16	Report back on table top review of ward rotas determining accurate ratios of wider staff time on wards.	RG	05/05/2016	Report to be brought to the May meeting of the Trust Board.	Open
SWBTACT.525	Chief Executive's Report	SWBTB (03/16)	03-Mar-16	Update on case management to be brought to the next meeting of the Board	RB	07/04/2016	Report included on the agenda for the April meeting of the Board	Closed
SWBTACT.526	Trust Risk Register	SWBTB (03/16)	03-Mar-16	Report to be brought back to the May meeting regarding multiple cancellations	RB	05/05/2016	Report to be presented to the May Board meeting	Open
SWBTACT.527	Fully staffed	SWBTB (03/16)	03-Mar-16	Report back to the April meeting on what will be done differently in Q1 to address sickness absence	RG	07/04/2016	Report included on agenda for the April meeting.	Closed

ACTIONS Version 1.0

SWBTACT.528	Visitor car parking	SWBTB (03/16)	03-Mar-16	Consultation exercise to be undertaken prior	CO/ RW	07/04/2016	Report included on agenda for the April meeting.	Closed
	charges			to a final decision being taken by the Board				
				at its next meeting.				
SWBTACT.529	Chief Executives	SWBTB (03/16)	03-Mar-16	Report to be Board outlining the 100 day	СО	07/04/2016	Report included on agenda for the April meeting.	Closed
	report			action plan for progressing Ten out of Ten				

Version 1.0 ACTIONS

Sandwell and West Birmingham Hospitals

TRUST BOARD

DOCUMENT TITLE:	Community Caseloads
SPONSOR (EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR):	Rachel Barlow - Chief Operating Officer
AUTHOR:	Fiona Shorney - Group Director for Community and Therapies
DATE OF MEETING:	7 th April 2015

EXECUTIVE SUMMARY:

The annual objective of tackling caseload management in community teams includes an aspiration to increase patient contact time by 10% among district nurses, health visitors and midwives.

Although progress has been delayed in year through the installation of the new capacity information tool and the agreement on IT device solutions for community teams, both of which have a line of sight to resolution, there has been progress particularly through district nursing to new ways of working and delivering care that will deliver the anticipated improvements. Early analysis and evaluation indicates in excess of 10% improvements can be made in district nursing.

The paper outlines progress to date and describes the forward plan to complete the technical and programme solutions as well as implementing productivity goals, standardising roles and ways of working amongst our clinician to have maximum positive impact on care received in our community settings.

Adult Community Services have led the way on progress and piloting. The Women and Children's services are working in the Black Country Alliance arena on solutions that fit a wider geographical footprint. Women and Children's services have reviewed the progress in adult services and will repeat the same work in Q1-2.

REPORT RECOMMENDATION:

The Trust Board are asked to consider the update and progress and discuss progress to date and the delivery intentions for next year.

ACTION REQUIRED (*Indicate with 'x' the purpose that applies*):

The receiving body is asked to receive, consider and:

Accept		Approve the recommendation	n	Discuss		
				x		
KEY AREAS OF IMPACT (Inc	dicate w	ith 'x' all those that apply):				
Financial		Environmental		Communications & Media		
Business and market share	Χ	Legal & Policy	Х	Patient Experience	Х	
Clinical	Χ	Equality and Diversity	Χ	Workforce	Χ	
Comments:						

Annual priority update: Tackling Community caseloads

Priority for 2015-16	How were we performing at the start of 2015/16?	Where do we need to get to?
Tackling caseload management in community teams	Successful implementation of new IT tools to make caseload management more visible and part of our management of performance	 All nursing caseloads (at team level) reduced to median in Black Country Patient contact time increased by 10% among district nurses, health visitors and midwives

1. Introduction

Within the domain of Safe High Quality Care is an annual objective to tackle the management of community caseloads.

For the purpose of this report the community teams included are from both Community & Therapies and Women & Child Health Clinical Groups, namely;

- **District Nurses** have 9 teams aligned to 23 GP practices in Sandwell and West Birmingham where caseload includes urgent, unplanned and planned pathways at home and in clinics.
- Community Midwifery caseloads are driven by the number of pregnant women in Sandwell and West Birmingham and the contact with women is prescribed and delivered in line with NICE guidance and college standards. Care is delivered at home, GP practices, and Children's Centres.
- **Health Visiting** caseloads are driven by the number of 0-5s in the Sandwell borough with 5 key visits mandated in GP practices, at home, nurseries and Children's Centres
- Children's Therapy Service caseloads are dictated by demand in schools, clinics and at home.
- Community Children's Nurses have 4 teams delivering care at home, clinics, schools and Children's Centres. Specifically, these include acute/chronic post discharge, palliative care, complex, continuing healthcare needs and special education (special and mainstream).

A joint QIHD in September 2015 attended by all 5 services acknowledged not only significant differences in the manner that caseloads are acquired and monitored but also the distinct lack of nationally recognised capacity/caseload management tools in District Nursing, Community Therapies or Community Nursing. However the event proved an excellent platform to generate new ideas and develop potential harmonisation of working practice. We have continued to meet formally bi-monthly to share progress and issues.

2. Progress to date

2.1 Single Point of Access achieved for each of the 5 services

2.2 Smart Scheduling

- This is still largely done at practitioner level through paper and electronic means provided there is accessibility via mobile devices. Standardising scheduling is an imperative for all community services to maximise time for clinical care, reducing administration and travel times.
- Community Adults, Children's Therapies and Nursing teams are using SystmOne for EPR. The exception is Community Midwifery who will continue to use Badgernet.
- The District Nurse service are using a new capacity information tool (GEL data solutions) which has the potential to interface with SystmOne to provide real time capacity information by combining staff availability with patient dependency. The solution offers visualisation of current and future workload projections across

- the teams, giving the opportunity to flex the workforce in advance and establish if the correct staffing numbers are in place within a given team/locality.
- Full implementation has been delayed due to poor compliance and communication with TPP, the providers of SystmOne. Some very recent progress has been made with IT so we remain optimistic that it can deliver what we require within Q1. In the interim the tool is used for day to day rota management.
- Community Children's Nursing and Therapies have received demonstrations of the Gel tool and are considering it's benefits in comparison with the Balance Solution tool from whom they have also had a demonstration. The Balance tool is currently in use in Dudley so in line with the Black Country Alliance it may prove to be of greater operational value. A response to this will be made by the end of Q1.

2.3 District Nursing Productivity Programme.

- We have been invited to join the NHS Benchmarking Network for Community Services from May 2016. This
 well established group expects 70 organisations to participate incorporating up to 27 clinical areas. Of
 particular interest to SWBH are District Nursing, Community Dietetics, Speech & Language Therapy,
 Physiotherapy, Occupational Therapy and Wheelchair Services.
- We will in time utilise the network report in relation to therapy services but our current priority is with regard to District Nursing.
- The data from the 2015 network review related to District Nursing has allowed us compare our service with the national picture in areas such as RTT and DNA rates. As reported in the Chief Nurse's last Safe Nurse Staffing paper to Trust Board we report a 5.18 day wait from referral to first visit compared to 8.8 nationally and a low DNA rate of 0.66% compared to 2% nationally.
- In terms of contacts per nurse across all staff bands the national picture is 6.44/wte/day.
- In response to this we carried out a deep dive in to the caseloads and activity of every District Nurse over a 6 month period (Sept 2015 Feb 2016.) This has identified a number of issues across all teams and all grades of staff;
 - Average daily contacts 6.60/nurse, although compares well against the national average our view is that for those nurses working in a single locality this is unacceptably low and warranted a standardised approach to ensure consistency across all staff.
 - > Significant variances in activity within the same band group.
 - > This was particularly evident in band 3 HCA staff and band 6, experienced District Nurses.
 - ➤ The band 6 issue is most concerning as this group should have most clinical responsibility, seeing some of the most complex patients, training new starters, mentoring students and supporting the team leaders. Some of these staff had 5 contacts a day, others 9.
 - Early analysis reveals that too many of these nurses are undertaking tasks requiring lower skill levels (eye drops, personal care, simple wound dressings) and not the more specialist tasks (palliative care drug management, new assessments, complex wound care). Clearly further work has to be done to understand the responsibilities of the band 6 nurse and their relationship with the band 7 team leaders. A meeting, chaired by the Group Director of Nursing is planned for the start of April 2016.
- In view of the above related to band 5s and 3s the Group Director of Nursing in Community & Therapies is proposing to introduce minimum daily activity targets of 8 face to face contacts per day for band 5 nurses and 10 per day for band 3 nurses.
- Adherence to the above would improve overall productivity by **15.8%** or 37,796 patient contacts. The implementation date to achieve this increase in patient contacts is May 2016.
- As just one component of productivity improvements this is a positive outcome but needs to be viewed in conjunction with other methods we are implementing to confirm the real benefits.
- Targets for band 6 nurses will be decided once we have evaluated the operational benefits of those for the more junior staff.

2.4 Community Clinics

- Community Midwives work across 93 venues plus home visits (eg post natal)
- Health Visitors undertake most of their work in clinic locations with home visits as required as part of the safeguarding agenda. This is not expected to change.
- Children's Therapies already carry out most activity in schools and clinics with home visits as required.
- Children's Nurses attend MDT clinics for planning sessions but otherwise review their patients at home.
- Currently it is in the District Nurse Clinics where there is likely to be most productivity gain;
 - ➤ Key aspect of Community & Therapies' Business Planning 2016 -18 to move towards increased clinic based working.
 - ➤ Over the last 3 months District Nurse Team Leaders have identified 400 patients who are not house bound and could be suitable to attend a clinic. 80% of which would require transport to access a clinic base.
 - The intention is to establish 5 clinic bases across the Sandwell borough. Each District Nurse team will run their own clinic and see their own patients to ensure we maintain the GP practice relationships.
 - We are currently mapping patients to appropriate clinics and very early calculations suggest that **164hrs of District Nurse (4.37wte)** can be saved. This will be refined and verified.
 - We are piloting clinics at Rowley and Neptune HC to assess the inclusion criteria and the plan is to phase in further ones in June 2016.
 - Once this has been agreed and confirmed and clinics are established patients will be booked directly in to an appointment at the point of clinical triage via the contact centre.
 - ➤ In the interim we are reviewing potential transport options including the voluntary sector.

2.5 Clinical Triage

- As the District Nurse clinics are introduced the intention is for band 6 nurses to be based on a rota system
 within the Contact Centre to undertake a clinical triage role at peak call times.
 The purpose of clinical triage is for a senior decision maker to receive calls in to the District Nursing service
 - as opposed to an administrative officer. These calls may be from patients, carers, nurses or GPs.
- The nurse will immediately assess, by asking the right questions, the urgency and relevance of the referral and will be able to divert calls to the most appropriate service, for example the Practice Nurse or directly in to a clinic, another community service or simply offer advice over the telephone.
- The benefits of this will be to reduce the number of inappropriate referrals with the potential to waste valuable clinical time, reduce travel costs and DNAs so maximising time with patients who really need their attention.
- The Clinical Triage will be established by Q2
- Community Therapies have implemented their FASTA (Faster Access to Sandwell Therapy Assessment) which has facilitated a triage system which is working well.

2.6 Multiple Practitioner Delivery

- Within iCares (Nurses, Physiotherapists, Occupational Therapists, Dieticians, Speech and Language Therapists) we have co-located services to include the Primary Care Assessment and Treatment service (PCAT), Admission Avoidance, Heart Failure, Respiratory and IV clinics to a joint staff rota across 7 days to maximise productivity and maximise efficiency by reducing duplicate visits, handovers and improving patient experience.
- We are also aiming to maximise the assistance of the third sector. They are keen to work with us and referrals to these services at the point of triage will ensure professional staff can direct their time appropriately. This opportunity will be scoped over Quarter 1.

2.7 Improved Technology

- All community staff require access to mobile, lightweight devices to facilitate EPR at the point of clinical delivery
- All services are highly engaged in this work and are currently trialling laptops and tablets to evaluate the best option
- In Community & Therapies specifically the plan is to introduce mobile working across the iCares workforce (300 staff) by Q3 2016/17. The project has the following objectives:
 - > To provide real time access at point of care to electronic records (primarily SystmOne) for mobile clinicians, reducing the need for paper records.
 - > To provide access to SWBHT office applications and files for mobile clinicians
 - > To reduce the amount of un-necessary travel for mobile workers providing clinicians with real time access to their calendars will help prevent them attending cancelled appointments and give them more time for direct patient contact
 - > To improve patient care at point of delivery in the community by providing live access to patient records, resulting in better informed decisions, reduced risk and decreased numbers of un-necessary admissions to A&E and AMU
 - To provide secure network access from clinicians' bases

3.0 Summary of key actions

Timeframe	Proposed Productivity Gain Method	Action	By Whom
Q1-3	Optimise use of technology	 Meet with Mark Reynolds CIO and facilitate his first hand introduction to community services with specific attention to the following; SystmOne interface with Gel Solutions as robust capacity tool Mobile working to facilitate EPR at point of care Review potential options for telemedicine/virtual visiting/patient selfmanagement. 	Clinical Group Director, Group Director of Nursing Directorate and clinical leads
Q1	Caseload targets	Implementation of daily targets for band 5 and band nurses in District Nursing service	Group Director of Nursing
Q1	Band 6 District Nurses caseloads	Confirm and challenge meetings with Matrons and Band 7 Team Leads	Group Director of Nursing
Q2-3	District Nurse Clinics	Phased roll out of clinics in 5 locations (Rowley, Lyng, Glebefields, Victoria, Oldbury)	Group Director on Nursing & District Nursing Matrons

Community services are committed to maximising their interface with patients, improving patient experience and minimising wasted time by implementing all of the above during the early part of this year. The Clinical Group Director and Group Director of Nursing will provide regular updates to Chief Operating Officer and Chief Nurse via 1:1, Senior Nurse forums and bimonthly Group Reviews.

Sandwell and West Birmingham Hospitals WHS

NHS Trust

TRUST BOARD

DOCUMENT TITLE:	Patient Safety Ten Out of Ten 100 Day Programme
SPONSOR (EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR):	Colin Ovington- Chief Nurse
AUTHOR:	Debbie Talbot- Deputy Chief Nurse Q&S
DATE OF MEETING:	7 TH April 2016

EXECUTIVE SUMMARY:

This paper is a summary of our 100 day programme to ensure effective implementation of the safety standards checklist within 24 hrs of admission on the assessment units – often the clinical areas where our patients commence their journey with us.

The plan utilises a rapid improvement change model as used in the successful implementation of focused care and contributes to staff growth and development.

Formal launch is the week commencing 11th April which will focus on the multidisciplinary team approach to implementation and communications to help celebrate successes.

REPORT RECOMMENDATION:

Board members are requested to support the approach using the rapid improvement change model. To receive feedback on both the change model and the scale of achievement at the Quality and Safety Committee.

ACTION REQUIRED (*Indicate with 'x' the purpose that applies*):

The receiving body is asked to receive, consider and:

Accept		Approve the recommendation	Discuss	
		X		
KEY AREAS OF IMPACT (Ind	licate w	ith 'x' all those that apply):		
Financial		Environmental	Communications & Media	
Business and market share		Legal & Policy	Patient Experience	х
Clinical	Х	Equality and Diversity	Workforce	
Comments: Research & Deve	elopme	ent		

ALIGNMENT TO TRUST OBJECTIVES, RISK REGISTERS, BAF, STANDARDS AND PERFORMANCE METRICS:

High Quality Care, Quality Accounts, Patient Safety Plan,

PREVIOUS CONSIDERATION:

Trust Board December 20 15

SWBTB: 16-17/005(a)

TEN OUT OF TEN 100 DAY PROGRAMME

Report to Trust Board on 7th April 2016

1 EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

- Ten out of Ten is a key criteria in the Safety Plan and is part of the Quality Accounts supporting the organisational objective 'High Quality Care' and our Quality Improvement and Public Health plans. It was featured as the sharing event in QIHD and the AGM to raise awareness with staff and the public
- To successfully implement Ten out of Ten and promote a strong safety culture it is essential that the process is commenced early in the patient's journey (in the main this is via the surgical and medical assessment units across site) and is part of the individual holistic assessment undertaken on admission by nursing and medical staff.
- The aim of our 100 day programme is to successfully implement the use of individual patient safety standards checklist within 24hrs of being admitted to our assessment units
- Utilising lessons learnt from the Specialling (Focused Care) Innovation Project with the TDA we will be using a rapid change model broken into 3 key stages
- The result we are seeking to achieve is that all patients are assessed against all ten standards within 24 hours, for a plan of care to be developed as a result of that assessment which the patient acknowledges and agrees with.

2 WHERE ARE WE NOW?

- SWBH Safety Standards patient checklist was introduced in 2014 to support reduction in harm by promoting real time interventions from the multi-disciplinary team, co-ordinated by the Ward Sister and with the involvement of patients and carers. Safety is a key priority to support delivery of High Quality Care and reduction in avoidable harms. Initially a ward /department white board was utilised to record the completion of the checklist within the first 24hrs of admission. A communication and training strategy enabled organisational spread and prevalence studies as well as incident data reported in the IPR illustrated effect of implementation. These results suggest there is more work to be done to integrate cultural change. Good practice from Lyndon 4 and Surgery A wards progressed their 10/10 by providing patient information leaflets on the ten standards and developing an individual patient checklist stored in patient's folders by the bedside. In Dec 2015 this concept was used to further refine the organisational wide individual patient checklist to include guidance on completing each standard effectively.
- To successfully implement Ten out of Ten and promote a strong safety culture it is
 essential that the process is commenced early in the patient's journey (in the main
 this is via the surgical and medical assessment units across site) and is part of the
 individual holistic assessment undertaken on admission by nursing and medical staff.
 For example each patient has a falls, pressure ulcer, DVT risk assessment and
 determinant on risk level identified a person centred plan of care is written in

conjunction with patients and carers. Initial assessment includes assessment of discharge needs and this along with the admitting condition and treatment plan allows the MDT to determine a realistic EDD. To support these activities, there has been a revision around the availability of evidence based assessments /interventions and care plan frameworks supported with communication and ward based raising awareness. Early reviews suggest lack of evidence that patients /carers are involved in the assessment and care planning process. Implementation and evaluation of care is reviewed per shift and via ward and Board rounds.

3 IMPLEMENTATION PLAN - 2016 100 Day Programme

Where do we want to be? Aim: to successfully implement the use of individual patient safety standards checklist within 24hrs of being admitted to our assessment units

Why?

- Promote safety culture
- Promote patient empowerment for their health needs
- Promote multi-disciplinary working and role of ward sister as ward 'owner'
- Ensure risks are identified early and prevention plans documented to reduce harms
- Use checklist as aide memoire to manage risks in real time
- Move away from the re-active , retrospective culture to 'must do' culture

How will we get there?

Methodology:

Utilising lessons learnt from the Specialling (Focused Care) Innovation Project with the TDA we will be using a rapid change model broken into 3 key stages :

- 1. Project group , project plan , local aims , and perceived outcomes.
 - An engagement event will be organised in April to bring together stakeholders of all disciplines and grades from the assessment units to discuss philosophy of Ten out of Ten, what is working well and how we can make improvements. This will include role of Ward Sister as MDT co-ordinator and interaction with patients /carers to promote holistic care. Confirm how other key initiatives will compliment this concept .
 - This will lead to the development of a project plan reflecting key actions /leads and timeframes.
- 2. Measurement tools (Plan ,Do , Study, Act assurance tool)
 For each change to be tested (the checklist, role of Ward sister, involvement of patients etc.) Baseline incidence data will be collated to confirm baseline performance and decision regarding do we implement the current tool/model or continue on another cycle of testing?
- 3. Evaluation has the change been successful ?— the evaluation will be in both qualitative via staff surveys –staff tend to respond to change designed to improve patient care; do they feel Ten out of Ten delivers this vision? Patient surveys would be used to elicit if patients are aware of their risks and care plans as well as feeling safe in our organisation. Quantitative does the data reflect improvement for example :are less patients developing pressure sores, are

more patients being referred for smoking cessation , do we know RN do vital signs on admission?

Between these stages weekly huddles will be organised on the assessment units with full representation at all meetings by either the ward sister or matron or delegated 'hero'. At each huddle PDSA documents , data and measurement tools will be reviewed , problems solved and active support offered to clinical area as indicated to facilitate change. We will consider the development of Ten out of Ten hero awards to recognise staff who have adopted and integrated the concept to reduce the risk of harm, to promote the culture of empowering patients and facilitate pro-active MDT working. This work may be supplemented with some organisational development within ward MDTs to enable shared learning, problem solving continuing throughout the journey and following the engagement event. This will work in conjunction with the organisational vision for promoting effective leadership at all levels in all teams. Accountability for implementation sits jointly between corporate nursing and clinical groups

The project group will consist of:

- Executive Lead Chief Nurse
- Deputy Chief Nurse project manager
- Project Facilitator who has supported the Focused care project to manage documents and organise events - chase data etc
- Ward Sister- change agent in clinical area
- Ward Matron- assurance and transformational role
- Data support from the clinical area
- Doctor affiliated to the speciality
- AHP affiliated to the speciality

General Roles / responsibilities:

- Standardise practice across all SWBH sites and act as role models to other wards particularly at the time of patient transfer when there should be a discussion regarding Ten out Ten status.
- Expert advisor promotion of ten out of ten via accurate and timely assessment and care planning with the MDT and to other wards at time of transfer.
- Participate in peer review as part of evaluating impact in practice undertake confirm and challenge discussions with MDT.
- Staff training- Patient centred care philosophy, communicating effectively the message to patients and their carers and dissemination of Ten out of Ten information leaflets
- Incident analysis regarding the ten standards and inappropriate actions or omissions leading to avoidable harm or near miss
- Challenge and feedback to MDT where there has been avoidable harms.
- Support organisational events and reports actively.
- Support external events to promote good practice on behalf of the organisation

Training:

Intranet up-date to ensure evidence based information nationally and locally available to staff. To include training opportunities and directory for patient/carer support for all ten standards.

How will we know if we have been successful?

The result we are seeking to achieve is that all patients are assessed against all ten standards within 24 hours, for a plan of care to be developed as a result of that assessment which the patient acknowledges and agrees with. This will be tested by:

- Observations of care and patient /staff interaction in the ward environment (peer review)
- Surveying patients /relatives to determine level of reassurance 10/10 gives regarding safety in SWBH
- Staff feedback use of checklist, real time model , change
- Prevalence studies monthly increased compliance with anticoagulation prophylaxis and commencing conversations regarding health education and making every contact count
- Incidence data reported on IPR evidence of reduction in avoidable harm zero tolerance approach.
- Actions completed in a timely process see enclosed Gantt chart for key milestones

4 RECOMMENDATION

Board members are requested to:

- 1. support the approach to reenergise the implementation of 10/10 safety standards using the rapid improvement change model.
- receive feedback on both the change model and the scale of achievement at the August 2016 Quality and Safety Committee at the end of the 100 day programme.

TEN OUT OF TEN 100 DAY IMPLEMENTATION PROGRAMME 2016

	Apr	Apr	May	May	June	July	July	
KEY MILESTONES	Day	Day	Day	Day	Day	Day	Day	ency
	1-14	15-30	31-45	46-60	61-75	76-90	91- 100	Contingency
Communication to surgical and medical assessment units triumvirate by Chief Nurse								
Engagement Event for stakeholders from MDT – how to make changes successful								
3: Project steering group formed – establish date of huddles and objectives								
4: Staff training, assessment and person centred care planning, communication strategies to raise awareness, role of ward sister as co-ordinator of care								
5: Collect baseline data for ten standards on checklist, including staff surveys								
6: Change management theory – introduce PDSA and cycle of improvement								
7: Commence use of revised individual safety standards checklists – use of coaching, challenge and support.								
8: Weekly huddles in clinical areas to review PDSA								
9: Review of relevant documents, surveys and audits following outcome of pilot- are harms reduced? Did patients feel safe? Staff feedback						ı		
10: Report to Chief Nurse initially then organisation to decide next steps-should this EBP be implemented across more wards?								
11: Celebrate/ Publicise								

Sandwell and West Birmingham Hospitals

IHS Trust

TRUST BOARD

DOCUMENT TITLE:	Visitor Car Parking Charge Uplift
SPONSOR (EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR):	Colin Ovington – Chief Nurse
AUTHOR:	Colin Ovington – Chief Nurse
DATE OF MEETING:	Thursday 7 th April 2016

EXECUTIVE SUMMARY:

The Board received a paper in March recommending an increase in car parking charges. Following discussion at the board meeting it was agreed to undertake a survey of patients and visitors about how the option to increase the charge should be applied. Three options were surveyed using a range of different media.

The three options which respondents were asked to rank in order of preference were:

- 1. Implement a slightly higher rate for parking in the first two hours (£2.90 instead of £2.60) than in the subsequent hours for the remainder of the parking stay.
- 2. Implement a slightly higher rate for parking for longer with a reduced tariff in the first two hours, so the charge for the first two hours would increase by 10p to £2.70 and the rates for over two hours would increase by 30p.
- 3. Implement the same increase to the entire car parking tariffs to keep the increase as low as possible eg an additional 20p for each parking tariff.

The results of the survey were:

1st Place – Option 3: Implement the same increase to all car parking charges, so 20p added to all tariffs. 229 Points

2nd Place – Option 1: Implement a higher rate for parking in the first two hours of stay e.g. increase by 30p up to £2.90, with no increase for the other rates. 183 Points

3rd Place – Option 2: Implement a higher rate for parking for longer, such as an increase of 10p for the first two hours up to £2.70 and a 30p increase for parking rates over two hours. 173 Points

An increase to visitor car parking charges by 20 pence on each tariff at the City Hospital and Sandwell hospital, and a 30 pence increase at Rowley hospital which aligns the charges nets £90k which will be offset against the maintenance contract which increases by 2.5% each year(approximately £2500), 40% increase in rent to Sandwell Borough Council (£5200); additional expenditure to barriers because of damage (£10k); maintenance contracts for CCTV (£23k), enhanced security (£50k), maintenance and upgrade of car parks (£50k).

Current Charges

Car parking charges as of March 2016:

	Up To											
Site	10 Mins	15 Mins	30 Mins	1 Hour	1.5 Hours	2 Hours	3 Hours	4 Hours	5 Hours	6 Hours	8 Hours	24 Hours
SGH & City	Free		£2.60		£3.60		£4.10	£4.60		£5.10		
Rowle y	Free		£2.50								£5.00	

Proposed charges

	Up To	Up To											
Site	10	15	30	1	1.5	2	3	4	5	6	8	24	
	Mins	Mins	Mins	Hour	Hours								
SGH & City	Free		£2.80		£3.80		£4.30	£4.80		£5.30			
Rowley	Free		£2.80								£5.30		

Survey results are attached for information.

It will take approximately four weeks to implement the changes, this includes altering the payment machines and getting signage printed and mounted across the car parks.

REPORT RECOMMENDATION:

To increase the visitor car parking charges in line with option 3 as detailed in the March 2016 Trust Board paper and supported by direct feedback from patients and the public surveyed during March. This option increases every tariff but keeps all of our parking tariffs the lowest across all Birmingham acute hospitals.

ACTION REQUIRED (*Indicate with 'x' the purpose that applies*):

The receiving body is asked to receive, consider and:

The receiving body is dished to receive, consider and									
Accept	Approve the recommendation	Discuss							
	X								

KEY AREAS OF IMPACT (Indicate with 'x' all those that apply):								
Financial	X	Environmental	Communications & Media	Х				
Business and market share		Legal & Policy	Patient Experience	Х				
Clinical		Equality and Diversity	Workforce					
		<u>.</u>	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·					

Comments:

ALIGNMENT TO TRUST OBJECTIVES, RISK REGISTERS, BAF, STANDARDS AND PERFORMANCE METRICS:

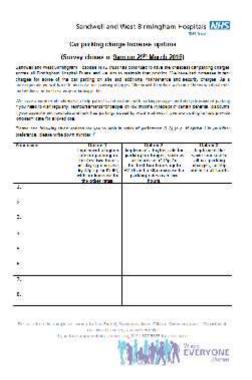
PREVIOUS CONSIDERATION:

March 2016 Board meeting

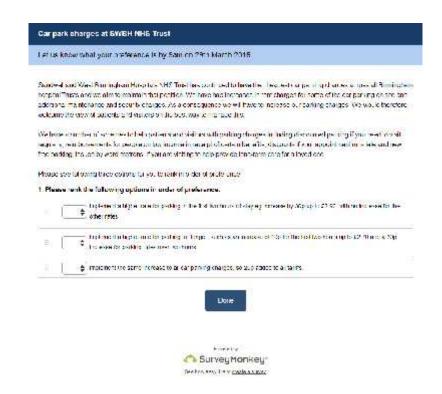
Car Parking Survey Results

The Survey

This is the survey which we asked patients and visitors to fill in through a website link and by had with the help from our matrons and communications team.



Our results are based on 100 responses that we have received through manually collecting the data. Feedback was given to communications team by matrons, but the feedback did not reflect responses to the consultation questions so could not be used.

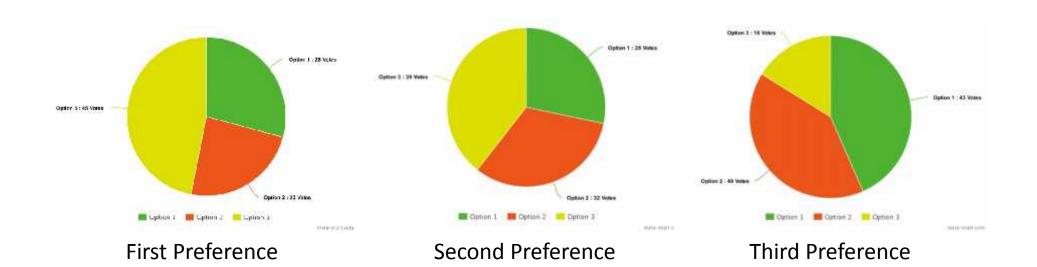


Patient's Preferences

Option 1: Implement a higher rate for parking in the first two hours of stay eg increase by 30p up to £2.90, with no increase for the other rates.

Option 2: Implement a higher rate for parking for longer, such as an increase of 10p for the first two hours up to £2.70 and a 30p increase for parking rates over two hours.

Option 3: Implement the same increase to all car parking charges, so 20p added to all tariffs.



How to decide?

We can decide the outcome on a points scoring basis:

- Three points for each vote as a first preference
- Two points for each vote as a second preference
- One point for each vote as a third preference

Final Outcome

1st Place – Option 3 : Implement the same increase to all car parking charges, so 20p added to all tariffs. 229 Points

2nd Place – Option 1: **Implement a higher rate for parking in the first two hours of stay eg increase by 30p up to £2.90, with no increase for the other rates.** 183 Points

3rd Place – Option 2: Implement a higher rate for parking for longer, such as an increase of 10p for the first two hours up to £2.70 and a 30p increase for parking rates over two hours. 173 Points

Sandwell and West Birmingham Hospitals MHS



NHS Trust

Finance & Investment Committee - Minutes

Venue: Anne Gibson Committee Room, City Hospital Date: 26 February 2016: 1300 - 14:00

Members Present In attendance

Mr Richard Samuda Chairman Mr Tim Reardon **Deputy Chief Finance**

Officer

Mr Robin Russell Non-Executive Director Mr Harjinder Kang Non-Exeuctive Director

Mr Toby Lewis **Chief Executive**

Mr Tony Waite Director of Finance and Performance Management

Mrs Raffaela Goodby **Director of Organisation**

Development

Committee Support

Mr Duncan Whitehouse **Head of Corporate**

Governance

Minutes	Paper Reference
1. Apologies:	Verbal
Apologies were received from Ms Rachel Barlow.	
2. Minutes of the previous meetings – 29 January 2016	SWBFI (02/16) 045
The minutes were agreed as a true and accurate record.	
2.1. Matters arising and update on actions from the previous meetings	SWBFI (01/16) 045(a)
Mr Samuda queried the extent to which the Carter data was bringing a new and helpful perspective on how we could deliver greater efficiencies out of the system. Mr Waite responded by stating that it was important to not treat this data in isolation but, as the Trust was doing, combine it with other local data that provided granularity which enabled the Trust to take an informed view of its financial strategy and potential efficiency savings. The Carter data had been shared with Groups who were responding positively. It was important to be cautious about cutting the same data in different ways. Fundamentally it was about translating the data in a way that staff on the frontline could understand in terms of what they can do on a practical daily basis to reduce costs and improve efficiency.	
3. Financial Performance P10 – January 2016	SWBFI (01/16) 046
Mr Waite introduced the report highlighting that overall January was an improving picture in terms of headline and underlying performance. I&E remained off plan for the year to date however with reliance on significant contingencies. Temporary staffing and agency spend had increased as a consequence of the additional bed capacity open during the month. Work was ongoing around coding reviews to address matters of accuracy. Confirm and deliver challenge was being put into demand and capacity plans given the flat lining of	

performance in terms of planned care. With effective progress on expedient measures then there was a likelihood of a surplus at the end of year between £1m-£3.8m. The Trust would look to end on the top end of this scale but this would require the need to close off key matters that had been well rehearsed by the Board. Action was ongoing in respect of the challenge to the Council, letters had been drafted in respect of Health Education West Midlands and an offer had been made in terms of the property dispute.

There had also been the recovery of VAT which would feed into financial performance. TR stated that the VAT recovery was a one off non-recurrent benefit but that the Trust had commissioned a VAT advisor to support our approach going forwards.

In terms of negotiations with the CCG Mr Waite stated that these were ongoing around £25m-£27m with our expectation being at the upper end of this figure. Mr Lewis stated that the Trust was negotiating on the basis of bringing together all outstanding matters on a no precedent basis including matters such as RAID and overseas payments and that he was conscious of how the CCG would need to package any proposal in terms of its governing body.

Mr Russell queried the TDA and Monitor advice in terms of flexibilities around prudence guidelines. Mr Lewis gave an explicit assurance that the Trust had no intention of taking a different approach to what had been agreed by the committee and the Board previously and was reflected in the financial accounting judgements previously agreed by the committee. Mr Waite stated that the Trust was undertaking a line by line review of its financial position but that this would at no point compromise the Trust's audit position.

Mr Kang challenged progress of the CIP schemes. Mr Waite stated that the Trust would not hit delivery against all of the schemes which would impact on how the Trust would start the new financial year. Mr Lewis explained that the expectation was that the Trust would be able to deliver a £3.8m surplus by the end of year rather than the £5m TDA figure previously agreed. We had yet to receive formal approval from the TDA in terms of the £3.8m figure.

Mrs Goodby asked how the financial position would be communicated to staff in a positive way. Mr Lewis stated the need very a very clear communication message that reinforced that the Trust was in a positive financial position with a surplus that was rare for the NHS. This did not deflect however from the need for pace around transformation of services to ensure both patient experience and sustainable delivery going forwards.

4. Financial Challenge 2016-17

SWBFI (01/16) 047

Mr Lewis introduced the item by stating that the Trust had been "offered" a financial control total of £20m. This figure was derived from a national formula. The Trust had responded to this offer by seeking clarity on specific points to understand whether this was anything more than money which would flush through the system but then add significant national stretch of the challenge for 2016-17. There also appeared to be discrepancies across the offers being given to Trusts as to whether this was recurrent or not.

For SWBH the formula as applied appeared to be distinctly unhelpful. Encompassing RCRH savings would mean an ask of delivery of £10.3m of savings which was heroic by national standards. As a Trust it was imperative to work through the detail of any offers otherwise any ill-informed decisions at this point would be seen as foolhardy in 2 years and the requirement to make a unitary payment.

There appeared to be a disconnect in terms of the national narrative in that the baseline

appeared to be the same for everybody in terms of improvement no matter the starting point. The offers were also based on month 6 estimated predictions.

Mr Lewis reiterated the need for the committee to focus on what was an income issue which was a matter the Trust was unable to resolve on its own. There was a current income gap of c£4.3m. Were we to accept the offer then the ask would be to exceed those income targets. If asked to sign a contract by the 31 March Mr Lewis stated he would clearly struggle to do so if there remained a £4.3m hole.

Key over the coming weeks was the need to be very internally challenging in terms of delivering against the ask. We must collectively set a real challenge around the capacity to deliver as an organisation. Timing and pace were essential.

In response to a question from Mr Samuda, Mr Lewis stated that this was a 2 year plan but that the rate of improvement needed to be much higher to regain ground from the end of year outturn for 2015-16. The Trust would not be in a position to sign off a plan which did not align with the LTFM or where there was a discrepancy between the provider and commissioner side. Scale and pace was essential to ensure delivery. There remain issues such as reductions in spend on bank and agency and in terms of recruitment and retention.

Mr Lewis reiterated that if there needed to be difficult discussions with partners and the TDA then these must happen now and not in 6 months time. One sensible option would be for the £11m to be channelled through the CCG which would enable us to collectively build a credible plan going forwards.

One of the current key priorities was to ensure a coherent capacity model. There was a need for a big step up in volume which was needed within the existing financial envelope. There was a need to work backwards from the 2016-17 LTFM capacity asks, especially the level of throughput needed. By 2016-17 the financial challenge would be £30m with this reducing to £23m assuming income of £7m.

Mr Samuda challenged the plans in place to repair cash balances. In response Mr Waite sated that if we met the £4.3m target that this encompassed repairing the cash position. He stated that the plan was for cash balances to be repaired over 2 years and that land proceeds would also provide a benefit. The current risk was if cash reserves were eroded even further.

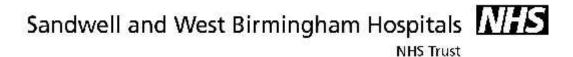
Actions:-

- NEDs to be offered the opportunity to experience the war room.
- Finance would be a focus of debate at the April Board meeting.

5. Matters to highlight to the Board and Audit & Risk Management Committee					
The EPR business case would be coming to the Board at its April meeting. The Board would also be kept up to date in regard to the summer workforce consultations.					
6. Meeting Effectiveness Feedback					
The Committee felt the matters on the agenda were the key matters that the committee needed to focus its attention on.					
7. Any Other Business	Verbal				

There were no other matters discussed.	
8. Details of the next meeting	Verbal
The next Finance and Investment Committee meeting would be on the 1 April 2016 at 13:00h.	

Signed	
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Quality and Safety Committee

<u>Venue</u> Anne Gibson Committee Room, City Hospital <u>Date</u> 26 February 2016 2016; 1030h – 1230h

Members attending: In attendance:

Mr R Samuda Chairman

Mr M Hoare Non-Executive Director

Dr R Stedman Medical Director

Mr C Ovington Chief Nurse Committee support:

Miss K Dhami Director of Governance Mr D Whitehouse Head of Corporate Governance

Ms C Parker Chief Officer SWB CCG

Minutes	Paper Reference
1. Apologies for absence:	Verbal
Apologies for absence were received from Ms Olwen Dutton and Ms R Barlow.	
2. Minutes of the previous meeting held on 27 November 2015	SWBQS (01/16) 116
The minutes of the meeting held on the 29 January 2016 were agreed as a true and accurate record of the meeting.	
3. Matters and actions arising from previous meetings	SWBQS (01/16) 116(b)
The action log was noted with agreement that the work programme would be reviewed in light of the approval of the Quality and Safety Plans and options presented to the next meeting of the Committee.	
3.1 Patient Story to the Board	
Mr Ovington stated that a mother would be attending the meeting to discuss the experiences she had of care provider to her son who had a genetic disease that affected his eyes and limbs.	
4. Integrated Performance Report	SWBQS (01/16) 117
Mr Waite introduced the IPR highlighting positive progress in respect of Rapid Access Chest	

Pain with performance at 100% in January and real progress in respect of Fractured Neck and Femur with performance at 87% which was above the 85% target performance in respect of the NHS Safety Thermometer had also improved.

In terms of areas of focus these included VTE with Dr Stedman highlighting modest but not sufficient improvement in Emergency Care but deterioration in Surgery A and Medicine. There was daily monitoring of VTE Assessments. Assessments were now recorded through eBMS.

There were issues in terms of locums being able to access IT systems but this did not explain the deterioration over recent months. There remained issues around duplicate recording given the use of different IT systems. He stated that the Trust's that achieved 100% were those that had implemented electronic prescribing.

Mr Waite also sought clarification in respect of a deterioration in stroke thrombolysis within 60 minutes with performance at 80% compared to a target of 85%. Dr Stedman responded by stating that the percentage was impacted by the small numbers of patients resulting in one or two patients having a significant impact on the percentage figure. He also highlighted the upward trend in sickness absence rates.

Ms Parker stressed the importance of creating a culture where staff did not feel pressured into attending work when they may have flu or an illness that could be easily spread to colleagues or patients. Ms Parker also asked for clarification in respect of readmissions rates which appeared to be worsening and whether people were being discharged quicker than they should have been. Mr Ovington responded by stating that the cause was more to do with the Trust receiving more poorly patients who had more complex care requirements leading to further readmissions rather than anything relating to the discharge process.

Mortality performance had been affected by the CDA failures and the impact in terms of loss of scan data which would flow through performance data over the coming months. The rust had a robust mortality review process which utilised the Hogan Review Methodology. Ms Parker highlighted renewed national work being undertaken by a mortality group led by NHS England.

Dr Stedman stated that there were seasonal spikes in regard to mortality rates but that for the Trust these rates remained consistent. There had been under coding in respect of palliative care episodes which had previously resulted in an adverse mortality ratio which had been corrected.

Mr Ovington highlighted that in regard to infection control Priory 5 had been closed due to an outbreak of flu. This had been managed successfully. MMSA Bacteraemia had increased but was in line with the target for the year.

Ms Parker highlighted that contamination rates in Sandwell were hi9gher than at City. Mr Ovington stated that this would be reviewed.

Dr Stedman also informed the committee of the Never Event that had taken place in February. A full review had been undertaken the previous day with the team having reported the incident immediately and were candid during the review process. NHS England were notified. Procedures were followed appropriately but a lack of specificity over which joint was to be operated on had led to the incident. Learning had been identified and the consent policy was

being updated to include a stronger element of specificity. Staff were being supported
following the incident and the incident had been fully explained to the patient who had
accepted the explanation given. Ms Parker welcomed the swift notification and that this was,
unlike previous occasions, not about learning that had not been implemented. This felt like
progress and there were an unusual set of circumstances with the patient having received
treatment to both aspects of the wrist previously.

SWBQS (01/16)

5. Quality and Safety Plans – implications for Q&S Committee

Mr Ovington introduced the item stating that the discussion was an opportunity to reflect on the implications for the Q&S Committee and how best to effectively assess progress against the Plans as they are implemented.

In response to a query from Mr Samuda as to the level of detail that sat behind the plans Mr Ovington stated that this was being worked up currently with clear output and outcome measures being visible shortly. All of the objectives had detail sat behind them but some had greater detail than others. Mr Ovington stressed the on-going need to engage staff on the ground and ensure a clear and visible link between the Plans and the practical impact on patient care.

Dr Stedman also highlighted the work that was on-going to develop outcomes measures around the Quality Plan objectives. He stressed the importance of co-ordinating are with patient outcomes dependant on staff working in partnership with others to deliver the best possible outcome. Perinatal mortality for example was closely aligned to socio economic factors outside of the control of the Trust with the health of a foetus impacted upon by the health of the mother. Some sections of the community also have long held beliefs about care which prevented them accessing services at an early opportunity. Ultimately success across a care pathway was dependant on working in partnership.

Mr Samuda challenged whether all staff would recognise the objectives set out in the two plans and the detail that sat behind them. Dr Stedman reiterated that there would be detailed implementation plans that sat behind these that would ensure these were embedded in the organisation but that the objectives closely aligned with other key plans and priorities so should not come as a surprise to staff.

Ms Parker expressed the benefits of primary care data being fed into these 2 plans to encourage integration of local priorities. There would be a genuine benefit to joint ownership of the dashboard with joint health economy reporting. Dr Stedman stated that performance would be integrated and a reporting cycle developed to reflect the different time periods through which some outcome measures were reported (e.g. 30 days, annually or every 3 years). He felt there would be merit in organising joint quality and safety meetings with the CCG.

6. Serious incident report

SWBQS (01/16) 119

Dr Stedman stated that significant progress had been made around the reporting and management of incidents and that the Trust remained one of the best reporters of incidents.

There was a differing response rate from staff in terms of feedback once an incident had been reported. There were occasions where the perception of the member of staff as to the seriousness of the incident varied to the person who then investigated it. Mr Ovington stated that where staff had been involved in table top reviews of incidents they had valued being engaged in the process. He also stated that even if a patient had not made a complaint they would still receive feedback if an incident had been reported as part of the duty of candor.	
Dr Stedman agreed to review the sepsis matter regarding correct observations identified from the paper by Mr Samuda. Overall Mr Ovington stated that it was possible to evidence real step change.	
7. Clinical audit forward plan: monitoring report	SWBQS (01/16) 120
The plan currently included 89 audits that covered key areas recognised as priorities. Typically fifty of these are ones which contractually have to be done. These will be a mix of national priorities, commissioner priorities and local priorities.	
Mr Samuda queried the impact of these audits. Mr Ovington responded by stating that in narrowing the focus of the clinical audit plan then it gave greater direction with a shift from a pure governance focus to a more quality improvement model. The Forward Plan may usefully include an additional column which drew links to the Quality and Safety Plans.	
8. Agency rate cap breech summary	SWBQS (01/16) 121
Mr Ovington introduced the report highlighting that the opening of unfunded beds which has led to a shift off framework to fill capacity. Consideration was being given to an increase in bank rates to make bank more attractive to agency staff. Conversations were taking place within the BCA to ensure we were not destabilising each other. Dr Stedman highlighted that Accident and Emergency remained an issue given vacancy rates nationally.	
9. Matters of topical or national media interest	SWBQS (01/16) 122
Dr Stedman highlighted the announcement of further junior doctors' strikes that were planned which would be for 48 hours. He thanked clinicians that had stepped up and provided support during recent strikes. There was a commitment that they would continue to respond positively. There was not a clear route forward as both sides appeared to remain entrenched.	
10. Meeting effectiveness	SWBQS (01/16) 123
It was agreed that Mr Ovington and Mr Whitehouse would discuss options around the future shape of the forward plan for the committee and reframing of the agenda in discussion with Ms Dutton and Mr Samuda.	
11. Any other business	SWBQS (01/16) 124
Mr Ovington highlighted the publication of a Healthwatch report in which issues were highlighted about the quality of care at the rust based interviews with 11 patients. All concerns	

and complaints are taken seriously and the rust welcomes any form of feedback but there were issues in terms of the length of time it took for these concerns to be brought to the Trust's attention. It was important the issues were set in context and the report has been published alongside the response from the Trust.



Charitable Funds Committee

Venue Anne Gibson Committee Room, City Hospital **Date** 18 March 2016 1300 - 1430

Members Present In attendance Committee Support

Mr W Zaffar [Chair] Ms R Wilkin Mr D Whitehouse

Mr R Samuda [part] Mr S Crump

Mr R Russell Mr T Reardon

Mr T Lewis

Minutes	Paper Reference	
1 Apologies	Verbal	
Apologies for absence were submitted by Mr Tony Waite.		
2 Minutes of the previous meeting	SWBCF (12/15) 024	
AGREED: The minutes of the previous meetings were approved as a correct record of the meeting.		
3 Matters arising from the previous meeting	SWBCF (12/15) 025	
The key actions from the action tracker would be covered by items on the agenda for the meeting.		
3.1 Investment Management Report	SWBCF (12/15) 026	
Mr Reardon introduced the report outlining the advice provided around equity levels. It was agreed that the approach taken to date remained appropriate and that further discussion be deferred until the next meeting with the advisor from Barclays being invited to attend and respond to questions.		
4 Progressing to a single charity	SWBCF (12/15) 027	
Ms Wilkins introduced the report stating that the Trust was still awaiting guidance from the Charity Commission which was due in March. A review had been undertaken of every fund. The recommendation was to move to a single general		

fund and 8 thematic funds relating to: End of Life Care, cancer, cardiology, maternal, child and newborn, diabetes, sickle cell, education and research and BMEC. There would be a significant shift from the current structure and some of the changes would likely cause controversy.

In response to a query from Mr Samuda regarding how the changes would be communicated Ms Wilkins highlighted that staff could see the benefits of the proposed changes. Mr Lewis queried why diabetes and sickle cell had been identified as themes. Mr Crump responded by saying there was a high level of public awareness and interest in respect of the issues. It was also agreed that requests for additional themes would be carefully considered on a case by case basis.

Resolved: the committee approved the recommendation that the Trust Charity should be restructured into one General Fund and 8 thematic funds.

That subject to formal feedback from the Charity Commission the existing SWBH charitable funds be dissolved and the new single General Fud and themed funds be established.

5 Progress Reports of Large Bids

SWBCF (12/15) 028

Ms Wilkin introduced the report which provided an update on large bids. Changes to staffing and potential changes to scope were being discussed in respect of the sobriety project. Mr Lewis asked that the revised scope be brought back to the next meeting of the committee. It was essential that if the scope of a project were to change then this must be with the agreement of the committee. The pain management project was another one that fell into this category. It was agreed that a smaller sub committee be set up to review changes to bids.

Cllr Zaffar asked that regular updates be provided back the committee in terms of large bids. Mr Lewis highlighted that in calling back people to present progress of a bid that they be explicit in terms of what they had promised to deliver and what was actually being proposed to be delivered and the impact this was having.

Action: that representatives of the sobriety and pain relief bids be invited to the next meeting to provide updates on the scope and impact of the projects.

6 Grant Programme 2016-17

Ms Wilkin introduced the item highlighting the intention to start the grant programme again.

It was proposed that there be 20 small grants and then larger grants. The application process would commence at the start of May and run through to September. Lessons from previous rounds included the need to provide support to those writing bids and the need to reflect on how better to engage and encourage

	2MRIB: 10-11/008
voluntary and community groups.	
Cllr Zaffar queried how the grant scheme would be promoted. Mr Crump responded by stating that a Year Book was being produced which would provide a means of promoting the opportunity to apply. Mr Lewis stressed the need for those making applications to be explicit about implementation and that a distinction needed to be drawn between a well-articulated bid and the need to be convinced the scheme can be effectively implemented and followed through.	
Resolved: that the grant framework and timeframe be approved.	
7 Midland Met Hospital Appeal Progress	
Mr Samuda highlighted that he was having ongoing dialogue with representatives of the Local Enterprise Partnership and the Trust had a table at a forthcoming charitable dinner which provided a means of promoting ongoing discussion and persuasion. There were positive signals of people who wanted to engage with the charity. A subcommittee would be established in March and it was important that the right people were invloved.	
8 .1 Statement of financial activities	
Mr Reardon introduced the report stating that £630,000 of income existed within restricted funds. A large element of this related to Pathology. From April a large element of this would transfer into exchequer funds. In terms of legacies the largest single legacy amounted to £55,000. Clarity was needed in respect of accrued balances.	
8.2 Fund balances	
Mr Reardon introduced the item highlighting that there was just short of £6m in fund balances. £1.1m of this related to Pathology. In term of governance in respect of Pathology Mr Lewis made clear the need for this to come through the committee and a process agreed with him.	
A report was requested back to the next meeting setting out the governance issues. This needed to be effectively communicated so that it did not come as a surprise to Pathology. There would be agreement at Executive level around where the Pathology fund best sat in terms of ring fenced funds or the General Fund.	

9 Matters to raise to the Board and the Audit and Risk Management Committee	
The Committee felt the Board needed to be made aware of the progress of the Midland Met Hospital appeal and the review of the grant programme.	
10. Any other business	
Mr Lewis sought assurances around staff awareness and understanding that if they were using Trust resources to raise money for charity that this would need to be on a 50/50 basis with 50% going to the Trust charity. Mr Crump stated that it was clear in all communications that this was the case. The Charity would shortly be promoted through Heartbeat, a Year Book and through t-shirts and pens etc.	
Signed	

Print

Date



REPORT TO THE TRUST BOARD HELD IN PUBLIC

Chief Executive's Report - April 2016

The Board faces some major decisions at our first morning meeting! In particular we review the Annual Plan 2016-17. The intent of our Long Term Financial Model was to see a surplus of £4.3m. National policy asks us to make a surplus of up to £20m. The submission asks the Board to aim instead for a deficit of £7m, necessitating efficiencies of 18m. This equation requires us to treat 4,000 more patients in the year ahead. Beyond that, we return to the important issues of community caseloads, car parking policy and R&D – all referrals from prior Board meetings where challenge produced a need for more or revised information. And finally, crucially, the private Board is invited to endorse the final selection from our two Electronic Patient Record (EPR) bids, funded by past and future surpluses, but vital to unlocking innovation and reform.

1. Our patients

We had set ourselves an aim to seek to operate from April within our funded bed base. This requires us to prevent 19 admissions each day or remove half a day from length of stay in medicine. In reality we need to move some way to do both. We have decided that we cannot continue to act as a 'safety valve' for the failure of admission avoidance policies locally. In the current annual plan we do not propose to fund £2m+ for an additional ward – however, this is clearly a challengeable decision for the Board to consider, given the prospect of success of our plan. The principal intervention to try and reduce length of stay remains consultant delivered ward based medicine, with consequent impact on elective supply availability for clinic and diagnostic work.

Immense time and energy has been put into capacity planning our elective work. This follows our significant failure in 2015-2016 to increase volumes of care in theatres, at a time when we sought to avoid premium payments. The 8-6-4-2 programme, launched autumn 2015, and backed by the 'control room' visited by non-executives, has to show impact in the coming weeks where it has not seen material improvement sustained over the last four months. A significant part of our step up is in day surgery, which should be unaffected by our capacity pressures from emergency care.

The Board is aware that some months ago we indicated support for a programme called John's campaign. This seeks to provide a 'right to stay' for partners and carers of those with dementia. The project is starting on the same four wards who have led our work on focused care. By the end of 2016 we want the project to be Trust-wide, and we have invested in equipment on that basis. The programme is an exciting part of our commitment to carers, which forms part of our 2020 vision, and which is beginning to 'draw in' partners from across the local system, notably from the third sector.

On April 2nd our new weekend interventional radiology service begins. This spans Wolverhampton, Dudley and City Hospitals, with input from clinicians in those three Trusts and Walsall. We have successfully recruited two further interventional radiologists pending confirmation of access to vascular interventional sessions, possibly via the QE – and failing that via Dudley and Wolverhampton. Meanwhile, NHS England are reviewing vascular services across the Midlands and East region, and we would hope that that work will look at the impact of other Interventional Radiology services on best practice in vascular surgical care.

From the start of April, we expand the scale of our oncology clinics, and from the end of April alter our chemotherapy delivery to a 'next-day' model. This should be good news for waiting times and for quality. The service will be supported by our appointments, colleagues from Wolverhampton and from UHB. We continue to work with regulatory bodies, concerned both by the prior threat from UHB to withdraw, and by the 'last minute' nature of the arrangements now in place. Our governance channels directly through to our medical director, and gives rise to no new issues over and above those reflected on public board risk register since 2014, and visible in peer review criticisms of the services' oncology input for several years. I intend that we press ahead with remedying those issues, based on the Board's decision to invest in resolution 18 months ago.

2. Our workforce

The NHS now has a published openness and learning league. This data was not trailed with the service, but largely derives from the national staff survey. We were a very low responder to that tool, in large part because we have our own local and more regular survey which staff use. Notwithstanding that, we were rated Good for our performance and placed 98th. In so far as this league is to be a regular feature of NHS governance, we will consider what improvement can be expected in the future.

We discussed sickness rates in detail at the last Board meeting. The focus in early weeks of April must be on tackling long term sickness rates. Two thirds of our sickness days lost are from staff who have been absent for four weeks or more. We need to become much more rapid at putting place return to work arrangements, or where suitable exit arrangements, with those staff. I propose that we put in place specific scrutiny efforts led at non-executive level for any individual absent from work for six months or more, an intervention I will personally replicate at 100 days. That intervention will focus on whether everything that could be being done is being done. Meanwhile, in addition to more developmental support, we are changing from April our arrangements for dismissal on ill health grounds, with a standing panel now established to hear cases.

We have now launched our mutual respect and tolerance policy. This has been well received inside the organisation, and a number of partners have asked us for details of it with a view to replication. Whilst this is a good start, we want to see real change in how issues are both raised and addressed internally. More broadly, my scorecard in the annex to this report shows our progress with diversity and equality. We will use Your Voice to examine progress on these issues in summer 2016.

The workforce and organisational development committee is being invited to approve a corporate restructure document, due for 30-day consultation during April. This re-shapes the senior structure of our nursing, workforce, and medical directors' teams, among other changes. Discussions continue with staff and managers about our larger, long-signalled, re-organisation due for summer 2016.

Together we would expect to make changes equivalent to over 400 roles within the organisation to align income and expenditure and to make sure that posts that remain are in the teams and services in the Trust where they are most needed. By restructuring corporate senior functions now, we intend to have in place those best able to support and lead those changes before they commence.

3. Our partners

Enormous commissioning energy continues to be devoted to the Sustainability and Transformation planning process. Draft plans are due in in mid-April, and a final submission in June. It remains unclear within the Black Country STP what issues the plan is particularly intended to remedy, although there are worrying signs of an intent to divert NHS resources from the area to support other parts of the West Midlands. We will use Board time in May to how this plan is shaping up, and any implications it may create for our plans. The Midland Met business case makes a series of assumptions, based on promises, about how commissioners will behave and we will need to be active in making explicit any deviation to those intentions which might create operational difficulties or financial pressures by 2018-19. The NAO review of the failure of private finance in Peterborough provides a very explicit warning of what can happen when best paid plans are not implemented prior to mobilisation of new sites.

We now expect to make a planning application associated with redevelopment and sales on the City site during summer 2016. The majority of the site is to be sold, while we retain land between Sheldon and the BTC. Of course such a large development will mean new access routes and roads within the current hospital site, and that needs to be worked through. Good discussions continue with Birmingham City Council about how our intentions can fit within the vision of the city for housing and other developments.

We continue to work with Carillion to finalise the detailed designed of the new hospital. In June 2016, we are due to sign off the most detailed level of internal design. The design vision group and arts strategy group continue to examine the right finishes and fittings for the hospital, which will start to appear at street level as a framed building from autumn 2016. We are working to make sure that the hoardings that now surround the site do a good job of explaining both what to expect and when it will happen, including detail of the transport infrastructure which is being put in place.

4. Our regulators

In April we will be reviewed for our Core Medical Training (CMT) efforts. This is an important examination of how we support junior doctors. The prior report raised some questions around rota compliance and protected teaching time, which I am advised we are making good progress with, but have not yet surmounted. Vacancies remain an issue in some disciplines. Across most training posts it will be clear by June what proportion of regional shortages will be borne by the Trust.

Similarly in coming weeks we will be reviewed by NHS Protect in relation to safety and security. A new security manager for the Trust is now in place, which will help to put policies and procedures around our extended efforts to drive further improvement. I am mindful that the Board wished to see not simply improved security but a reduction in staff fear of violence during 2016-17.

I am attending the Local Authority's Overview and Scrutiny Committee to discuss delayed transfers of care and Health-watch's recent report into fifth floor wards at Sandwell. Inevitably we will also

discuss car parking, and I will raise my concern about reported comments via the media about Trust staff born overseas, where our right of reply was published by the newspaper.

5. Attachments to my routine monthly report

During 2016-17 we intend to continue to frame our Board's agenda through our risk register, BAF, and the integrated performance report (IPR - including our finances).

Quarterly we will see an independent assessment of our work to deliver the five plans that underpin our 2020 vision (the strategic performance report or SPR), together with six monthly analysis of the trajectories within the Midland Met business case (July and January).

In supporting those core documents, I intend to continue to report on equality and diversity objectives, to which I am adding as annexes our Safe Staffing report, and from May monthly figures on recruitment and retention against the plan presented last month to the Board. The intention is that the report therefore frames an overall status report on Trust performance, for the Board to test and challenge.

Toby Lewis – Chief Executive, March 30th 2016

ANNEX A: SAFE NURSE STAFFING UPDATE

1 EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

1.1 This is an update on nurse staffing data collected for February 2016. Since the last report the data for Children's wards continues to demonstrate a data accuracy problem despite remedial work having been undertaken. This will continue to be a focus over the coming month.

2 FEBRUARY DATA UPDATE

During the latter part of December 2015 to the end of February we have continued to have additional beds open at both acute hospital sites. The risks associated with this were described at the last board meeting. Overall we have been able to fill shifts with a mixture of our permanent staff and temporary staff, however because we have additional wards in operation we have needed to share our permanent ward staff with these wards to provide shift leadership and continuity. The average fill rates across the trust which includes permanent, bank and agency staff for day shifts is 92.8% and for night shifts is 95.2% slightly less than in the previous month. We had slightly more healthcare assistant staff on both shift patterns than in the previous month. Exploration of data at ward level demonstrates that there are gaps in the staffing on some wards; this supports the on going discussions with Group Directors of Nursing and Matrons who work to ensure that we have a balance of staff across all wards including those which have been opened on a temporary basis. Temporary staffing resources are not able to fill all gaps and as a result off framework agency staff have been used to maintain patient safety.

The children's wards were showing higher fill rates than in previous months and much higher than would be expected after corrections have been made to the systems for collecting the information have been made. This continues to be an area for additional focus for data accuracy, local understanding and daily rota's continue to show that nurse staffing is closer to expectation than this data calculation implies.

Table 1. – Three Month Average Fill Rate Percentages For Each Hospital

	Site Code	Site Name	Total monthly planned staff hours	Total monthly actual staff hours	Total monthly planned staff hours	Total monthly actual staff hours	Total monthly planned staff hours	Total monthly actual staff hours	Total monthly planned staff hours	actual staff hours	day shift (%)	Average fill rate - care staff day shift (%)	nurses/m idwives Night shift (%)	Average fill rate - care staff Night shift (%)
	RXK03	BIRMINGHAM MIDLAND EYE CENTRE (BMEC)	465	450	232	195		545	185	148		84.1%	95.1%	80.0%
Dec-15	RXK02	CITY HOSPITAL	28783	27400	12089	11327	27170	24752	9454	8471	95.2%	93.7%	91.1%	89.6%
	RXK10	ROWLEY REGIS HOSPITAL	3044	2561	1975	2027	2030	2007	1689	1586		102.6%	98.9%	93.9%
	RXK01	SANDWELL GENERAL HOSPITAL	26109	24203	13225	12669		20396	10342	10095		95.8%	93.3%	97.6%
	RXK03	DIDMINICHAM MIDLAND EVE CENTRE (DMEC)	58401 465	54614 465	27521 232	26218 198	51645 573	47700 564	21670 148	20300 148	93.5% 100.0%	95.3% 85.3%	92.4% 98.4%	93.7%
	RXK03	BIRMINGHAM MIDLAND EYE CENTRE (BMEC) CITY HOSPITAL	26001	24220	10586	9949		23361	8611	7795		94.0%	96.2%	90.5%
Jan-16	RXK10	ROWLEY REGIS HOSPITAL	2867	24220	1798	1775		1888	1235	1223	84.3%	98.7%	98.7%	99.0%
	RXK01	SANDWELL GENERAL HOSPITAL	25861	24488	12914	12728		20994	10454	10439		98.6%	96.6%	99.0%
	TOTO	SANDWELE GENERAL HOST HAL	55194	51590	25530	24650	48507	46807	20448	19605	93.5%	96.6%	96.5%	
	RXK03	BIRMINGHAM MIDLAND EYE CENTRE (BMEC)	420	420	210	195		518	148	148		92.9%	100.0%	100.0%
	RXK02	CITY HOSPITAL	27047	25992	11249	10768	0.0		8501	8412		95.7%	96.9%	99.0%
Feb-16	RXK10	ROWLEY REGIS HOSPITAL	3906	3279	3664	3960		2557	2779	3098		108.1%	98.2%	111.5%
	RXK01	SANDWELL GENERAL HOSPITAL	25483	23052	12166	12244	21532	19958	9856	9788		100.6%	92.7%	99.3%
			56856	52743	27289	27167	50359	47949	21284	21446	92.8%	99.6%	95.2%	100.8%
	RXK03	BIRMINGHAM MIDLAND EYE CENTRE (BMEC)	450	445	225	196	555	542	160	148	98.9%	87.2%	97.8%	92.3%
3-month	RXK02	CITY HOSPITAL	27277	25871	11308	10681	25722	24343	8855	8226	94.8%	94.5%	94.6%	92.9%
Avges	RXK10	ROWLEY REGIS HOSPITAL	3272	2752	2479	2587	2182	2151	1901	1969	84.1%	104.4%	98.6%	103.6%
	RXK01	SANDWELL GENERAL HOSPITAL	25818	23914	12768	12547	21712	20449	10217	10107	92.6%	98.3%	94.2%	98.9%
	Total	Latest 3 month average===>	56817	52982	26780	26012	50170	47485	21134	20450	93.3%	97.1%	94.6%	96.8%

4 RECOMMENDATION

The Board are requested to receive this update and agree to publish the data on our public website.

Chief Nurse continues to work with the information team to produce consistent and assured data in relation to ward nurse staffing, with a continued and focused attention to the children's wards.

Colin Ovington, Chief Nurse

Appendix 1 – February 2016 ward nurse staffing data

Alternoon No. Section No															
Annual Sandwell 20 3.5 3.5 3 65.2% 60.0% 3 3 3 36.3% 100.0%	car	D5 D7 D11 D12 D15 D16 D26 AMU 1 AMU 2 PR4 PR5 NT4 LY 4 temporary wardLY2	City City City City City City City City	13 19 21 10 24 21 21 41 19 25 34 28 28 29	shift RN's expected 5 3 3 2 3.5 3 10 5 7 5 4 5 4 5 5	/Evening shift RN's expected 5 3 3 2 3.5 3 10 5 7 5 4 5 4 5 5	shift RN's expected 5 3 3 2 3 3 10 5 7 4 4 4 4 2	day time fill rate during Feb 2016 98.6% 100.9% 100.0% 96.4% 113.1% 94.0% 109.5% 94.4% 91.1% 92.2% 73.9% 97.7% 88.2%	night time fill rate during Feb 2016 100.0% 104.3% 100.0% 121.4% 96.4% 109.5% 96.0% 84.3% 81.0% 69.6% 97.3% 91.9%		HCSW expected 1 1 2 2 1 1 2 2 2 2 4 4 1 1 3 3 3 3 3 4 4 1 1	/Evening HCSW expected 1 1 2 1 2 2 2 2 4 1 3 3 3 3 4 4	Shift HCSW expected 0 0 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 2 3 2 2 1 1	day time fill rate during Feb 2016 91.0% 94.4% 100.0% 92.9% 94.0% 97.2% 123.1% 90.1% 141.0% 91.6% 95.8% 94.0%	night time fill rate during Feb 2016 N/A N/A 100.0% 100.0% 92.8% 124.8% 103.4% 74.1% 110.6% 94.0% 101.7% 98.8% 105.3%
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ANNEX B – Board Equality and Diversity Plan

Public Health Plan Diversity Pledge	Detail	Update
The CLE education committee is overseeing analysis of training requests and training funds vs ESR protected characteristics data.	Work is ongoing with the overseeing of the analysis of training requests and training funds, this was completed in December 2014. A comparative exercise will be undertaken in regard to overall band staff profile. A draft should be completed in time for the annual declaration.	Taken to Education Committee December 2014 Expected end of April 2016 for all training requests during 2015/2016 financial year.
The CLE equality committee and whole Board have received initial training in the duties of the Act and in the precepts of the EDS system.	'Educate and Celebrate' Ellie Barnes LGBT Speaker is attending April 2016 Trust Board development session.	This will happen during April 16 th Board Development Session.
We would undertake an EDS2 self-assessment for every single directorate in the Trust. Almost all directorates have submitted to post a draft for review.	It is to be reviewed in full and final form at the next meeting of the Board's PHCD&E committee.	Chief Nurse to update as part of EDS Review
Collect, collate and examine protected characteristics data on our workforce and, largely, on our staff: We will undertake a one off ESR data validation.	The use of outpatient kiosks (from Q3) will be our vehicle to improving patient data. Both will be compared through our Board committee against the demographic for SWB as per the ONS. From July 2016 the kiosks will automatically update in to CDA and IPM.	Developed and included in declaration statement to all employees during April 2016 with specific guidance on purpose and use of data. Outpatient kiosks remains outstanding action — effective July 2016.
Undertaking monthly characteristics of emphasis in which we host events that raise awareness of protected characteristics (PC)	Use CIPD Diversity Calendar resources to communicate campaigns through internal communications and social media channels. Mutual Respect and Tolerance Guidance launch will be first 'positioning' campaign. February Campaign around Deaf Awareness March Gender Equality	Deaf Awareness Campaign February 2016 Mutual Respect and Guidance campaign March 2016 onwards. Gender Equality March 2016 (international women's day)
Add into our portfolio of	Raffaela Goodby will determine how we	Wider diverse leadership

leadership development	move ahead by October 2015 with an	progamme being developed
activities a series of structured programmes for people with PC	unambiguous programme which will certainly include a specific BME leadership offer.	(not just BME colleagues) - design phase March / April delivery from May 16.
We proposed and agreed with staff-side that Harjinder Kang, as JCNC independent chair, would review whether our workforce policies and procedures match (if implemented) our ambitions and commitments. This was due to occur in Q2 but will now occur in Q3.	This work has commenced. Critically we are looking to determine not simply whether our policies avoid overt discrimination, but whether they actively take steps to promote diversity. This will be delivered by Alaba Okuyiga, ENEI (Employers Network for Equality & Inclusion) during April and include coaching and training for HR advisors, Staffside if they wish, and HR business partners.	Policies being reviewed on 31 st March with feedback and recommendations to Harjinder Kang, Staffside, Raffaela Goodby and Nick bellis on 8 th April AM. First HR development session held in March 2016 with further sessions planned for 16/17.
With partners to ensure a peer group in each protecting characteristic is active [we have BMSOG and there is an emerging LGBT group]	The next CLE committee (which one?) will review the progress made with Raffaela Goodby in an effort to set a clear timetable for progress. Joint approach with Staffside needed as accessing existing groups has proved fruitless to date.	Will form part of design phase of work with Hay Group during March and April 2016. Clear timetable identified as above.
Work with senior leaders with protected characteristics for them to provide visible support within the organisation to others	We will start by producing a pictoral representation, and data graph, of who our leaders are. We will also use the next stage of the leadership development programme to explore how issues of diversity can become a more explicit part of our leadership programmes.	Data both qualitative and quantitative will be developed during phase one March / April 2016. Clear product output of first phase of work.

TRUST BOARD		
DOCUMENT TITLE:	2016-17 Finances & Annual Plan	
SPONSOR (EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR):	Toby Lewis, Chief Executive	
AUTHOR: Toby Lewis, Chief Executive		
DATE OF MEETING: 7 April 2016		

EXECUTIVE SUMMARY:

This plan follows a format designed to satisfy NHSI. The published format for staff will reflect that advice. The Board's attention is drawn to the need to successfully blend delivery of the immediate and medium term metrics we face. 20/30 of our 2015-16 deliverables remain relevant. The key focus of discussion needs to be on finances where we cannot yet set a balanced budget plan for 2016/17. The draft plan is £11 million short of our LTFM surplus. Further discussions regarding the STF funding available in the NHS is needed.

REPORT RECOMMENDATION:

- 1. That the Board consider the operational plan and importantly the finances needed to deliver against the Trust's annual and medium term priorities.
- 2. That the Board discuss and agree a way forward.

ACTION REQUIRED (*Indicate with 'x' the purpose that applies*):

The receiving body is asked to receive, consider and:

Accept		Approve the rece	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	ildation	Discuss	
х					Х	
KEY AREAS OF IMPACT (Indicate	with '	x' all those that apply):				
Financial	X	Environmental	Х	Communicat	ions & Media	Х
Business and market share	Х	Legal & Policy	Х	Patient Expe	rience	Х
Clinical	V	Equality and	Х	Workforce		Х
Cillical	^	Diversity				^

Approve the recommendation

Comments:

ALIGNMENT TO TRUST OBJECTIVES, RISK REGISTERS, BAF, STANDARDS AND PERFORMANCE METRICS:

The operational plan incorporates to key objectives for the Trust for the coming year.

PREVIOUS CONSIDERATION:

Final Draft

April 2016

DOCUMENT CONTROL SHEET

VERSION	DATE	COMMENTS
0.1	8 Feb 2016	1 st submission to TDA
0.2	31 Mar 2016	
FINAL	4 Apr 2016	For 11-04 submission to NHSI

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1 Our 2020 Vision

1.1 Introduction

- 1.1.1 We launched our 2020 vision in 2015 following extensive engagement with clinicians, managers, patients, third sector organisations and wider stakeholders. Our goal is to 'become renowned as the best integrated care organisation in the NHS'. This is an ambitious goal but we have already started the journey by helping our patients make healthier lifestyle choices and offering more locally accessible outpatient clinics in community centres and GP practices. Our challenge is now to make this a reality across every part of the Trust. Our single measure of success will be the opinion of our patients.
- 1.1.2 Our vision describes change across 7 key clinical areas and across our corporate teams:
 - Community and Therapy
 - Imaging Services
 - Medicine and Emergency Services
 - Pathology Services
 - Specialist Eye, ENT and Dental Care
 - Surgical and Critical Care
 - Women and Child Health
 - Corporate Services
- 1.1.3 In delivering the wider vision the Board has agreed **five key plans**, or pillars, to support our future ambitions. These plans comprise firm quantified commitments to change, prioritised in different parts of the Trust with divergent pace, but seeking to execute as a whole on time. The level of ambition in these plans is significant: If delivered they would be the achievements by which patients recognise the Trust, and around which we secure staff alignment and pride. The five plans are:
 - Public Health Plan 2014 2017
 - Research and Development Plan 2015 2018
 - Education, learning and development Plan 2016 2019
 - Safety Plan 2016 2019
 - Quality improvement plan 2016 2019

The 60 metrics underpinning these plans will be reviewed at the full Board on a quarterly basis during 2016-17 through a new document called the strategic performance report [SPR]. This mirrors our monthly integrated performance report. In addition committees of the Board track these plans' delivery.

- 1.1.4 The enabling workstreams to support organisational change are also in place. Together these have been dubbed our **Future Operating Model**. In practice, as we move to detailed implementation of change we want to synthesise how our plans for change in four areas work together to alter how we work in a given team or department. We will look to implement concurrently changes in:
 - Our workforce, both the scale and disposition of it, and the skills needed
 - Our Information Technology
 - Our estates and configuration
 - Our finances, including our extensive cost improvement plans

1.2 Moving towards our 2020 vision in 2016/17

1.2.1 We will be making progress towards our vision this year in all clinical areas.

	What will be different in 2020?	Steps towards the vision in 2016/17?
Community & Therapy Care	 All referrals will come via a single point of access. Collaboration with local GPs will be strengthened with roll-out of Early Supported Discharge model. Increased use of technology to support patient self-care, hospital discharge planning and to track progress. Improved ability to help support people's choice of where they die and how they are supported. Greater collaboration with partners to deliver co-ordinated palliative and End of Life Care. Provide co-ordinated care by appropriate people with best skills at earliest opportunity. Use enhanced technology to further support self-care at home, plan for care after hospital discharge and support intensive rehabilitation and care at home. Provide co-ordinated full range of care via clinic based services in facilities closer to home without need to attend hospital setting. 	The Trust has signed an important five year contract to be the lead provider for end of life care across the system in Sandwell and West Birmingham. We continue to implement moves to improve community nursing effectiveness by both ensuring well-functioning primary care multi-disciplinary teams, to which we contribute, and moving towards clinic based models of care with reduced reliance on home visiting.
Imaging Services	 Patient choice regarding where and when scan(s) take place. Trust will contact patient to advise that test results are ready. More services will be open at evenings/weekends. Additional scanners will result in shorter waiting times. 	The Trust will seek to deliver a 4 week referral-scan wait and a 2 week scan-report wait, as the maximum tolerable standard of care. Our Managed Equipment Service contract will commence in Q1, replacing aging CT

	What will be different in 2020?	Steps towards the vision in 2016/17?
		scanner and providing greater reliability and 'up time'.
Medicine & Emergency Care Services	 Outpatient care will be provided in community locations across the catchment area with care closer to home. More services to be provided seven days per week. Conduct research across specialties to attract high calibre of staff. Trust to be in top quartile for waiting times to see specialty teams. 	The Trust is one of four RCP Future Hospital Pilot sites, in respiratory medicine, which is a key step in securing a move towards seven day services in our sites. Wait times continue to reduce and we are pressing ahead with plans to have in place SWBH-wide a 6 week maximum first outpatient waiting time.
Pathology Services	 Single main base taking samples for analysis seven days per week. Provision of booked phlebotomy service as well as drop-in service. All service users will request tests electronically rather than on paper. Results will be sent via text and some results will be provided securely but remotely. 	The move to electronic only ordering is accompanied by full role out of the new transport service to support GP samples.
Specialist Eye, ENT and Dental Care Services	 ENT services will operate in partnership with other centres to maintain specialist services locally. Waits will be shorter and many more visits will be on a one-stop basis. Links to primary care practitioners will be transformed, offering seamless integrated care. 	A variety of CCG-initiated changes in eye pathways 'kick in' from early 2016-17. The Trust will take steps necessary to examine moving more of our eye casualty service onto a prebooked clinic basis by Q3.
Surgical and Critical Care	 Direct access to scanning allowing appointments to be booked at a suitable time and location meaning more convenience and quicker results. Standardised surgical pathways and protocols. Follow-up appointments following surgery booked at patient's choice rather than automatically. Majority of pre-operative screening to be undertaken at outpatient appointment rather than at separate pre-operative assessment visit. 	 Minimally invasive approaches being developed in vascular surgery using radiofrequency ablation. Simple hand surgery will be provided in an outpatient setting rather than in a theatre. Patient initiated follow ups successfully trialled in breast surgery and now to be rolled out to other specialities (local CQuin) Occasions where preoperative screening is required will be reduced and more will take place as part of a 'one stop shop' outpatient appointment.

	What will be different in 2020?	Steps towards the vision in 2016/17?
Women & Child Health	 GUM and CASH services to be combined. Provision of services in more convenient locations and use of technology will increase alternative forms of contact in the home. Pregnant women will have access to their maternity records via on-line technology. Investigations (eg scans) will be more widely available in community venues. Hospital venues will be designed and purpose built for women and children. 	The GUM service is expected to relocate during 2016-17.
Corporate Services	 When opportunities present themselves, the Trust will automate a process and standardise it safely. We will explore how the Trust sells or shares its expertise with other organisations, in the NHS, or wider local landscape. Clinical teams will have more influence over the service that they receive from corporate areas. Some key corporate functions will change due to future fixed term plans (e.g. MMH and IT). Some published plans will signal changes in delivery within corporate services (e.g. research and development, diversity) Long term plans will generate new roles and focus for corporate teams (e.g. financial, workforce). The need to ensure that the corporate support around safety, risk management, patient experience, quality improvement and change management is outstanding. 	An agreed programme of back- office reviews is in place across the Black Country Alliance. The co-location of HR/finance and informatics takes place in April 2016. Among other 'spin off' projects we want to ensure that we build the business intelligence capacity required to operate effectively across our directorates.

2 2016/17 Priorities

2.1 Introduction

2.1.1 We launched our 30 priorities in 2015/16 which together serve to further improve the quality of our services and deliver improvements in productivity. 20 of these priorities have been retained for 2016/17 recognising their continued importance and relevance, or where prior delivery has fallen short. Our annual plan is reported publicly on a quarterly basis. Our Group and Directorate business plans include clear actions of how, where applicable, they will contribute towards the successful delivery of these priorities.

2.2 Safe, High Quality Care

2.2.1 Safe, high quality care continues to be our focus. In 2015-16 we responded to our CQC inspection by delivering a comprehensive improvement plan. However, we are not complacent and seek to make further improvements to quality across our services.

Priority for 2016-17	How are we performing currently?	Where do we need to get to?
Reducing readmissions	 There is a 2% late year fall against prior performance after action taken in Q3 and Q4 15-16 	 Sustained delivery measured by: 2% fall in re-admission rates at Sandwell vs. 14/15 baseline
2. Improving outpatients by implementing phase 2 of our Year of Outpatients programme	2014-15 was our first Year of Outpatients and we have implemented in 15-16 Self Check In Kiosks, Partial Booking and other developments	 Maximum wait of 6 weeks Elimination of clinic rescheduling Reduction of 2% in DNA rate 98% patient satisfaction rate
3. Achieving the gains promised within our 10/10 programme	 10/10 launched in September 2014 and rolled out across number of wards The project has not yet succeeded in achieving success at ward clinical team level 	Remedial deployment through: 100-day roll out in assessments Investment in ward managers to support delivery
4. Meeting the improvement requirements agreed with the Care Quality Commission	 Our improvement plan has been delivered only in part We now want to embed the 5 themes further to ensure long term resilience and high quality care. 	In Q1/2 we want to ensure we complete all of the tasks we set ourselves in the Impr. Plan. In Q3 we need to ensure benefits have been gained from that work.
5. Tackling caseload management in community teams	Successful implementation of new IT tools to make caseload management more visible and part of our management of performance	 All nursing caseloads (at team level) reduced to median in Black Country Patient contact time increased by 10% among district nurses, health visitors and midwives

2.3 Accessible & Responsive

2.3.1 Our Integrated Performance Report is produced on a month by month basis and captures all of our performance targets across the organisation to ensure that progress is made. More locally, clinical and corporate directorate business plans for 2016-17 set out specific measures for improvement across their services.

Priority for 2016-17		How are we performing currently?	Where do we need to get to?
6.	Meet national wait time standards, and deliver from October a guaranteed maximum six week outpatient wait	Consistent Trust level delivery of Referral to Treatment pathway targets, and Cancer Waiting Time targets at Trust level	 Achieve 93% or better in ED consistently from Q2 18 week RTT standard consistently met Eliminate open pathway referral issues seen in prior years Tumour specific delivery of 62-day standard
7.	Double the number of safe discharges each morning, and reduce by at least a half the number of delayed transfers of care in Trust beds	Performance for discharges remains below 25% with a handful of wards achieving their goals	 Fewer than 15 DTOCs in Trust bed base 40% of discharges take place before 12 midday
8.	Deliver our plans for significant improvements in our universal Health Visiting offer, so 0-5 age group residents receive high standards of professional support at home	 Trust largely meets 14 day standard within Universal offer Trust has improved significantly one and two year developmental checks coverage rates 	 Trust meets by through the year all standards set out in the contract New partnership model with Sandwell MBC is operational and effective in eyes of both parties
9.	Work within our agreed capacity plan for the year ahead, thereby cutting Do Not Attend rates, cancelled clinic and operation numbers, largely eliminate use of premium rate expenditure, and accommodating patients declined NHS care elsewhere	 Demand & Capacity plans modelled at specialty level and detailed plans developed Stalled rollout of 8-6-4-2 deployment for booking in theatres Substantial elective IP/DC underperformance in year 	 DNA rates fall by 2% vs. outturn All specialties by October 2016 achieve recurrent demand-supply balance Weeks worked calculation delivered across all specialties

2.4 Care Closer to Home

2.4.1 Central to our 2020 plan is the need to develop our out of hospital offering to patients and communities. This will include outpatient clinics, home visits, community clinics, mobile diagnostics

and, increasingly, the use of telecommunications within patients' homes to communicate with health specialists.

Priority for 2016-17	How are we performing currently?	Where do we need to get to?
Ensure that we improve the ability of patients to die in a location of their choosing, including their own home	 Our End of Life service was rated as 'Good' by the CQC Completed Board commissioned audit on last year of life 	 Increase in proportion of patients identified for planned pathway >72 hours before passing Increase in proportion of patients able to die in place of their choosing vs. audit baseline
11. Respiratory medicine service sees material transfer into community setting, in support of GPs	Community respiratory service in place across Sandwell (now part of iCares)	 The respiratory medicine equivalent of the DiCE project is in place Unplanned readmissions for respiratory patients have been reduced at Sandwell

2.5 Good Use of Resources

2.5.1 Our Long Term Financial Model sets out the savings and efficiencies we need to make over the next ten years. The funding we receive continues to be reduced, and our challenge is to continue to provide high quality, reputable services within these means. We have developed a 2 year plan to deliver a Cost Improvement Programme and associated cost saving schemes 2016-18. This has enabled us to identify more than enough savings for the first year and has also enabled longer term planning for complex changes such as retraining and redeploying staff. In addition to the 2 year savings plan, comprehensive planning has been undertaken to ensure that we have sufficient capacity to deliver the patient activity forecast for 2016-17.

Priority for 2016-17	How are we performing currently?	Where do we need to get to?
12. Create balanced financial plans for all directorates, and deliver Group level I&E balance on a full year basis	Balanced plan being formed for 2016/17 and 2017/18. Additional support being provided to enable quick start to Q1 16/17.	Group level FYE I&E balance
13. Reform how corporate services support frontline care, ensuring information is readily available to teams from ward to Board	 Transfer of key reporting tool to BIU from April 2015 achieved Project team in place to create standard cycle of directorate, Group and Trust-wide reports 	 Reporting tool in place at frontline service level Standard reports visible monthly to support performance improvement cycle
14. Reform how corporate services operate to create efficient transactional services by April 2016 that benchmark well	Project established to develop transactional services, with external support	 KPIs for each corporate service being met Benchmarking work across partnership concluded and reported to the Programme Board, with rationalisation plan

Priority for 2016-17	How are we performing currently?	Where do we need to get to?
against peers within the Black Country		developed
Alliance		

2.6 21st Century Infrastructure

- 2.6.1 We completed our procurement for the most significant element of our new infrastructure Midland Metropolitan Hospital (MMH) in December 2015. The procurement took less than 18 months which was a significant achievement given the scale of the scheme. We have now commenced our 1,000 day countdown to the opening of the new hospital in October 2018.
- 2.6.2 In early 2016/17 we will be signing contracts on a new 10 year Managed Equipment Service which will ensure that MMH is furnished with up to date, new equipment and that much of the Trust's current assets are also maintained and managed to a high standard.
- 2.6.3 Procurement is on track for our new Electronic Patient Records system which is due to be introduced in 2017, sufficiently before the opening of MMH.
- 2.6.4 During 2015-16 we reconfigured our urgent Cardiology services onto City Hospital, the Surgical Assessment Unit onto Sandwell General Hospital and also some corporate services into the Trust Headquarters at Sandwell. Further relocations of corporate services into our Trust Headquarters will take place in 2016-17 enabling a more integrated service offering.

Priority for 2016-17	How are we performing currently?	Where do we need to get to?
15. Agree EPR Outline Business Case, and initiate procurement process, whilst completing infrastructure investment programme	The Outline Business Case agreed. Procurement commenced with Final Business Case due 2016/17.	 Final bids returned in a form and to a value that can be approved by year end Implementation capability in place for 2016-2017 deployment
16. Develop, agree and publicise our final location plans for services in the Sandwell Treatment Centre	 Plan for STC confirmed. First corporate teams already re-located. 	 Architect designed completed plan available for STC 2019 Departments relocating from City site know their future location at Sandwell Investment trajectory agreed as part of 2016-2019 capital plan
17. Finalise and begin to implement our RCRH plan for the current Sheldon block, as an intermediate care and rehabilitation centre for Ladywood and Perry Barr	Procurement repeatedly delayed through CCG, frustrating progress. Now in place with bids due back shortly.	Successfully procured as the W/Birmingham Intermediate care facility (under the BCF)

2.7 An Engaged and Effective Organisation

2.7.1 The Trust remains committed to achieving increased levels of patient and staff engagement. Staff sickness continues to be a high priority and features in all Group business plans for 2016-17.

Priority for 2016-17	How are we performing currently?	Where do we need to get to?
18. Cut sickness absence below 3.5% with a focus on reducing days lost to short term sickness	Sickness Absence is reported as 5.13% for January 2016 and 4.9% for the 12-month rolling period.	Overall Trust sickness aim is 2.5%, comprising a fall from 2 to 1% in short term sickness and a fall of 100 people in long term sickness
19. Finalise our long term workforce plan, explaining how we will safely remove the pay-bill equivalent of 1000 posts between 2016 and 2019	 'Safe and Sound' workforce programme concluding 2016 Trust Board agreed high level plan December 2015 showing how pay-bill will be reduced safely Business plans 2016-18 show how pay-bill will be reduced 	17-18 pay/WTE start point and proposed change plans reflects Long Term Workforce model at Trust level
20. Create time to talk within our Trust, so that engagement is improved. This will include implementing Quality Improvement Half Days, revamping Your Voice, Connect and Hot Topics, and committing more energy to First Fridays	 Quality Improvement Half Days established since April 2015. Your Voice well established across Trust, with three Groups showing high reporting rates (C&T, path, corporate) 	 Improvement on employee engagement score by 5%+ Your Voice response rate at 25%+, and action recognition rate above 50% Hot Topics attendance routinely above 100 senior leaders Survey data on senior leader visibility shows high rates of recognition Survey data shows improvement in views of organisation communication

3 Approach to Activity Planning

3.1 Introduction

3.1.1 The activity included in the plan for 2016/17 is broadly in line with the 10 year planning assumptions. These have been supported by commissioners as part of the 'Right Care Right Here' local health economy partnership and were detailed in the Trust's business case for the Midland Metropolitan Hospital which was approved in December 2015.

3.2 Capacity Planning Process

- 3.2.1 The detailed activity capacity planning process underpinning the business case has engaged both clinical leads and management teams across the Trust. In line with the TDA launch of the national Demand and Capacity programme in January 2016 and following attendance at the launch forum, the exercise is underway and will have been completed prior to submission to the TDA in April 2016.
- 3.2.2 Key, high volume specialties have been modelled using the IMAS tools that have been recommended by the TDA. Medical specialties have adopted the New Outpatient model and surgical specialties have used the Full Flow model. In addition, endoscopy has been modelled using the dedicated tool provided.
- 3.2.3 To support on-going and regular review of demand and capacity, the exercise has been diarised to be undertaken each quarter throughout 2016/17. In addition, the Trust's planned care team have identified a series of triggers to identify additional ad-hoc modelling including changes to and large variation in referral patterns and change in national or local policy.
- 3.2.4 The following key principles have been adopted for the capacity planning process:
 - Core capacity has been maximised;
 - Productivity scenarios have been applied to increase capacity;
 - Focus on backlog reduction at each key patient milestone to increase activity:
 - No patient will wait longer than 6 weeks for their TCI from decision to admit;
 - No patient will wait longer that 6 weeks for their 1st OPA;
 - No patient requiring a follow up review will wait longer than consultant specified.

3.3 Outcome of the Capacity Planning Process

- A plan has now been formed which bridges the £6m gap between 2015/16 outturn and the 2016/17 control total. £5.3m of this is addressed through waiting list clearance:
 - £4.5m: Elective and Day Case patients
 - £0.9m: New patients
 - £0.8m: Follow Up patients
- 3.3.2 The remaining £0.7m will be met through ophthalmology activity.

4 Approach to Quality Planning

4.1 Introduction

4.1.1 The Trust has a Quality Plan and a Safety Plan which set out the Trust's objectives in these areas.

Additionally, the Trust has a CQC improvement plan following the CQC's assessment made in 2014.

4.2 Quality Plan

4.2.1 A 3 year strategy (2016 – 2019) has been developed and agreed within the Trust about how to improve quality in the following key areas across the Trust:

Table 1 Quality Plan Objectives

No.	Objective
1	By 2019 the Trust will be ranked in the top quartile of relevant peers for the reduction of Avoidable Hospital Mortality
2	To ensure there is early recognition and treatment of sepsis leading to a reduction in avoidable deaths attributable to sepsis
3	To achieve a year-on-year reduction in hospital associated venous thromboembolisms (pulmonary emboli [PEs] and deep vein thromboses [DVT])
4	For the Trust to be amongst the best performers for implementing care processes for patient admitted with an acute stroke and for the rate of deaths in hospital within 30 days of admission
5	The Trust will demonstrate the most effective management of patients admitted with a heart attack (Acute myocardial Infarction) by ensuring that they have prompt access to treatment in order to achieve the best possible outcomes
6	Patients presenting to the Trust as an emergency with a fractured neck of femur are routinely operated on within 24 hours and achieve outcomes that are better than selected peers
7	For all high risk surgical patients an assessment of mortality risk will be made explicit to the patient and recorded clearly on the consent form and in the medical record so that the most appropriate level of care is provided in order to achieve the best possible outcomes
8	Outcomes for the treatment of all common cancers will be amongst the best in the UK
9	By 2019 avoidable readmissions are reduced to a minimum as a result of enhanced care coordination across interfaces between care settings and patient education and support for self-management.
10	By 2018, our Trust will be amongst the best performers in avoiding preventable sight loss
11	To ensure that Trust operated screening services exceed national norms for uptake by local populations.
12	To reduce avoidable causes of peri-natal mortality
13	The majority of our patients for whom death is expected and not avoidable will do so in the place of their choosing – receiving excellent end of life care
14	Paediatrics and Community Child Health Services – Days of School Lost
15	By 2019 the overall average adjusted health gain in the general health status reported for the Trust for patients undergoing all 4 index PROMS procedure, is higher than the national average

- 4.2.2 In developing the Quality Plan, clinical directorates have been engaged to agree which measures should be used and what will be done to achieve them. This has been undertaken with both clinical and managerial staff at service level.
- 4.2.3 Change schemes are tracked through the Trust's 'Transformation Plan Reporting System (TPRS).

 This enables the Executive to monitor progress and hold directorates to account for delivery. TPRS also supports directorates with a robust framework and consistent approach.
- 4.2.4 A new approach being adopted for 2016/17 is for schemes requiring a level of service redesign to incorporate additional rigour in developing the new design prior to implementation. This will ensure that directorates have undertaken sufficient clinical and service user engagement in re-designing services with a focus on delivering quality as well as greater productivity.

- 4.2.5 Expected improvements to quality and productivity identified prior to scheme delivery and will be tracked through the benefits realisation process.
- 4.2.6 Of the Quality Plan Objectives, the 3 quality priorities for 2016/17 are:
 - Reducing Avoidable Hospital Mortality;
 - Treatment of sepsis; and
 - Reducing hospital associated venous thromboembolisms.
- 4.2.7 The top 3 risks to quality and the associated mitigating actions have been extracted from the Trust's risk register and are shown in the table below:

Risk Statement	Risk Rating	Existing Controls	Actions	Residual Risk Score
National shortage of intradermal BCG vaccination leading to a potential increase in babies affected with TB	5 x 4 = 20	Pooling all available vaccines from other areas in the Trust. Getting the maximum number of doses out of each vial when opened to prevent unnecessary wastage. Recording of all infants who are discharged who qualify but do not receive the vaccine. All the community midwives informed that infants will be discharged without being vaccinated.	Clinics commenced October 2015 – 1400 babies to be recalled. As at mid-January babies that are under 3 months old have been vaccinated and those that are over 3 months old will be vaccinated by the end of March	4 x 4 = 16

Risk Statement	Risk Rating	Existing Controls	Actions	Residual Risk Score
Risk of Breach of Privacy and Dignity Standard, Information Governance Risk and Infection Control Risk at Sandwell Outpatient Department as a consequence of poor building design in SGH Ophthalmology OPD. Clean/dirty utility failings cannot be addressed without redevelopment of the area. Risk that either a patient's health or privacy/dignity will be compromised as a consequence of poor building design. Clean/dirty utility failings cannot be addressed without redevelopment of the area	5 x 4 = 20	Reviewing plans in line with STC retained estate. Staff trained in IG and mindful of conversations being overhead by nearby patients/staff/visitors.	To rectify IC/IG issues or relocate to another suitable workspace.	4 x 4 = 16
There is a risk that further reduction or failure to recruit senior medical staff in ED leads to an inability to provide a viable rota at consultant level which may impact on delays in assessment, treatment and patients safety.	4 x 5 = 20	Recruitment campaign through local networks, national adverts, head-hunters and international recruitment expertise. Agree a recruitment and retention premium. Marketing of new hospital plans pending approval of Full Business Case. Leadership development and mentorship. Programme to support staff development. Continued communication and engagement of the Urgent Care Strategy.	Recruitment on-going	3 x 5 = 15

4.2.8 Baseline performance has been established in each area using specific measures and internal performance targets have been set. As part of the business planning process for 2016/17, each directorate has developed plans to achieve these targets.

4.3 Safety Plan

- 4.3.1 A safety plan has been developed with the following 'always' events:
 - We will always ensure that no adult patient has avoidable harm from a pressure ulcer, fall or catheter related urinary tract infection.
 - We will always ensure that no child or young person has avoidable harm because of deterioration, an intravenous infusion into the tissues, pain or damage to skin integrity.

- We will always ensure that no patient's clinical condition deteriorates as a result of a lack of timely monitoring of vital signs and escalation.
- We will always ensure that no patient has an avoidable use of antibiotics.
- We will always ensure that no patient has an unplanned medication omission.
- We will always ensure a Ten out of Ten safety checklist is fully completed for every patient within 24 hours of admission.
- We will always ensure that no patient will suffer harm from a delay or failure in diagnosis or a misdiagnosis.
- We will always ensure that no patient will suffer harm due to a lack of, or delay in, requesting diagnostic tests or a failure or delay to review the results.
- We will always ensure that all patients undergoing invasive procedures will have received timely and adequate information to make an informed decision with consent evidenced.
- We will always ensure that no patient has an invasive procedure without having a safety checklist undertaken prior to commencement.
- We will always ensure that fully completed assessments must be undertaken and an informed plan of care documented <u>with every</u> patient.
- 4.3.2 Each directorate has developed plans to ensure that the 'always events' occur, where appropriate.
- 4.3.3 The implementation architecture for these plans, alongside the other three key Trust plans (R&D, education and public health) is being finalised presently. However, the key drivers for change will be local management teams, breaking down any quality/safety silos.

4.4 CQC Improvement Plan

- 4.4.1 The CQC rated the Trust as requiring improvement in 2014. In response to this a comprehensive action plan has been developed and largely implemented. In addition to the action plan, clinical directorates are putting in place measures to ensure that the improvements are sustainable. The 5 key themes of improvement are:
 - Being better at learning. We need to be better at learning across our organisation, spreading good practice and identifying why some wards, teams and departments are better able to deliver outstanding outcomes for patients the solution to our issues is already being implemented somewhere in our Trust.
 - **Getting the basics right**. We need to ensure that we consistently deliver the basics of great care, with disciplined implementation of policies on hand-washing, medicines security, end of life decision making, and personalised care observations we have to get this right every time.
 - Addressing sickness and vacancy rates. We need to tackle our sickness and vacancy rates if we are to reduce gaps in our care, and ensure that all of our staff have time and space to be trained and to develop their skills – being fully staffed matters.
 - Empowering local managers. We need to build on our best practice around local management and leadership, empowering capable local managers, and reducing hierarchies between executive and departmental leaders —communication can be better here and must be two-way.
 - Making more informed decisions. We need to do even more to evidence how our incident, risk management, and safety data inform the decisions that we make and the priorities that we set we know where our issues are, and need to address them more quickly when they are identified.

4.4.2 The lead executive director for the CQC Improvement Plan is the Director of Governance.

4.5 Seven Day Service

- 4.5.1 The Trust does not have a statistically significant elevated mortality issue at weekends. This subject is routinely scrutinised and we keep the position under constant review. We do however see opportunity to improve patient and staff experience by working differently over weekends. We have made progress towards this over the last two years and expect to make further progress in the year ahead. Some issues cannot be resolved until single acute site working from October 2018.
- 4.5.2 The 111 re-procurement is something that we are fully involved with through the RCRH urgent care workstream. This, together with booking access to GP appointments, will help us to offer a streamlined service to patients presenting 'in the wrong place'. We know, from detailed local analysis, that the ED issue in our area is not a lack of GP slots, nor patient registration, but patient preference to see clinicians they perceive to be more specialist.
- 4.5.3 Priorities for 2016-17 include: ensuring good access to endoscopy for inpatients at weekends; improving MRI access; stabilising psychiatric consultant cover at weekends; and matching semi-urgent surgical supply to demand.
- 4.5.4 More details required on the seven day services plans, specifically linked to Consultant cover at weekends & improving access to out-of-hours care.

4.6 Quality Impact Assessment Process

4.6.1 All cost improvement plans (CIPs) are subject to a Quality Impact Assessment (QIA) and Equality Impact Assessment (EIA) during the planning phase. The QIA and EIA assessments have to be approved before a CIP is permitted to progress to delivery.

Planning Phase

- A QIA and EIA must be completed and approved for all CIPs as part of developing the CIP plan and before moving to the delivery phase.
- QIAs must be undertaken in the context of the Trust's strategic objectives and consider the impact on patient experience, quality and safety.
- Each QIA must identify KPIs to be used to monitor the impact on quality (in addition to KPIs identified to monitor delivery of the CIP).
- QIAs and EIAs must be completed by the project lead for the CIP, on TPRS (the Trust's electronic tracking system for CIPs) using the QIA and EIA templates.
- QIAs must be approved by the Medical Director and Chief Nurse with this approval being recorded on TPRS. The completed QIA is presented by the relevant Clinical Group Director of Operations or corporate head of service to the Medical Director and Chief Nurse (at a preplanned meeting) for review prior to sign off.
- All EIAs must be approved by the relevant Clinical Group Director of Operations or corporate head of service with this approval being recorded on TPRS.
- In addition to the QIA process for 2016/17 additional rigour will be applied to projects where greater productivity is required as well as improved quality. This is to ensure that changes that are made are sustainable and don't result in simply fewer staff working harder. It is expected that this will result in more sustainable working practices and also improved innovation. Clinical Groups will detail the changes in processes and working practices and will involve their staff in

both developing the new design and also in working through the implications. Higher value and / or risk schemes will be reviewed by the executive to ensure that sufficient staff engagement has taken place.

Delivery Phase

- The project lead must ensure monitoring against the QIA and EIA is on-going during the delivery phase of CIPs.
- It is expected that every financial calendar quarter the Group Director of Ops (GDOPs) or Head of Service (HoS) or equivalent will review all schemes that have had a QIA signed off.
- Once the appropriate schemes have been reviewed, the GDOP's or HoS will complete a proforma and provide an assurance statement that will inform if there are any unexpected risks or unintended consequences from the implementation of the schemes. This will also capture the total number schemes reviewed and number of QIAs with and without issues.
- For schemes with issues GDOPs/HoS will be required to provide mitigation. This will then be submitted directly to the Chief Nurse and Medical Directors for review, carbon copying the PMO for audit and information tracking purpose. The mitigation for all schemes will be reviewed and depending on the robustness of the mitigation and the discretion of the Chief Nurse and Medical Director, staff will be called in for a more detailed review.
- The Medical Director and Chief Nurse will consider the cumulative risk of adverse impact on quality and equality from multiple similar schemes when the risk of each scheme may be small but together the risk is significant —e.g. closure of small numbers of beds in several directorates.

Assurance

- The process for QIA and EIA for the Trust's CIPs is approved by the Trust Quality and Safety Committee.
- Regular random audits of EIAs covering all Clinical Groups and Corporate Directorates will be undertaken by the Trust's Equality and Diversity Advisor/team. The audit process will involve 10 audits each month consisting of:
 - One project from each Clinical Group,
 - One from each of Operations Directorate and Facilities
 - One from a corporate group
 - Any significant adverse impact on quality or equality will be escalated by the Medical Director and Chief Nurse in a timely manner to the Quality and Safety Committee for agreement of mitigating actions and further escalation as appropriate.
- Quarterly update reports regarding quality and equality impacts of our cost improvement plans/TSPs are presented to the Performance Management Committee and the Trust Quality and Safety Committee by the Medical Director and Chief Nurse.

4.7 Triangulation of Indicators

4.7.1 Bi-monthly clinical group reviews take place where quality, activity and financial performance will be assessed. The indicators will be as per the quality and safety plan, each directorate's capacity plan and each directorate's budget and CIP plan. There is then a monthly performance committee chaired by the Chief Executive, looking across all issues within our Integrated Performance Report.

- 4.7.2 Board assurance will continue to be provided via the Quality and Safety Committee, Workforce and OD Committee and Finance and Investment Committee.
- 4.7.3 When a QIA is undertaken, the relevant set of quality indicators will be identified in relation to the potential impact which is expected. These will be reviewed during and following implementation of a change to ensure that no adverse impact of quality has occurred. In addition to these indicators, productivity metrics will also be monitored, where appropriate, to ensure that the expected improvements in productivity (and if applicable reduction in costs) have occurred.
- 4.7.4 More focus on the 'well-led' element and framework.
- 4.7.5 Detail required on how the Trust is considering the Academy of Medical Royal College's guidance for taking responsibility: accountable clinicians and informed patients.
- 4.7.6 Reference required on the Trust's participation in publishing details on avoidable deaths.

5 Approach to Workforce Planning

5.1 Introduction

- 5.1.1 The Trust's key workforce objectives are to:
 - Develop and retain a high quality workforce that enables the Trust to provide the very best patient care:
 - Become the employer of choice in the region; and
 - Ensure that the workforce is highly productive and affordable.

5.2 Long Term Workforce Model (LTWM)

To achieve the goal to become renowned as the best integrated care organisation in the NHS, a view of the future has been modelled in the Trust's LTWM. This embeds the rigor of top down modelling through integration with the Long Term Financial Model (LTFM) as well as addressing bottom-up design of the future workforce in line with activity trajectories, productivity improvements and safe staffing standards. The LTWM forecasts WTE changes by staff group for and is presented below.

Table 2 Long Term Workforce Model (LTWM) 2014-2020

	Outturn	Plan	Forecast							
	2014/15	2015/16	2016/17	2017/18	2018/19	2019/20	2020/21	2021/22	2022/23	2023/24
	Wte									
BASELINE inc RCRH Change & CIP										
Pay - Consultants	289 501	289 477	290 476	290 476	291 473	292 471	293 471	299 471	302 471	305
Pay - Junior Medical Pay - Nursing, Midwifery and Health Visitors	1790	1760	1735	1697	1664	1635	1661	1678	1692	471 1706
Pay - Community Nursing, and Health Visitors		466	473	483	496	505	513	520	537	544
Pay - Scientific, Therapeutic and Technical	1132	1079	1089	1097	1109	1130	1145	1157	1169	1181
PAY - OTHER CLINICAL	683	672	667	649	640	661	669	674	680	685
Pay - Non Clinical	2127	1980	1978	1973	1904	1834	1830	1834	1840	1845
Agency	240	240	227	206	189	196	197	192	194	195
Sub Total	7235	6962	6934	6870	6766	6722	6779	6825	6885	6932
	7233	6962	6934	6870	6766	6/22	6779	0023	0005	6932
Repatriation & Community Developments										
Pay - Consultants	О	2	3	3	4	6	7	8	9	10
Pay - Junior Medical	0	3	5	6	7	10	13	14	16	17
Pay - Nursing, Midwifery and Health Visitors	О	34	86	156	204	288	365	426	498	574
Pay - Community Nursing, and Health Visitors	: О	О	o	О	О	o	О	О	0	О
Pay - Scientific, Therapeutic and Technical	О	12	18	19	22	33	42	46	47	47
PAY - OTHER CLINICAL	О	О	О	О	О	О	О	О	О	О
Pay - Non Clinical	О	4	5	6	6	9	12	13	13	13
Agency	О	О	О	О	О	О	О	О	О	О
Sub Total	0	55	117	190	244	347	439	508	582	661
CIP Impact										
Pay - Consultants	О	(0)	(1)	(2)	(2)	(3)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(5)
Pay - Junior Medical	(24)	(12)	(22)	(33)	(44)	(53)	(66)	(79)	(92)	(105)
Pay - Nursing, Midwifery and Health Visitors	(30)	(48)	(88)	(132)	(176)	(214)	(241)	(269)	(296)	(323)
Pay - Community Nursing, and Health Visitors	(8)	(17)	(31)	(46)	(62)	(75)	(96)	(117)	(138)	(159)
Pay - Scientific, Therapeutic and Technical	(53)	(36)	(66)	(99)	(132)	(160)	(187)	(213)	(239)	(266)
PAY - OTHER CLINICAL	(11)	(24)	(44)	(66)	(88)	(107)	(120)	(133)	(145)	(158)
Pay - Non Clinical	(147)	(103)	(188)	(282)	(376)	(457)	(537)	(617)	(697)	(777)
Agency	О	(20)	(55)	(105)	(125)	(125)	(125)	(125)	(125)	(125)
Sub Total	(274)	(260)	(495)	(765)	(1005)	(1195)	(1376)	(1557)	(1738)	(1919)
Net Trust Wide Position										
Pay - Consultants	289	290	291	292	293	295	298	304	306	309
Pay - Junior Medical	477	467	459	449	437	428	418	406	395	383
Pay - Nursing, Midwifery and Health Visitors	1,760	1,746	1,733	1,720	1,692	1,709	1,784	1,835	1,894	1,957
Pay - Community Nursing, and Health Visitors		449	442	437	434	430	417	402	398	385
Pay - Scientific, Therapeutic and Technical	1.079	1,055	1.040	1.018	999	1.002	1.000	989	976	962
PAY - OTHER CLINICAL	672	648	623	583	552	554	549	541	534	527
Pay - Non Clinical	1,980	1,881	1,795	1,696	1,534	1,386	1,305	1,230	1,156	1,081
Agency	240	220	172	101	64	71	72	67	69	70
Net Position 7,221	6,962	6,757	6,556	6,295	6,004	5,875	5,842	5,776	5,729	5,674
	(00=)	(05-)	105:1	105:1	105.1	(40-1				<i>(F</i>
ABC Annual Movement	(260)	(205)	(201)	(261)	(291)	(130)	(32)	(67)	(47)	(54)
ABC Cummulative Movement	(260)	(465)	(665)	(926)	(1217)	(1347)	(1379)	(1445)	(1493)	(1547)
CONTEXT OBC Assumed 7,047	6,893	6,645	6,354	6,111	5,780	5,686	5628	5577	5483	
OBC Annual Movement	(154)	(248)	(291)	(243)	(330)	(94)	(58)	(50)	(94)	
OBC Cummulative Movement	(154)	(402)	(693)	(936)	(1267)	(1361)	(1419)	(1470)	(1564)	

- The Trust has already successfully delivered the 'Safe and Sound Phase 1' the first stage of the Trust's workforce change plan. This has resulted in the reduction of 260 Whole Time Equivalents (WTEs). The Trust is entering year 3 of its six year Workforce Change Plan. Between 1st April 2016 and 31st March 2018 the Trust will deliver workforce changes to achieve a pay bill reduction of 462 WTE net reduction and £11.3m of additional pay (non-WTE pay bill costs), through the following key drivers as set out in the table below:
 - Activity and pathway driven changes in workforce
 - Productivity driven reductions in workforce; and
 - Reduction in cost per WTE (set out below):

Table 3 Overview of Key Workforce Changes April 2016 to March 2020

Key Drivers	Strategic Workforce Change Theme	Transition Phase (April 2016 – March 2018)	MMH Phase (April 2018- March 2020)			
	Clinical restructuring	Fewer nurses and HCAs due to fewer outpatient sessions and a reduction in beds.	Fewer nurses and HCAs due to fewer outpatient sessions and a reduction in beds.			
		Investment in community nursing.	Investment in community nursing.			
Activity and pathway driven changes in			Fewer emergency department staff as a result of single ED within MMH			
workforce	Non-Clinical	Reduction in facilities staff due to greater cross-functional working.				
	Technology	Fewer healthcare records staff due to introduction of EPR.	Fewer porters and distribution staff as a result of introduction of			
Productivity driven reductions in workforce		Better use of consultants' time through tele-health enabling resources to be channelled into seven day working.	automated guided vehicles.			
		Introduction of mobile technology to improve productivity in community.				
		Fewer medical secretaries as a result of completing speech recognition technology.				
	Clinical Transformation	Medical and surgical bed reductions, shift to community settings, outpatients redesign, theatre utilisation, site reconfiguration, de-duplication of on-call rotas.	Single site reconfiguration will result in the transfer of Hard FM staff to PF2 provider under TUPE.			
	Scheduling	Reduction in theatre staff and outpa scheduling and changing working pr clinics and theatres				
	Black Country Alliance	Collaboration of three Trusts to share back office processes and reduce costs	-			
	Sickness Absence	Driving down sickness absence to ensure that the Trust is fully staffed				

Key Drivers	Strategic Workforce Change Theme	Transition Phase (April 2016 – March 2018)	MMH Phase (April 2018- March 2020)			
	User-Led	Empowering service users to carry out certain administrative tas relating to their appointments e.g. booking and changing appoint transport and tests.				
	Management de- layering	Completion of management delayering pre-MMH.	Further management de-layering as a result of site configuration.			
		Fewer corporate staff due to colocation into single head office site.	Fewer corporate staff due to completion of co-location into single head office site a Sandwell General Hospital.			
	Non-consultant Doctors	Improving senior medical cover/review of middle grade doctors against future requirements.	Reduction in medical staff due to de-duplication of medical rotas enabled by single site configuration.			
	Skill mix and role redesign	A review of roles to introduce new m WTE and create a career path for po- backgrounds.				
	Premium payments	Eliminating bank, agency, overtime and waiting list payment to re temporary staffing costs.				
	Intermediate Care is Cheaper	Shifting care from acute to community models of care.				

5.2.3 The LTWM and approach to workforce planning and CIP delivery was rigorously tested by the DH and the NHS TDA in the MMH business case approval process in 2015. This occurred through a series of stakeholder meetings, development sessions and bespoke 'deep dives'.

5.3 Development and Delivery of CIP Schemes

5.3.1 In September 2015 two workstreams, one Executive led (top down) and the other Clinical Group led (bottom up), were launched to identify, develop and test all opportunities before developing robust schemes for mobilising and delivering the necessary pay cost reductions in 2016/17 and 2017/18. The outputs of these workstreams have been developed and form part of the overall CIP for 2016/17 and 2017/18.

5.4 Board Assurance

5.4.1 The Board is sighted on the workforce assurance process undertaken by the DH and NHS TDA. On 3rd December 2015 the Trust Board considered and assured the workforce plan for 2016-18. Further Board scrutiny of our 2016-2018 workforce plans took place in February and March in face to face sessions between the Trust Board and the clinical and corporate group leadership teams.

5.5 Monitoring

The change schemes that will deliver our workforce plan will be monitored and tracked through the Trust's Programme Management Office and Transformation Plan Reporting System (TPRS), where a robust programme/project management methodology is deployed including for every scheme a quality and safety impact assessment (signed off by the Chief Nurse and the Medical director), a risk assessment and an equality impact assessment.

- 5.5.2 The Workforce Delivery Committee (a sub-committee of the Clinical Leadership Executive) is the main body for engaging clinical and corporate group representatives in strategic and operational workforce planning matters and oversight of the management of workforce risks. This committee reports to the board level Workforce and OD Committee.
- 5.5.3 Key workforce metrics feature alongside operational and quality key performance indicators in the Trust's Integrated Performance dashboard that is reported and overseen through a number of executive committees and the Trust Board. Workforce risks are assessed and where appropriate added to the relevant Trust risk register in line with the Trusts risk management policy.

5.6 Balancing of Agency Rules with the achievement of appropriate Staffing Levels

- 5.6.1 The Trust has made the necessary changes and investments in safe staffing and now meets all of the standards agreed by the Trust Board. A robust approach is in place to ensure that these standards are maintained.
- 5.6.2 The Trust did not comply with national agency framework guidance in December and also exceeded the national agency rate cap effective from 23rd November 2015. Any shifts outside of this are subject to the approval of the Chief Executive and is driven by a strict commitment to maintaining safe staffing levels. We do not expect to comply with the cap for some medical shifts throughout 2016-17.

5.7 E-rostering and Reduction in Reliance on Agency Staffing

- 5.7.1 The use of temporary staffing continues to be high. There is a shift away from the use of premium rate agency staff. Significant actions are being taken to reduce 'unplanned' agency use and all requests for temporary staffing are considered and require sign off by the Chief Nurse.
- 5.7.2 We are making modifications to further exploit the functionality of e-rostering to enable requests for temporary staffing to be scrutinised against the shift rostering at the time of booking. Accountability challenges with nurse leaders are being introduced.
- 5.7.3 Our "Fully Staffed" plans to recruit to 'hard to fill' posts, reduce 'time to hire', drive down sickness absence and manage vacancies are all in place and being actively monitored, reported and scrutinised at the Workforce Delivery Committee and the Workforce and OD Committee.

5.8 Alignment with Local Education and Training Board plans to ensure workforce supply needs are met

5.8.1 Everything in our 2020 vision depends on the skills, talents and teamwork of our workforce. To support this in 2015 we launched our multi-year education, learning and development plan setting out extra ring-fenced investment in training and development and how we will support staff to develop the skills and competence they need to deliver our ambitions for 2020 and the years in between. We are active members of the Black Country LETC/West Midlands LETB and continue to influence strategies to improve workforce supply through education commissioning and skills development.

5.9 Conclusion

5.9.1 The Trust has a safe and sustainable workforce plan for the delivery of its financial plan in 2016/17 as part of its 2 year change programme. The plan has been developed with clinical and service lead engagement. A robust governance and internal assurance process is in place to ensure that delivery is achieved safely and sustainably.

6 Approach to Financial Planning

6.1 Introduction

- 6.1.1 The Trust's financial plans are grounded in the long term financial model (LTFM) underpinning the business case for the Midland Metropolitan Hospital (MMH) which have been supported by local commissioners and approved by the Department of Health and the Treasury.
- 6.1.2 Those plans have been amended on an exceptional basis to take account of more up to date information. The changes include: changed approach to accounting treatment for the Managed Equipment Service (MES) business case; update to the Trust capital programme reflecting progress in 2015/16 and a review of the phasing of the longer term programme; update of inflation assumptions to reflect the December draft tariff publication; update of the Trust's forecast financial position at 31st March 2016 and the related underlying position.

6.2 Financial Forecasts and Modelling

- The underlying long term financial plan is consistent with activity and workforce plans in the MMH business case.
- The "source and application of funds" statements in the financial return set out the key movements that bridge 2015/16 forecasts to plans for 2016/17.
 - The Trust savings requirement is currently set at £23m, 4.8% of expenditure. This delivers national efficiency, continues the establishment of the "Right Care Right Here" reserve which will be used non-recurrently to support transformation prior to its recurrent use to support the MMH Unitary Payment, and recovers the underlying 2015/16 deficit.
 - The Trust's plans continue to include a significant assumption around repatriation of activity from other providers, consistent with the MMH LTFM.
 - The plan reflects neither receipt nor use of the sustainability and transformation fund, consistent with the Trust Chief Executive's response to Bob Alexander.
- The plan results in a Capital Servicing and Liquidity rating of 4 and a Financial Sustainability risk rating of 4 for 2016/17.
- 6.2.4 The 2015/16 forecast outturn is set at £3.8m which is the position to be reflected in the Trust's period 10 return for 2015/16. Since the plan return is built on the LTFM position for 2015/16 it may differ in detail from the actual outturn, though not in aggregate.
- The forecast surplus for 2016/17 as per the LTFM is £4.3m. This is contingent upon the Trust achieving an additional £7m of SLA income, restoring it to LTFM levels and also achieving the full £23m CIP. The risk to achieving the increased income is assessed as £5m £8m due to commissioners not currently supporting the LTFM levels. The risk to achieving the £23m CIP is also assessed as £5m £8m, principally due to insufficient schemes being delivered in the first half of the year. Finally, a risk of delivery is costed at £1m, reflecting the potential additional support that the Trust will require in delivering the significant CIP agenda.
- 6.2.6 Given the risks to delivering the 2016/17 agenda cited above, the Trust plans to make a deficit of £7m in 2016/17, £11.3m below the LTFM £4.3m surplus. This is a prudent position and the Trust is reviewing how any impact can be mitigated to revert to LTFM levels.

6.3 Efficiency Savings for 2016/17

- 6.3.1 The Trust has developed a 2 year cost improvement programme for April 2016 March 2018 with the objective of delivering £44m of savings. £23m of these savings are planned for 2016/17. A workforce planning process commenced in September 2015 as a precursor to the business planning process which is generating detailed bottom up plans. Savings plans have also been informed by external benchmarking, the Lord Carter of Coles' data and case studies.
- 6.3.2 The key themes identified for 2016/17 include:
 - A reduction of 2 acute wards, partly enabled by the provision of additional community services;
 - A reduction of 1 theatre:
 - The reduction in administrative time of both administrative and clinical staff through the introduction of technology;
 - A reduction of sickness and absence, releasing temporary staffing costs;
 - A reduction in temporary staffing costs;
 - A focus on reducing procurement costs through more standardisation, negotiating better terms and tighter stock control.

6.4 Lord Carter's provider productivity Work Programme

6.4.1 The Trust has been undertaking detailed planning for CIPs for 2016/17 and 2017/18. The plan is to reduce operating costs by c.£44m over the 2 year period. This compares to an opportunity of c.£51m identified in the Adjusted Treatment Cost Data Pack that the Trust has received. Given that this is derived on the basis of the Trust achieving the national mean cost for treatments provided, prima facie the data endorses the achievability of the Trust's CIP agenda.

6.5 Agency Rules

- 6.5.1 The Trust Board in December 2015 delegated the authority to breach the agency rate cap to the Chief Executive. The Trust is complying with the TDA weekly reporting requirement to notify the number of shifts where the agency rate price cap has been exceeded and an 'off-framework' agency has been used.
- In line with approach that the TDA is taking nationally, the Trust along with a group of its counterparts is working together to avoid use of agencies with rates that are above the agency rate cap such that they will only be used in a 'break glass' situation on the grounds of safety.
- 6.5.3 The Trust will continue to monitor weekly breaches and to negotiate revised terms with those agencies above the agency cap rate.

6.6 Procurement

6.6.1 Procurement improvement is a one of a number of savings themes pursued using the Programme Management Office (PMO) approach to savings identification and delivery. The Trust's approach has been examined by the TDA as part of the approval process for the MMH business case.

6.7 Capital Planning

6.7.1 The Trust's capital programme is shown below:

Table 4 Capital Programme

					CBC Po					
	Forecast	Period								
	Mar-16	Mar-17	Mar-18	Mar-19	Mar-20	Mar-21	Mar-22	Mar-23	Mar-24	Total
	£000's	£000's								
Construction Costs	42,146	113,885	98,408	38,061	4,454	0	0	0	0	296,954
Capital Programme	14,911	8,596	9,687	7,484	13,503	9,814	7,896	7,156	7,026	86,074
Fixed Imaging Kit	-	2,300	3,000	10,800	-	1,800	70	80	800	18,850
EPR & IM&T	5,096	7,147	8,899	2,116	600	1,472	1,309	1,000	900	28,539
Retained Estate Refurbishment Contingency	-	-	1,000	1,000	-	4,000	-	-	-	6,000
Total	62,153	131,929	120,994	59,461	18,557	17,086	9,275	8,236	8,726	436,416
Funded by:										
Special Purpose Vehicle	42,146	69,384	51,849	31,921	4,454	0	0	0	0	199,754
Public Dividend Capital	0	44,501	46,559	6,140	-	0	0	0	0	97,200
Trust Capital Programme	20,008	15,744	18,586	9,600	14,103	11,286	9,205	8,156	7,926	114,612
MES operating Lease	-	2,300	3,000	10,800	-	1,800	70	80	800	18,850
Land Sale Proceeds	-	-	-	1,500	1,500	3,000	-	-	-	6,000
Total	62,153	131,929	119,994	59,961	20,057	16,086	9,275	8,236	8,726	436,416
Working Capital Impact	-	-	1,000	500	- 1,000	-	-	-	-	

- The capital programme is a single whole. It covers the estate, IT and equipping requirements identified in our TDA-agreed business case. The Board has approved a four year single programme, which is overseen via the Finance and Investment Committee.
- 6.7.3 The Trust's capital programme is self-funded, other than pre-agreed PDC contributions. The managed equipment service for imaging is at FBC stage. Land disposal will proceed in 2017-18 as identified in the Midland Met FBC.

7 Link to the emerging 'Sustainability and Transformation Plan' (STP)

7.1 Introduction

- 7.1.1 The Trust will develop three linked plans at aggregated scale:
 - Right Care, Right Here
 - The Black Country Alliance
 - The West Birmingham and the Black Country STP

7.2 Right Care Right Here (RCRH) Partners

7.2.1 The RCRH Programme has developed a new model of care for the local population summarised in the figure below. Through RCRH we expect to deliver changes in outpatient demand and follow up care, and alterations to models of intermediate care too.

Figure 1: The RCRH Approach



7.2.2 The RCRH Programme is overseen by a programme executive and office. All stakeholders contribute and public oversight is obtained via Board meeting quarterly.

7.3 The Black Country Alliance (BCA)

- 7.3.1 This vehicle, which spans three local Trusts, is the principal route by which we will achieve rationalisation of back office functions and clinical coherence at a subspecialist level. The scope of pathways under consideration at present is:
 - Urology
 - Histopathology

- Rheumatology
- Interventional Radiology
- Stroke
- Oncology
- 7.3.2 Joint working between clinicians from the participating trusts is well underway to develop who these services will operate at scale. Additionally, procurement is within scope of the BCA, offering an opportunity to drive more competitive rates with greater volumes.
- 7.3.3 Governance of the Alliance is well developed with a programme office, and monthly Programme Board attended by Chairs and Chief Executives. An independent chair for the BCA will be agreed in spring 2016.

7.4 West Birmingham & the Black Country STP

- 7.4.1 This is a new collaboration, organised to submit an aggregated plan across organisations within the four boroughs of the Black Country and the 22% of Birmingham residents served by the local CCG. We will look to meet the planning requirements on this wider footprint, where they cannot be satisfied at a more local level.
- 7.4.2 Each STP is required to deliver 9 'must dos'. The Trust's role in delivering these is set out below:

Must do	Trust's contribution
Develop a high quality and agreed STP , and subsequently achieve what you determine are your most locally critical milestones for accelerating progress in 2016/17 towards achieving the triple aim as set out in the Forward View .	The Trust is working with its lead Commissioner in developing a STP, based on the firm foundation of the Right Care Right Here programme, which has formed the basis of the Trust's LTFM.
Return the system to aggregate financial balance. This includes secondary care providers delivering efficiency savings through actively engaging with the Lord Carter provider productivity work programme and complying with the maximum total agency spend and hourly rates set out by NHS Improvement. CCGs will additionally be expected to deliver savings by tackling unwarranted variation in demand through implementing the Right Care programme in every locality.	In accordance with its LTFM, the Trust has developed a £23m cost improvement programme for 2016/17. The Lord Carter report has been considered when putting this programme together. Efficiency savings identified in the programme will be made through improved productivity, better quality and driving better value for money from the products and services that the Trust buys in. In addition, the Trust is working towards the Right Care Right Here plan, reducing and shifting activity where appropriate such as reduced new:follow up ratios for outpatient appointments and moving care closer to home.
Develop and implement a local plan to address the sustainability and quality of general practice, including workforce and workload	The Trust is working with local practices to develop more sustainable models of care and is also exploring the use of shared infrastructure

Must do	Trust's contribution
issues.	such as finance functions.
Get back on track with access standards for A&E and ambulance waits, ensuring more than 95% of patients wait no more than four hours in A&E, and that all Ambulance Trusts respond to 75% of Category A calls within eight minutes; including through making progress in implementing the urgent and emergency care review and associated ambulance standard pilots.	The Trust's year to date performance as at the end of January 2016 was 93.3%. This is up from 92.8% for the same period in 2015.
Improvement against and maintenance of the NHS Constitution standards that more than 92% of patients on non-emergency pathways wait no more than 18 weeks from referral to treatment , including offering patient choice.	At least 92% of patients have been treated within 18 weeks on the incomplete pathway. For the non admitted and admitted patient pathways, the Trust exceeded the national targets of 95% and 90% respectively until October 2015. Performance in January 2016 was 91.2% and 86.6% respectively. Significant demand and capacity modelling has been undertaken and a clear plan established to ensure that activity standards are met for 2016/17.
Deliver the NHS Constitution 62 day cancer waiting standard, including by securing adequate diagnostic capacity; continue to deliver the constitutional two week and 31 day cancer standards and make progress in improving one-year survival rates by delivering a year-on-year improvement in the proportion of cancers diagnosed at stage one and stage two; and reducing the proportion of cancers diagnosed following an emergency admission.	week waits have been consistently met during 2015/16. Performance in January 2015 was 93.6% and 96.1% for breast symptomatic. day standards have been met throughout the year to date and have consistently exceeded national performance.
Achieve and maintain the two new mental health access standards: more than 50% of people experiencing a first episode of psychosis will commence treatment with a NICE approved care package within two weeks of referral; 75% of people with common mental health conditions referred to the Improved Access to Psychological Therapies (IAPT) programme will be treated within six weeks of referral, with 95% treated within 18 weeks. Continue to meet a dementia diagnosis rate of at least two-thirds of the estimated number of people with dementia.	n/a
Deliver actions set out in local plans to transform care for people with learning disabilities , including implementing enhanced community	n/a

Must do	Trust's contribution
provision, reducing inpatient capacity, and rolling out care and treatment reviews in line with published policy.	
Develop and implement an affordable plan to make improvements in quality particularly for organisations in special measures. In addition, providers are required to participate in the annual publication of avoidable mortality rates by individual Trusts.	The Trust has developed a 'Quality Plan' which sets internal outcome based standards across services. These either exceed or complement national standards.

SWBTB: 16-17/012

Sandwell and West Birmingham Hospitals WHS

TRUST BOARD

DOCUMENT TITLE:	Cancer update
SPONSOR (EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR):	Rachel Barlow - Chief Operating Officer
AUTHOR:	Rachel Barlow - Chief Operating Officer
DATE OF MEETING:	7 th April 2015

EXECUTIVE SUMMARY:

The Trust performs well in the delivery of cancer access to treatment, particularly against the regional and national context.

We are consistently well rated by patients with 87% of our patients rating our experience of our services as good or excellent. We enjoy a tradition of active patient engagement holding an annual well-being fair for patients and carers.

Our strategic vision for cancer services at Sandwell and West Birmingham is to provide comprehensive and state of the art surgical and medical cancer services to the people of Sandwell, West Birmingham and the wider Black Country as locally as possible - through a number of strategic service and academic partnerships within the Black Country Alliance, regional cancer centres and local universities.

This will require us to be better than we currently are, aligning tumour site access standards, further improving clinical outcomes (aligned to our Quality Plan) and patient experience as well as developing excellence in research (aligned to our internal R&D Plan).

REPORT RECOMMENDATION:

The Trust Board is asked to discuss the elements of cancer services as presented and to consider the breadth and depth of the improvement goals in line with our ambitions.

The Trust Board are asked to support the establishment of a non-executive director portfolio related to cancer.

ACTION REQUIRED (*Indicate with 'x' the purpose that applies*):

The receiving body is asked to receive, consider and:

Accept		Approve the recommendation	enuation Discuss		
				x	
KEY AREAS OF IMPACT (Inc	dicate w	ith 'x' all those that apply):			
Financial		Environmental		Communications & Media	
Business and market share		Legal & Policy	Х	Patient Experience	Χ
Clinical	Χ	Equality and Diversity	Χ	Workforce	Χ
_					

Comments:

Cancer briefing

1. Introduction

Our strategic vision for cancer services at Sandwell and West Birmingham is to provide comprehensive and state of the art surgical and medical cancer services to the people of Sandwell, West Birmingham and the wider Black Country as locally as possible - through a number of strategic service and academic partnerships within the Black Country Alliance, regional cancer centres and local universities.

This paper covers several aspects related to the provision of cancer services:

- Service provision, performance and clinical outcomes
- Improvement goals are identified throughout the document
- Update on the future oncology model
- Future governance arrangements for Cancer

2. Service provision and performance

2.1 Our services

The Trusts hosts the Specialist Cancer Centre service for Gynae-oncology and provides cancer unit services for other tumour sites as summarised in Table 1.

Table 1; summary of tumour sites, To standard (target to meet 85%)	rust base and performa	nce against the 62 d	ay time to treatment
62 day performance January 2016	Base	TRUST %	NATIONAL %
BREAST	City	100	95.1
GYNAE	City	78.9	80.7
HAEMATOLOGY	Sandwell	77.8	81.2
H&N	City	66.7	70.3
LOWER GI	Sandwell	90.2	75.2
LUNG	City and sandwell	100	75.2
SKIN	City	95	94.8
UGI	Sandwell	73.7	75.4
UROLOGY	City	76.4	78.7

There are 2 Chemotherapy units based at Sandwell Hospital and the Birmingham Treatment Centre. Waits from decision to treat to chemotherapy administration are unacceptable and can take up to 10 days. The current 1 stop model of chemotherapy is fraught with long delays for patients waiting for administration and drug preparation. A new 2 stop model which will be implemented in May will see patients in clinic on day 1 where their chemotherapy is prescribed and the patient prepared to receive treatment. The following day patients will attend for chemotherapy and treatment will be delivered without delay. Over all patients will spend less time in the hospital and delays in treatment will be reduced.

Improvement goal 1: access to chemotherapy within 30 minutes of appointment time

Improvement goal 2: access to chemotherapy within 7 days of decision to treat

Radiotherapy and specialist cancer surgery are provided at neighbouring cancer centres. For these pathways, patients are transferred to partners such as University Hospital Birmingham for treatment.

An Acute Oncology Service is provided in the Trust which provides a rapid response for cancer patients when an acute episode develops in their treatment pathway, for example sepsis, or side effects of their treatment which need additional support to that originally planned. There is current inequity between our sites in terms of oncology admissions, in which patients known at Sandwell Hospital are admitted there, and those visiting City attend the University Hospital Birmingham.

Improvement goal 3: resolve the current inequity between our sites in terms of oncology admissions, in which patients known at SGH are admitted there, and those visiting City attend the UHBFT.

2.2 Our performance

Compared to regional and national cancer performance, the Trust performs well against the cancer access standards meeting the 2 week referral and 62 day treatment standards regularly. We aim to better this performance by achieving tumour site level compliance. Table 1 (page 1) compares our performance with national delivery.

Improvement goal 4: achieve tumour level compliance with the 62 day treatment target

Focus nationally now includes near misses defined as 60-62 days and the very longest of waits that are over 104 days. These cases tend to be complex patients, but our root cause reviews demonstrate there are efficiencies within our pathways that could further reduce the redundant or non-added value waiting times.

Urology has typically accounted for a majority of our 62 day breaches. Redesign of the TRUS biopsy pathway and the new scheduling of diagnostic tests have reduced the mean waiting time, eliminating breaches on this pathway in January.

Each tumour pathway should have key stage milestones from referral through diagnostics and a multidisciplinary team meeting to treatment which are agreed across a Cancer Network and published. The local cancer network has been fairly inactive in recent years. The Trust has worked with partner provider organisations and more recently the Cancer Network to agree pathways for most specialities.

Improvement goal 5: agree and publish pathways for all tumour sites

2.3 Our Clinical Outcomes

Our early detection rates of cancers detected at stage 1 and 2 has increased over the two year period ending in 2013 to 46.7% compared to the England average of 45.7%.

Our under 75 mortality rate from cancer (>75 DSR per 100,000 population) is 135.90 for 2014, which was a 3.5 point reduction compared to the previous year. A reduction was also seen, to a lesser extent, in England for the same period where the average under 75 mortality rate from cancer is 121.4. SWB CCG has the second highest rate in the local area with only Wolverhampton CCG higher with 142.9. The next publication of this national data is September 2016.

Linked to the Quality Plan we have ambitious goals over the next 3 years to improve our health outcomes for patients with SWBH being among the top 20% of comparable NHS Trusts.

Improvement goal 6: Cancer patients that we treat will have some of the best health outcomes in the UK, with SWBH being among the top 20% of comparable NHS Trusts.

In terms of improving outcomes, research and clinical trials are important factors. We are currently contributing well to research in gynae-oncology and colorectal specialities. Breast cancer is not particularly active in the research domain - and we are targeting this as part of the Research and Development Plan. Our recruitment of oncologists includes targeting research active consultants.

Improvement goal 7: to increase the number of patients recruited to clinical studies

2.4 Our patient experience

The consistently high level of response to the national patient experience surveys for cancer and chemotherapy, demonstrates how much patients value the opportunity to provide us with feedback about their experiences of attending our hospitals for their cancer treatment. The survey results provides us with a real opportunity to identify areas that matter most to our patients and to take responsive and positive action to ensure this information is used to improve our services.

The latest national cancer patient experience survey (2014) provided another positive set of results with 87% patients of our patients rating our care 'excellent / 'very good'. Our patients commended us for:

- Staff having access to all necessary patient records
- Post discharge advise
- Privacy on examination
- Clinical Nurse Specialist support
- Provision of written patient information for chemotherapy treatment and side effects

Over previous years we demonstrated improvements on:

- Waits and nurses on duty
- Diagnostic explanation, written information, family involved in care
- Enabling access to support groups and financial assistance
- Keeping our GP's informed on patient condition & treatment

The positive comments received from patients as part of the survey results, tell us that we continue to do well in many areas and that our cancer teams continue to provide dedicated and empathetic care. However, we know that in some areas our patients think we need to, and could do, better:

- Waits on the day for chemotherapy appointments
- Frequency of GP presentation prior to referral
- Care planning and emotional support

Improvement goal 8: By April 2017, all patients diagnosed with Breast, Prostate, Lung or Bowel cancer will receive a Holistic Needs Assessment with their allocated Key Worker (Clinical Nurse Specialist) within 3 months of their initial diagnosis, which will be recorded in their clinical notes and shared with the patient and GP.

The Trust holds an annual cancer well-being fair which works with patients and carers offering support to those both receiving treatment and those who are survivors of cancer. This year's annual event is on Saturday 14th May at Aston Villa Football Ground, with an anticipated attendance of 350 carers and patients.

3. Oncology update and peer review standards

The Trust's provision of cancer care is measured in accordance with the national peer review standards. The immediate concerns raised in previous reviews are related to oncology cover at Multidisciplinary Team Meetings (MDTs).

In August 2015 University Hospitals Birmingham (UHB) formally withdrew from providing oncology input into the Trust effective April 2016. The Board agreed that the Trust should seek other partners, whilst working to develop a proposal based around the Black Country Alliance population of over 1 million people. In late February 2016, UHB confirmed that they would be able to provide some aspects of their prior service through to July 1st.

During the intervening six months, in order to sustain safe services, and meet our ambitions to expand provision, the Trust has both employed our own staff, and created new partnerships with Royal Wolverhampton and UHCW. These arrangements provide a stable basis for service delivery beyond July. To date no confirmation has been received of UHB's intentions beyond July 1st.

NHS England commission these services and remain profoundly concerned by the overall situation. The Trust is seeking to work them to understand their concerns, and ensure that they understand our concerns. The Joint OSC, as well as Health-watch, have been kept updated on service proposals and changes.

From April patients adjacent to the QE and RWT should have the opportunity to receive radiotherapy locally, from a clinical oncologist who routinely attends an MDT, as the IOG requires. The Trust's tumour group leads have voiced strong support for the changes being put in place.

Looking forward there is a need to bring base stability to this set of services and the Trust is taking steps to ensure that this happens, and that decisions about local services are made locally, in the context of the Sustainability and Transformation planning process.

There are a number of key performance indicators that underpin the peer review standards that input to an operational scorecard, measuring administration effectiveness and imaging reporting times. These will be tracked regularly and reported to the Cancer Board (see section 4).

Improvement goal 9: change our MDT structure, to reduce the very high proportion currently taking place on a Thursday, which makes it impossible for either oncologists, radiologists or pathologists to provide cross cover during leave of absence.

In addition to the oncology developments, the Trust will create an acute oncology and Cancer of Unknown Primary (CUP) MDT this year to meet peer review standards. This builds on prior work done in the Trust on cancer of unknown primary, notably through our Beacon gastro service.

Improvement goal 10: Create by July 2015 both an acute oncology and CUP MDT.

4. Cancer Board and leadership roles

The intention is to establish a new Cancer Board as a subcommittee of CLE. This Board will be a successor to the Local Cancer Action Team (LCAT), Cancer Taskforce and Pace Group. The LCAT has lacked attendance and direction, possibly confused by the existence of 3, albeit necessary, cancer related groups or projects.

The triumvirate leadership for cancer will be strengthened with the appointment of the substantive deputy COO for Planned Care and the Trust Lead Cancer Nurse role in Q4, to work alongside the Cancer Lead Clinical role. The role of this team will be to have strategic oversight for Cancer services and the delivery of the improvement and development programmes that support our vision.

It is intended the Board be established in April 2016 and a full terms of reference signed off at that stage; the principles of which will include:

- Demand and capacity planning including horizon scanning campaigns
- Peer review standard compliance (Peer review programme 2016 attached as appendix 2 for information)
- Pathway design (including across network)
- Delivery of the Chemotherapy model
- Development of oncology
- E-prescribing
- Survivorship strategy
- Partnership development eg; Macmillan
- Research and education plans

Membership of the Board will include:

- Cancer Lead Clinician
- Trust Lead Cancer Nurse
- Deputy COO for Planned Care
- Tumour site leads
- General Manager supporting Oncology
- Cancer Services Manager
- Oncology configuration project manager
- Radiologist
- Executive sponsor
- Partnership representatives

A patient stakeholder group will support and inform the work of the Cancer Board.

It is also recommended that a non-executive director portfolio be established to take a special interest in cancer.

5. Conclusion and recommendations

The Trust Board is asked to consider the improvement goals and discuss the breadth and ambition of the goals in light of our strategic vision for cancer services at Sandwell and West Birmingham being to provide comprehensive and state of the art surgical and medical cancer services to the people of Sandwell, West Birmingham and the wider Black Country as locally as possible - through a number of strategic service and academic partnerships within the Black Country Alliance, regional cancer centres and local universities.

SWBTB: 16-17/013

Sandwell and West Birmingham Hospitals Wis

	TRUST BOARD
DOCUMENT TITLE:	R&D Plan
SPONSOR (EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR):	Roger Stedman, Medical Director
AUTHOR:	Prof Karim Raza, Director of R&D.
DATE OF MEETING:	7 April 2016

EXECUTIVE SUMMARY:

The Trust's R&D Plan has nine objectives. We are making good progress towards eight of them as described in the R&D report presented to the Trust Board in February 2016. The one objective for which R&D is significantly behind target relates to the very significant expansion in numbers of patients recruited to portfolio adopted studies. This report details how we will meet our target of recruiting 6,000 patients to NIHR portfolio adopted studies with a revised timeline and explains the required enablers for this.

REPORT RECOMMENDATION:

That the Board:

- consider and challenge progress against the R&D plan.
- seek assurances around those matters listed in the report as requiring Trust level support.

ACTION REQUIRED (Indicate with x' the purpose that applies): The receiving body is asked to receive, consider and: Accept Approve the recommendation **Discuss** KEY AREAS OF IMPACT (Indicate with 'x' all those that apply): Environmental Financial Communications & Media Business and market share Legal & Policy Patient Experience Х Equality and Workforce Х Clinical X

Comments:

ALIGNMENT TO TRUST OBJECTIVES, RISK REGISTERS, BAF, STANDARDS AND PERFORMANCE METRICS:

Diversity

PREVIOUS CONSIDERATION:

Background:

2014-15 saw SWBH recruit its largest ever number of patients to NIHR portfolio adopted studies (2,085 patients).

We are now exceeding our 2014-15 recruitment and are on track to reach **2,450 patients in 2015-16**. SWBH was one of very few secondary care Trusts to increase recruitment in 2015-16. This 18% increase in activity will have been achieved with an R&D workforce that was reduced by approximately 20% over that period due to vacant posts. These posts have now been filled and our revised timeline is described below.

The Trust's R&D plan requires an increase in activity (defined as the number of patients recruited to studies) by a further 250%. The majority the R&D funding comes from the West Midlands Clinical Research Network (CRN). The CRN's funding model is based on median activity based funding units in the 3 preceding years and allows a year on year increase in funding that is capped at 15%. The 3 year median rule means that our funding for 2017-18 cannot rise above our funding for 2016-17. Over the next 3 years we can only grow our funding by ~30%. Our proposal for increased activity thus involves new ways of working. For some of these R&D will have primary responsibility. Others require facilitation at a Clinical Group level.

Enhanced recruitment will be facilitated by R&D functions including:

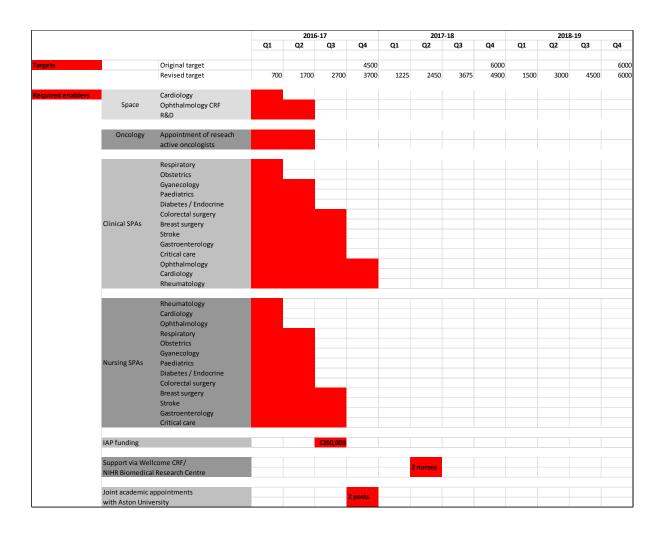
- 1. **R&D staffing up to complement:** 20% increase in staffing compared with 2015-16 should translate to circa 20% increased activity.
- 2. Promotion of research in previously less active specialities but with significant potential for research delivery: e.g. respiratory, maternity, anaesthetics.
- 3. Increased cooperation between specialties: Cardiology & Stroke; Respiratory & Rheumatology.
- 4. Expansion of studies recruiting well at one site to another: BBC-AF from City to Sandwell.
- 5. **Enhanced R&D activity by Allied Health Professionals:** e.g. Physiotherapists and Speech and Language Therapists.
- 6. **New high recruiting studies identified:** e.g.[1] CANDID: Cancer Diagnosis Decision Rules (~70pts); [2] DOMINO ID: Defining Outcome Measures in Ocular Inflammatory Disease (~150pts); [3] CVR-AF Cerebral vasomotor regulation in atrial fibrillation (~60pts); [4] Perceptions of risk amongst patients with rheumatoid arthritis (~600pts: study funded but NIHR portfolio adoption to be confirmed).
- 7. Continuing to develop links with **partner organisations** (e.g. University of Birmingham and Aston University) to facilitate access to resources (e.g. research nurses via NIHR Wellcome CRF).

These are all areas where we have made significant progress in 2015-16.

These R&D functions will require support at a Trust level in the context of the following:

1. Provision of **space** that is fit for purpose - Academic Cardiology, the Ophthalmology Clinical Research Facility and the R&D Department itself have all been informed that they all have to vacate their current premises in 2016-17. Plans for alternative space are currently uncertain.

- 2. The appointment of **oncologists** who can support expansion in the oncology portfolio.
- 3. Creation of **SPA time for consultants** that allows research delivery in the specialities identified on p2 and the effective performance management of these individuals and this time.
- 4. Review of **clinical nurse specialist** job plans to create time to allow for research delivery in the specialities identified on p2 and the effective performance management of these individuals and this time.
- 5. Develop **new academic appointments** with University of Birmingham and Aston University.
- 6. Support R&D via additional IAP funding in 2016-17.



SWBTB: 16-17/014

Sandwell and West Birmingham Hospitals

Discuss

TRUST BOARD

DOCUMENT TITLE:	Sickness Absence Update - Q1 Actions for 2016/17
SPONSOR (EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR):	Raffaela Goodby, Director of Organisation Development
AUTHOR:	Lesley Barnett, Head of Workforce (Deputy Director)
DATE OF MEETING:	7 th April 2016

EXECUTIVE SUMMARY:

The attached report provides an overview of sickness absence levels and progress with agreed actions since April 2015. It sets out what has worked and what hasn't worked, to provide an answer to 'what do we need to do differently in 2016/17 Q1 to tackle sickness absence in SWBH'.

Trust sickness absence remains unacceptably high with the rolling 12 month sickness figure for February 2016 being 4.99% and in-month 4.92%. At Group level, Surgery B has consistently maintained an strong level of attendance on target to achieve a sickness absence rate below 3.5%. Only 15 of the Trust's Directorates are likely to achieve the 3.5% target by the March 2016 year end.

Signficant progress has been made towards many of the agreed actions, but consistent, local leadership via the agreed 'confirm and challenge' process has not been adopted consistently across all Groups with more robust governance and outcomes from each meeting needed and monitored at executive level.

The Trust will have a focus on sickness & absence (and procurement) in Q1 in order to drive the £923k of 'Reducing Sickness CIP savings" identified in the 2016-2018 business planning process. Each group has a detailed trajectory for achieving those savings. Surgery A is given as an example in appendix D.

REPORT RECOMMENDATION:

- Review why our smaller Groups and Directorates tend to ensure a better attendance level than their larger counterparts.
- Group's to embed the Confirm and Challenge process and to provide visible leadership, coaching and supporting line managers, with a more robust governance process to be monitored at exec level.
- To continue to focus on data quality and to consider the introduction of an alternative electronic system to capture sickness absence data.
- To analyse the increased long-term sickness absence to better understand the causal reasons.
- To review the staff health and wellbeing programme to ensure that it is reflective of sickness absence data and is well communicated and understood and responds to staff feedback.
- To review the impact of the staff physiotherapy service
- 7. Deep dive review on psychological support offered to employees in response to increase in long term sickness cases.
- Host Focus groups, QIHD and local feedback on 100% and good attendance
- Review and consider changes to shifts in hot spot areas if this is found to be driving absence

ACTION REQUIRED (*Indicate with 'x' the purpose that applies*):

The receiving body is asked to receive, consider and:

		Λ								
KEY AREAS OF IMPACT (Indicate with 'x' all those that apply):										
Financial	X	Environmental		Communications & Media						
Business and market share		Legal & Policy		Patient Experience						
Clinical		Equality and Diversity		Workforce	Х					

Approve the recommendation

Comments:

ALIGNMENT TO TRUST OBJECTIVES, RISK REGISTERS, BAF, STANDARDS AND PERFORMANCE METRICS:

Trust objective to reduce sickness absence

PREVIOUS CONSIDERATION:

SWBTB: 16-17/014

Introduction:

We started the financial year with reducing sickness as one of our key priorities.

2015 – 2016 Priority Number 26 - Cut sickness absence below 3.5% with a focus on reducing days lost to short term sickness*

o This means that return to work interviews become standard and we enforce comprehensively our existing sickness policy.

Where did we start? The baseline as at April 2015 was well above the target figure of 3.5% across all Groups with the exception of Surgery B. Details of the Trust's sickness absence levels by Group in April 2015 are set out in table 1 below. The data is expressed as a twelve month rolling average, an accepted technique to smooth out the seasonal variation normally associated with sickness absence levels. The target of 3.5% set by the organisation requires the Groups to have achieved an in-month sickness absence level by 31st March 2016.

What are the prospects of achieving the target of 3.5%? The only Group expected to meet the target of 3.5%, achieved through consistent high levels of attendance is Surgery B. With the exception of Community and Therapies where sickness levels have begun to reduce all other Groups remain either at a static level or deteriorating position.

Table 1: Group Sickness Absence – Rolling 12 month figures:

Groups	Target	Baseline (14/15)	Apr- 15	May -15	Jun- 15	Jul- 15	Aug -15	Sep- 15	Oct- 15	Nov -15	Dec- 15	Jan- 16	Feb- 16	Ran k	Curre nt Mth v Targe t
Community &	0.50	4.00	5 00	- 40	5.00	5.00	5.00	- 07	- 05	5.00	4.00	4.05	4.70	_	
Therapies	3.50	4.93	5.03	5.19	5.20	5.29	5.36	5.27	5.05	5.02	4.92	4.85	4.79	5	
Corporate	3.50	4.46	4.57	4.64	4.75	4.78	4.73	4.77	4.91	4.91	4.90	4.79	4.73	4	
Imaging	3.50	4.63	4.74	4.71	4.78	4.78	4.61	4.51	4.44	4.57	4.57	4.60	4.66	3	
Medicine &															
Emergency Care	3.50	4.57	4.67	4.83	4.75	4.87	4.91	5.01	5.17	5.37	5.43	5.56	5.53	7	
Pathology	3.50	4.17	4.20	4.27	4.34	4.34	4.36	4.39	4.31	4.20	4.15	4.34	4.28	2	
Surgery A	3.50	5.36	5.39	5.32	5.21	5.23	5.18	5.24	5.25	5.28	5.20	5.27	5.27	6	
Surgery B	3.50	3.24	3.19	3.28	3.24	3.18	3.25	3.22	3.14	3.14	3.16	3.23	3.12	1	
Women's & Child Health	3.50	5.21	5.32	5.48	5.56	5.64	5.60	5.62	5.64	5.71	5.83	5.83	5.60	8	
Trust	3.50	4.69	4.77	4.86	4.87	4.92	4.91	4.94	4.98	5.04	5.04	5.06	4.99		

Table 2: Group Sickness Absence - 'in-month' figures:

Group: In Month Sickness %	Short	Short-term		j-term	Total:		
	April 2015	Feb 2016	April 2015	Feb 2016	April 2015	Feb 2016	
C&T	2.01	1.86	3.82	3.37	5.84	5.22	
Corporate	1.50	1.80	3.36	2.44	4.86	4.24	
Imaging	1.87	1.79	3.25	5.20	5.12	6.99	
Medicine	2.06	1.88	3.47	3.71	5.53	5.59	
Pathology	1.18	1.99	3.31	2.79	4.49	4.78	
Surgery A	1.86	2.41	3.05	3.50	4.91	5.90	
Surgery B	0.49	1.08	1.55	1.13	2.04	2.21	
W&CH	1.47	1.53	4.20	2.80	5.67	4.33	
Total:	1.67	1.85	3.39	3.07	5.06	4.92	

The trajectories for 2016/17, using 3% as an assumed end point in March 2017, are set out in appendix E.

In summary:

Surgery B has consistently maintained an strong level of attendance on target to achieve a sickness absence rate below 3.5% both rolling 12 month average and in month. This is a huge achievement and is testament to the consistent level of leadership within the Group.

Only 15 of the Trust's Directorates are likely to achieve the 3.5% in-month target by the year end as set out in Appendix A. Typically these directorates are relatively small with the largest being Opthalmology accounting for 3.89% of the Trust's headcount.

The larger bed holding Directorates have experienced the highest levels of sickness absence throughout the year. A pattern typical to previous years. There are early signs of an improvement in Medicine, Scheduled Care with inmonth figures close to 4.00% with effect from December 2015 which co-incides with the introduction of Directorate confirm and challenge process.

Progress against agreed actions:

Action:	Progress:
Robust application of the	The number of employees breaching policy triggers, leading to formal action is
Trust's sickness absence policy.	unacceptably low.
 Sickness absence 	
triggers	The number of cases resulting in a formal hearing has increased over the year
	but remain unacceptably low. Community and Therapies, Surgery A and
	Facilities have been most active but this trend is not seen consistently across all
	Groups.
Robust application of the	Conducting a robust return to work interview is considered a central part of
Trust's sickness absence policy.	robust sickness absence management. There has been a steady rise in
 Return to Work 	recorded compliance since April 2015, to the current report position of 72%.
Interviews	Given that sickness absence is a Trust priority this level of compliance remains
	disappointing and is not sufficiently comprehensive to provide assurance that
	all employees receive a return to work interview following their return from
	sickness absence.
Robust application of the	Feedback from HR/Occupational Health monthly case conferences identified
Trust's sickness absence policy.	that delays with holding timely review meetings and acting upon occupational
Review Meetings	advice extended sickness absence in approximately half of all cases reviewed.
	This will be the subject of review for 2016/17 Q1 with improved interaction
	between OH and the manager at early stages, and escalation through the
To important a control	confirm and challenge process.
To implement a central	The implementation of central call line for each Group has been a key
telephone Call Line for staff to	recommendation as it ensures consistency of approach.
use to report a sick.	Currently the following Crowns have adopted a central call line in line with the
	Currently the following Groups have adopted a central call line in line with the recommendation:
	Medicine
	Facilities
	Surgery A
	Surgery B
	Community and Therapies
	community and merupies
	Managers have been provided with an agreed 'script' to support them to
	ensure the conversation is supportive whilst being robust.
Confirm and Challenge	It was agreed at CLE that Groups with directorates above target would
Meetings	implement a monthly confirm and challenge meeting to ensure line managers
o o	were managing absences in accordance with policy i.e. by providing displine
	and rigour coupled with manager coaching and support.
	The adoption at directorate level has been mixed in terms of regularity and
	depth. Meetings are often cancelled, or have not been arranged at all, with
	operational pressures being cited as the primary cause.
	To support Directorates to undertake confirm and challenge meetings, the HR
	Dept provide a monthly score card, a copy of which is attached at Appendix A .
	It is expected that the style and content of the scorecard will evolve in response
	to feedback from directorate leads.

SWBTB: 16-17/014

Action:	Progress:
Support to Line Managers	Sickness Absence Clinics: The HR team provide monthly sickness absence clinics for Group managers to enable them to seek advice on individual cases. To date this has proven to be a positive intervention, well received by line managers.
	Sickness Absence Training: Bespoke sickness absence training has been provided by the HR team, notably within Community and Therapies, Women's and Child Health, Facilites and Surgery A. General sickness absence training sessions continue.
Data Quality	Line managers are responsible for entering sickness absence data into ESR. Whilst the quality of data held in the system has improved, there remain a number of concerns as detailed below:
	 a) Doctors' absence remains particularly low. Surgery A have recently modified their sickness absence reporting arrangements and have as a consequence identified that under reporting was almost certainly an issue in their Group. This has increased recorded doctor sickness by 50%. The same issues are likely to be present within our other clinical groups and will be addressed as we implement planned changes to the line management of our doctors. b) The interface between the e-rostering system and ESR remains unsatisfactory; requiring wards to dual enter sickness absence. This needs to be addressed in Q1 as part of the E-roster review. c) The ESR system is designed to default to a "nil return" if sickness data is not entered. Managers of departments with nil returns are sent reminders to ensure accuracy. Management engagement with the process is patchy, despite escalation, so whilst the level of assurance has improved there remains a residual issue. d) The number of apparent long-term cases occurring due to a failure to record an employee as having "returned to work" remain unacceptably high. Cases are being identified earlier in those Directorates that have
Sickness Absence Reports	adopted a monthly confirm and challenge process.
Sickliess Absence Reports	There are two key avenues to accessing information:ESR Business Intelligence Reports
	Workforce Information Reports – posted on the Workforce Information
	page monthly. The information provided has been reviewed and now includes directorate trajectories , and FTE lost in addition to details of individual absence.
Staff physiotherapy support	Employees with musculoskeletal health issues now have access to an improved
	staff physiotherapy service that was launched over the summer of 2015.

Other items of note:

1. Rise in long-term sickness

As illustrated in Appendix B, there has been a steady rise in the number of long-term sickness absence cases, across most staff groups over the last three years. Of particular note is the number of long-term cases of 1-3 months duration, reported as being due to anxiety/stress/depression/psychiatric illnesses.

It is not possible to say conclusively what is driving this trend. The current levels of vacancies, sustained increase in demand, uncertainty linked to organisational change and the age profile of the workforce are all likely to be contributory factors. The top reported workplace issues in the BDMA annual counselling report were work pressure, work overload and feeling undervalued, whilst 51 clients said that bullying was the reason for seeking counselling, this represents 5.8% of the referrals.

During Q1 a full review of long term sickness will take place – including 1) a review of the hot spot areas 2) a conversion of % to days / numbers of people to enable managers to understand the scale of their individual challenge 3) consider impact of shift working and model moving to a mixed shift model as suggested by WODC on 30th March.

2. Community and Therapies

Community Trusts generally have a higher level of sickness absence to that of acute Trusts. When benchmarked against a number of local community Trusts as illustrated in Appendix C, it is clear that Community and Therapies has moved from one of the worst performing to one of the better performing. The graph illustrates a clearly improving trend from April 2015 associated with the period from which the Group began active management.

3. Staff Health and Wellbeing

The Trust benefits from an active health and wellbeing programme which has over the last year has been focussed on the goals in the Public Health Plan, reported to the Trust's Public Health Committee. Whilst this may have been beneficial from a Public Health perspective, the downside has been the loss of direct contact with the sickness absence agenda. For the forthcoming year it is intended that the Workforce Delivery Committee has a more active role in debating and shaping the focus of the future staff health and wellbeing agenda around the data and trends of staff absence including a complete review of the communications and branding around 'staff health and well being'.

4. 100 % attendance areas – understanding and celebrating

Over the past 12 months the Trust focus has been on getting a 'grip' on sickness absence and in applying the policies and procedures – providing information and guidance, training and development. This has meant a decrease in focus on what is working well, and on celebrating good attendance. During Q1 we will host a series of focus groups with high performing areas to ascertain what works well, and gain some practical local ideas on reducing absence in other areas. We will also host a Shared Learning Topic on Absence and Well Being at a QIHD.

Conclusions:

- 1. Smaller Groups/Directorates typically have better levels of attendance.
- 2. Where Groups or Directorates are actively and visibly managing sickness absence, they are seeing improvements. Surgery B evidences that high levels of attendance can be maintained. Community and Therapies, whilst still above target within the Trust have evidenced improvements and are now benchmarked as a high performer compared to other community Trusts.
- 3. Changing the culture of a team or service area on sickness and absence will take time and requires clear, consistent visible leadership. It is important that our leaders have confidence in the sickness policy and process, and ensure sickness absence management is prioritised during their busy day jobs, with appropriate support from HR and OH.
- 4. Benchmarking the Trust against other acute Trusts within the Region clearly evidences that there is significant scope for improvement.

Recommendations in Q1: The focus required during 2016 as follows:

- 1. Review why our smaller Groups and Directorates tend to ensure a better attendance level than their larger counterparts.
- 2. Group's to embed the Confirm and Challenge process and to provide visible leadership, coaching and supporting line managers, with a more robust governance process to be monitored at exec level.
- 3. To continue to focus on data quality and to consider the introduction of an alternative electronic system to capture sickness absence data.
- 4. To analyse the increased long-term sickness absence to better understand the causal reasons.
- 5. To review the staff health and wellbeing programme to ensure that it is reflective of sickness absence data and is well communicated and understood and responds to staff feedback.
- 6. To review the impact of the staff physiotherapy service
- 7. Deep dive review on psychological support offered to employees in response to increase in long term sickness cases.
- 8. Host Focus groups, QIHD and local feedback on 100% and good attendance
- Review and consider changes to shifts in hot spot areas if this is found to be driving absence

Admitted Care

Sickness Absence Rate (Rolling 12 month)

Overall Target (Mar 2016)	Baseline (14/15)	Apr-15	May-15	Jun-15	Jul-15	Aug-15	Sep-15	Current Mth v Current Mth v Baseline
3.50	4.98	5.07	5.22	5.08	5.22	5.32	5.38	
		Oct-15	Nov-15	Dec-15	Jan-16	Feb-16	Mar-16	
		5.39	5.75	5.82				

Sickness Absence Rate (In month)

Previous 3 months	Oct-15				Nov-15		Dec-15			
Department (Cost Centres)	In Month Total	In Month ST	In Month LT	In Month Total	In Month ST	In Month LT	In Month Total	In Month ST	In Month LT	
CMD05 - Coronary Care Unit - City	8.80%	3.57%	5.23%	7.23%	4.91%	2.32%	8.66%	2.98%	5.68%	
NMEC1 - Lyndon 4	6.60%	3.09%	3.50%	8.90%	2.47%	6.43%	12.67%	3.28%	9.39%	
NMSTU - Priory 4	6.92%	2.35%	4.57%	7.71%	2.48%	5.24%	13.72%	2.47%	11.25%	
CMD26 - Elderly Care	12.48%	6.68%	5.80%	11.89%	2.60%	9.29%	13.78%	4.84%	8.94%	
SNPR5 - Priory 5	6.58%	1.87%	4.71%	7.53%	0.63%	6.90%	8.94%	2.22%	6.72%	
SNARU - Acute Medical Ward (Lyn 5)	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%							
CMD15 - D15	18.14%	1.13%	17.01%	11.51%	0.20%	11.31%	2.60%	0.00%	12.60%	
CMD05 - Coronary Care Unit - SGH	8.75%	0.00%	8.75%	9.57%	0.00%	9.57%	11.46%	1.86%	9.60%	
CMD17 - D17	3.37%	3.37%	0.00%	7.69%	4.09%	3.60%	5.07%	1.33%	3.74%	
CNCRT - Cardiology Technicians	7.28%	1.40%	5.88%	6.61%	0.67%	5.94%	7.07%	1.58%	5.48%	

Top 10 Hot Spot Areas

Department (Cost Centres)	YTD Sickness	YTD Short Term Sickness	YTD Long Term Sickness	Cost of Sick Pay	Current PDR Compliance Rate	Current MT Compliance Rate
CMD05 - Coronary Care Unit - City	5.94%	4.01%	1.93%	£90,482.04	85.00%	
NMEC1 - Lyndon 4	9.89%	3.31%	6.58%	£89,640.14	61.54%	79.78
NMSTU - Priory 4	5.77%	2.62%	3.14%	£80,667.14	85.71%	
CMD26 - Elderly Care	12.34%	5.02%	7.32%	£73,896.77	75.86%	74.10
SNPR5 - Priory 5	7.92%	2.70%	5.23%	£66,825.61	80.95%	83.23
SNARU - Acute Medical Ward (Lyn 5)	9.74%	3.21%	6.53%	£63,381.44		
CMD15 - D15	9.46%	1.33%	8.12%	£40,516.80	83.33%	83.41
CMD05 - Coronary Care Unit - SGH	7.86%	1.45%	6.41%	£38,505.02	72.73%	
CMD17 - D17	5.45%	2.96%	2.48%	£37,149.53	48.15%	81.64
CNCRT - Cardiology Technicians	3.99%	1.46%	2.52%	£36,625.32	50.00%	91.68

Top 10 Hot Spot Areas (Short Term Sickness)

Department (Cost Centres)	YTD ST Episodes	No. of RTW	RTW %	No. of Cases	HC Attending	Conversion
Department (Cost Centres)	TTD 31 Lpisodes	Interviews	1/1/0/ /0	Hitting Triggers	Hearing	Rate %
CMD05 - Coronary Care Unit - City	144	115	79.86%	4	0	0.0%
NMEC1 - Lyndon 4	102	83	81.37%	none recorded	none recorded	n/a
NMSTU - Priory 4	116	36	31.03%	none recorded	none recorded	n/a
CMD26 - Elderly Care	86	80	93.02%	3	0	0.0%
SNPR5 - Priory 5	96	77	80.21%	none recorded	none recorded	n/a
SNARU - Acute Medical Ward (Lyn 5)	83	70	84.34%	2	0	0.0%
CMD15 - D15	36	31	86.11%	none recorded	none recorded	n/a
CMD05 - Coronary Care Unit - SGH	22	17	77.27%	none recorded	none recorded	n/a
CMD17 - D17	91	53	58.24%	3	0	0.0%
CNCRT - Cardiology Technicians	57	50	87.72%	none recorded	none recorded	n/a

Department (Cost Centres)	Sickness Reasons No. 1	Sickness Reasons No. 2	Sickness Reasons No. 3
CMD05 - Coronary Care Unit - City	Cold, Cough, Flu - Influenza	Back Problems	Other musculoskeletal problems
NMEC1 - Lyndon 4	Injury, fracture	Gastrointestinal problems	Cold, Cough, Flu - Influenza
NMSTU - Priory 4	Cold, Cough, Flu - Influenza	Other known causes - not elsewhere classified	Anxiety/stress/depression/psychiatric illnesses
CMD26 - Elderly Care	Chest & respiratory problems	Cold, Cough, Flu - Influenza	Heart, cardiac & circulatory problems
SNPR5 - Priory 5	Gastrointestinal problems	Cold, Cough, Flu - Influenza	Other known causes - not elsewhere classified
SNARU - Acute Medical Ward (Lyn 5)	Cold, Cough, Flu - Influenza	Anxiety/stress/depression/psychiatric illnesses	Gastrointestinal problems
CMD15 - D15	Other musculoskeletal problems	Headache / migraine	Gastrointestinal problems
CMD05 - Coronary Care Unit - SGH	Cold, Cough, Flu - Influenza	Gastrointestinal problems	Other musculoskeletal problems
CMD17 - D17	Cold, Cough, Flu - Influenza	Other known causes - not elsewhere classified	Anxiety/stress/depression/psychiatric illnesses
CNCRT - Cardiology Technicians	Cold, Cough, Flu - Influenza	Gastrointestinal problems	Chest & respiratory problems

Department (Cost Centres)	Comments Completed by HR (Short Term)
CMD05 - Coronary Care Unit - City	
NMEC1 - Lyndon 4	
NMSTU - Priory 4	
CMD26 - Elderly Care	
SNPR5 - Priory 5	
SNARU - Acute Medical Ward (Lyn 5)	
CMD15 - D15	
CMD05 - Coronary Care Unit - SGH	
CMD17 - D17	
CNCRT - Cardiology Technicians	

Top 10 Hot Spot Areas (Long Term Sickness- Open Absence)

Department (Cost Centres)	HC (1-3 Months)	HC (3+ Months)	HC (6+ Months)
CMD05 - Coronary Care Unit - City	2	1	0
NMEC1 - Lyndon 4	4	1	0
NMSTU - Priory 4	1	2	0
CMD26 - Elderly Care	0	1	0
SNPR5 - Priory 5	1	2	0
SNARU - Acute Medical Ward (Lyn 5)	0	0	0
CMD15 - D15	1	0	0
CMD05 - Coronary Care Unit - SGH	1	0	0
CMD17 - D17	1	0	0
CNCRT - Cardiology Technicians	0	2	0

Department (Cost Centres)	Sickness Reasons No. 1	Sickness Reasons No. 2	Sickness Reasons No. 3
CMD05 - Coronary Care Unit - City	Back Problems	Genitourinary & gynaecological disorders	Endocrine / glandular problems
NMEC1 - Lyndon 4	Injury, fracture	Other known causes - not elsewhere classified	Other musculoskeletal problems
NMSTU - Priory 4	Other musculoskeletal problems	Eye problems	Other known causes - not elsewhere classified
CMD26 - Elderly Care	Nervous system disorders	Other musculoskeletal problems	Benign and malignant tumours, cancers
SNPR5 - Priory 5	Anxiety/stress/depression/psychiatric illnesses	Other musculoskeletal problems	Genitourinary & gynaecological disorders
SNARU - Acute Medical Ward (Lyn 5)	Other musculoskeletal problems	Gastrointestinal problems	Anxiety/stress/depression/psychiatric illnesses
CMD15 - D15	Other musculoskeletal problems	Other known causes - not elsewhere classified	Injury, fracture
CMD05 - Coronary Care Unit - SGH	Back Problems	Genitourinary & gynaecological disorders	Anxiety/stress/depression/psychiatric illnesses
CMD17 - D17	Anxiety/stress/depression/psychiatric illnesses	Other known causes - not elsewhere classified	Back Problems
CNCRT - Cardiology Technicians	Cold, Cough, Flu - Influenza	Other musculoskeletal problems	Gastrointestinal problems

Department (Cost Centres)	Comments Completed by HR Long Term)
CMD05 - Coronary Care Unit - City	
NMEC1 - Lyndon 4	
NMSTU - Priory 4	
CMD26 - Elderly Care	
SNPR5 - Priory 5	
SNARU - Acute Medical Ward (Lyn 5)	
CMD15 - D15	
CMD05 - Coronary Care Unit - SGH	
CMD17 - D17	
CNCRT - Cardiology Technicians	

6+ Months	2013	2014	2015
Anxiety/stress/depression/psychiatric illnesses	21	9	32
Other musculoskeletal problems	10	14	18
Benign and malignant tumours, cancers	7	12	12
Back Problems	7	6	8
Injury, fracture	4	2	6
Nervous system disorders	1		6
Heart, cardiac & circulatory problems	3	2	6
Gastrointestinal problems	3	1	6
Other known causes - not elsewhere classified		6	3
Genitourinary & gynaecological disorders			3

Staff Groups

6+ Months	2013	2014	2015
Nursing and Midwifery Registered	22	23	34
Additional Clinical Services	21	13	33
Administrative and Clerical	9	11	18
Estates and Ancillary	9	4	13
Allied Health Professionals	3	2	3

Groups

6+ Months	2013	2014	2015
Corporate	14	9	30
Medicine & Emergency Care	9	12	25
Women's & Child Health	12	8	21
Community & Therapies	6	8	13
Surgery A	17	16	9
Pathology	5	1	6
Imaging	3	4	3
Surgery B	2	1	2

3+ Months	2013	2014	2015
Anxiety/stress/depression/psychiatric illnesses	59	57	81
Other musculoskeletal problems	25	35	50
Genitourinary & gynaecological disorders	6	12	24
Other known causes - not elsewhere classified	12	10	20
Injury, fracture	8	16	18
Back Problems	12	8	18
Gastrointestinal problems	9	8	11
Benign and malignant tumours, cancers	5	8	9
Heart, cardiac & circulatory problems	16	9	9
Chest & respiratory problems	3	5	7

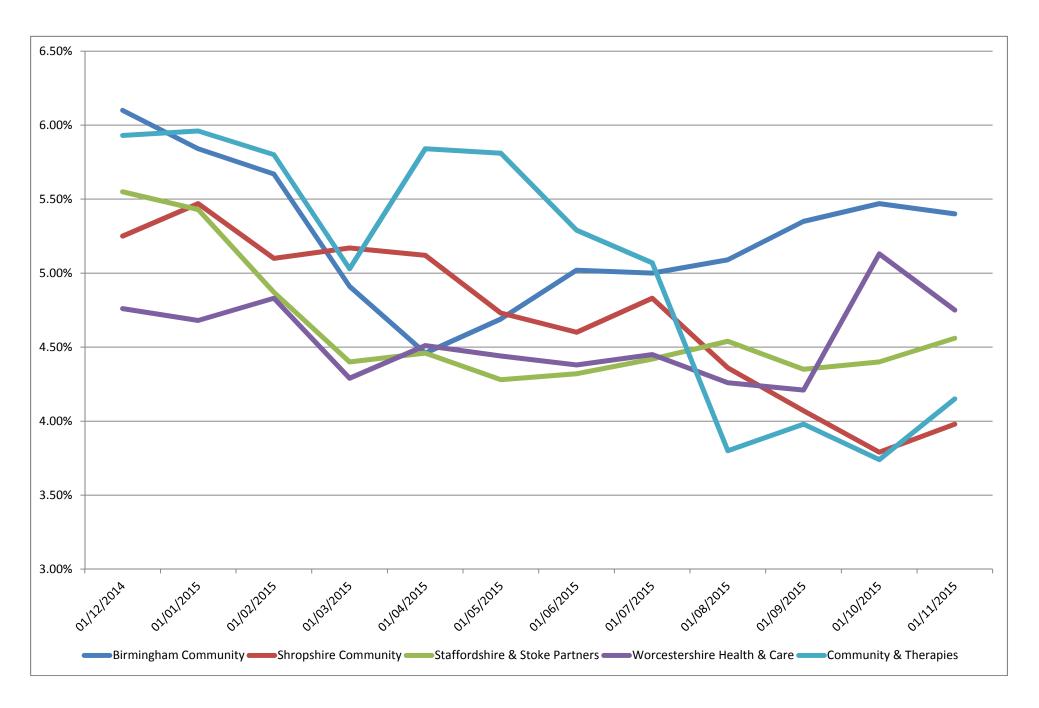
3+ Months	2013	2014	2015
Nursing and Midwifery Registered	62	62	85
Additional Clinical Services	43	37	69
Administrative and Clerical	33	40	50
Estates and Ancillary	23	23	35
Add Prof Scientific and Technic	2	8	8
Allied Health Professionals	7	7	8
Medical and Dental	3	1	7
Healthcare Scientists	5	5	5

3+ Months	2013	2014	2015
Corporate	43	47	66
Medicine & Emergency Care	46	37	60
Women's & Child Health	27	30	44
Surgery A	22	29	42
Community & Therapies	15	16	26
Imaging	6	8	12
Surgery B	10	10	10
Pathology	9	7	7

1 - 3 Months	2013	2014	2015
Anxiety/stress/depression/psychiatric illnesses	167	195	233
Other musculoskeletal problems	148	141	129
Other known causes - not elsewhere classified	67	37	78
Injury, fracture	42	57	73
Gastrointestinal problems	47	38	61
Back Problems	51	44	56
Genitourinary & gynaecological disorders	60	44	49
Chest & respiratory problems	24	25	34
Pregnancy related disorders	27	38	33
Heart, cardiac & circulatory problems	14	26	29
Cold, Cough, Flu - Influenza	18	9	25
Eye problems	10	19	20
Benign and malignant tumours, cancers	11	12	15
Ear, nose, throat (ENT)	11	16	14

1 - 3 Months	2013	2014	2015
Nursing and Midwifery Registered	250	256	322
Additional Clinical Services	174	189	206
Administrative and Clerical	119	138	163
Estates and Ancillary	111	103	137
Add Prof Scientific and Technic	23	25	26
Allied Health Professionals	20	26	22
Medical and Dental	20	22	17
Healthcare Scientists	20	6	13

1 - 3 Months	2013	2014	2015
Corporate	196	203	234
Medicine & Emergency Care	155	171	198
Women's & Child Health	115	119	155
Surgery A	120	104	144
Community & Therapies	67	98	68
Surgery B	30	26	40
Imaging	20	28	38
Pathology	38	18	30



Directorate	Department		% Sum of Est_Cost		Apr-16		Jun-16	Qtr_Est Cost	001 10	Aug-16		Qtr_Est Cost		Nov-16		Qtr_Est Cost		Feb-17	Mar-17	Qtr_Est Cost	April 11	May-17		Qtr_Est Cost	Jul-17	Aug-17	Sep-17	Revised Est_Cost
Anaesthetics, Pain Mgt and Critical Care	CBITU - Critical Care Services	6.75	£135,073.60	6.55	6.35	6.15	5.96	£119,284.82	5.76	5.56	5.37	£107,443.24	5.17	4.97	4.77	£95,601.66	4.58	4.38	4.18	£83,760.08	3.99	3.79	3.59	£71,918.50	3.39	3.20	3.00	£60,076.91
Anaesthetics, Pain Mgt and Critical Care	CBPRL - Acute Pain Relief	5.00	£18,921.93	4.90	4.79	4.69	4.58	£17,326.50	4.48	4.37	4.27	£16,129.93	4.16	4.05	3.95	£14,933.35	3.84	3.74	3.63	£13,736.78	3.53	3.42	3.32	£12,540.21	3.21	3.11	3.00	£11,343.63
Anaesthetics, Pain Mgt and Critical Care	NBANA - Medical Staff - Anaesthetics	2.34	£192,886.38	2.34	2.34	2.34	2.34	£192,886.38	2.34	2.34	2.34	£192,886.38	2.34	2.34	2.34	£192,886.38	2.34	2.34	2.34	£192,886.38	2.34	2.34	2.34	£192,886.38	2.34	2.34	2.34	£192,886.38
Anaesthetics, Pain Mgt and Critical Care	NBORH - ITU Outreach	3.99	£23,757.92	3.94	3.88	3.83	3.78	£22,519.18	3.73	3.68	3.62	£21,590.12	3.57	3.52	3.47	£20,661.07	3.42	3.36	3.31	£19,732.01	3.26	3.21	3.16	£18,802.95	3.10	3.05	3.00	£17,873.89
Anaesthetics, Pain Mgt and Critical Care	NWSAG - Anaesthetics Medical Secretaries	0.00	£0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	£0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	£0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	£0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	£0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	£0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	£0.00
Anaesthetics, Pain Mgt and Critical Care	SBSIT - Critical Care Services	7.48	£160,417.64	7.25	7.01	6.78	6.54	£140,181.94	6.30	6.07	5.83	£125,005.16	5.60	5.36	5.12	£109,828.38	4.89	4.65	4.42	£94,651.60	4.18	3.94	3.71	£79,474.82	3.47	3.24	3.00	£64,298.04
Anaesthetics, Pain Mgt and Critical Care Total		4.90	£531,057.47	4.80	4.70	4.60	4.50	£487,719.48	4.40	4.30	4.20	£455,215.99	4.10	4.00	3.90	£422,712.49	3.80	3.70	3.60	£390,209.00	3.50	3.40	3.30	£357,705.50	3.20	3.10	3.00	£325,202.01
Cancer Services	NWCAN - Cancer 2 Week Wait	2.36	£9,497.95	2.36	2.36	2.36	2.36	£9,497.95	2.36	2.36	2.36	£9,497.95	2.36	2.36	2.36	£9,497.95	2.36	2.36	2.36	£9,497.95	2.36	2.36	2.36	£9,497.95	2.36	2.36	2.36	£9,497.95
Cancer Services Total		2.36	£9,497.95	2.36	2.36	2.36	2.36	£9,497.95	2.36	2.36	2.36	£9,497.95	2.36	2.36	2.36	£9,497.95	2.36	2.36	2.36	£9,497.95	2.36	2.36	2.36	£9,497.95	2.36	2.36	2.36	£9,497.95
General Surgery	CWD21 - Ward D21	8.23	£51,260.54	7.96	7.68	7.41	7.13	£44,401.47	6.86	6.58	6.30	£39,257.17	6.03	5.75	5.48	£34,112.87	5.20	4.93	4.65	£28,968.58	4.38	4.10	3.83	£23,824.28	3.55	3.28	3.00	£18,679.98
General Surgery	CWD25 - D25	7.63	£48,533.72	7.39	7.15	6.90	6.66	£42,331.38	6.41	6.17	5.93	£37,679.63	5.68	5.44	5.20	£33,027.87	4.95	4.71	4.46	£28,376.12	4.22	3.98	3.73	£23,724.36	3.49	3.24	3.00	£19,072.60
General Surgery	CWSAU - SAU Team	3.43	£18,432.10	3.40	3.38	3.36	3.34	£17,948.11	3.31	3.29	3.27	£17,585.13	3.25	3.22	3.20	£17,222.14	3.18	3.16	3.13	£16,859.15	3.11	3.09	3.07	£16,496.16	3.04	3.02	3.00	£16,133.17
General Surgery	CWUDY - Uro-Dynamics	4.47	£3,708.71	4.39	4.32	4.24	4.16	£3,451.68	4.08	4.01	3.93	£3,258.91	3.85	3.77	3.70	£3,066.13	3.62	3.54	3.46	£2,873.36	3.39	3.31	3.23	£2,680.58	3.15	3.08	3.00	£2,487.81
General Surgery	CWVAS - Vascular Services	0.15	£138.90	0.15	0.15	0.15	0.15	£138.90	0.15	0.15	0.15	£138.90	0.15	0.15	0.15	£138.90	0.15	0.15	0.15	£138.90	0.15	0.15	0.15	£138.90	0.15	0.15	0.15	£138.90
General Surgery	NWBRT - Breast Consultants	5.26	£28,872.52	5.14	5.02	4.90	4.79	£26,259.71	4.67	4.55	4.43	£24,300.11	4.31	4.19	4.07	£22,340.51	3.95	3.83	3.71	£20,380.90	3.60	3.48	3.36	£18,421.30	3.24	3.12	3.00	£16,461.70
General Surgery	NWCNB - Cancer Nurse Specialist - Breast	16.75	£46,031.39	16.02	15.30	14.58	13.85	£38,076.64	13.13	12.41	11.68	£32,110.57	10.96	10.23	9.51	£26,144.51	8.79	8.06	7.34	£20,178.44	6.62	5.89	5.17	£14,212.38	4.45	3.72	3.00	£8,246.32
General Surgery	NWCNC - Cancer Nurse Specialist - Colorectal	1.76	£5,427.09	1.76	1.76	1.76	1.76	£5,427.09	1.76	1.76	1.76	£5,427.09	1.76	1.76	1.76	£5,427.09	1.76	1.76	1.76	£5,427.09	1.76	1.76	1.76	£5,427.09	1.76	1.76	1.76	£5,427.09
General Surgery	NWCNU - Cancer Nurse Specialist - Urology	0.00	£0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	£0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	£0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	£0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	£0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	£0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	£0.00
General Surgery	NWCRC - Consultants	4.82	£56,641.77	4.72	4.63	4.53	4.44	£52,137.95	4.34	4.25	4.15	£48,760.08	4.05	3.96	3.86	£45,382.21	3.77	3.67	3.57	£42,004.34	3.48	3.38	3.29	£38,626.48	3.19	3.10	3.00	£35,248.61
General Surgery	NWGSJ - General Surgery Juniors	0.25	£3,594.13	0.25	0.25	0.25	0.25	£3,594.13	0.25	0.25	0.25	£3,594.13	0.25	0.25	0.25	£3,594.13	0.25	0.25	0.25	£3,594.13	0.25	0.25	0.25	£3,594.13	0.25	0.25	0.25	£3,594.13
General Surgery	NWSAA - General Surgery Medical Secretaries	3.78	£9.465.85	3.74	3.70	3.66	3.62	£9.053.25	3.58	3.54	3.49	£8,743,80	3.45	3.41	3.37	£8,434,35	3.33	3.29	3.25	£8,124,90	3.21	3.16	3.12	£7,815,45	3.08	3.04	3.00	£7,506.00
General Surgery	NWSAC - Urology & Vascular Medical Secretaries	3.00	£6.957.40	3.00	3.00	3.00	3.00	£6,957,40	3.00	3.00	3.00	£6,957,40	3.00	3.00	3.00	£6,957,40	3.00	3.00	3.00	£6,957,40	3.00	3.00	3.00	£6,957,40	3.00	3.00	3.00	£6,957,40
General Surgery	NWTHA - Surgical Care Practitioners - Gen Surgery	2.00	£2,146,70	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00	£2,146,70	2.00	2.00	2.00	£2,146,70	2.00	2.00	2.00	£2,146,70	2.00	2.00	2.00	£2,146,70	2.00	2.00	2.00	£2,146,70	2.00	2.00	2.00	£2.146.70
General Surgery	NWTHB - Surgical Care Practitioners - Breast	0.00	£0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	£0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	£0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	£0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	£0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	£0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	£0.00
General Surgery	NWTHC - Surgical Care Practitioners - Urology/Theatres		£975.86	1.36	1.36	1.36	1.36	£975.86	1.36	1.36	1.36	£975.86	1.36	1.36	1.36	£975.86	1.36	1.36	1.36	£975.86	1.36	1.36	1.36	£975.86	1.36	1.36	1.36	£975.86
General Surgery	NWTHV - Surgical Care Practitioners - Vascular	22.68	£13,121.96	21.64	20.61	19.57	18.53	£10.724.89	17.50	16.46	15.43	£8,927,09	14.39	13.36	12.32	£7,129,29	11.29	10.25	9.21	£5,331,49	8.18	7 14	6.11	£3.533.69	5.07	4.04	3.00	£1,735.89
General Surgery	NWURO - Medical Staff - Urology	0.00	£0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	£0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	£0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	£0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	£0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	£0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	£0.00
General Surgery	NWVSC - Vascular Consultants	0.00	£0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	£0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	£0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	20.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	£0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	£0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	£0.00
General Surgery	SWLY2 - Lyndon 2	7.06	£43.413.30	6.84	6.63	6.42	6.20	£38.158.99	5.99	5.78	5.56	£34.218.26	5.35	5.14	4.92	£30.277.53	4.71	4.49	4.28	£26.336.80	4.07	3.85	3.64	£22.396.07	3.43	3.21	3.00	£18,455,34
General Surgery	SWNT2 - Newton 2	9.38	£24,209.82	9.05	8.71	8.38	8.04	£20,742.41	7.70	7.37	7.03	£18.141.86	6.70	6.36	6.02	£15.541.30	5.69	5.35	5.02	£12.940.75	4.68	4.34	4.01	£10,340,20	3.67	3.34	3.00	£7.739.64
General Surgery	SWPR2 - Priory 2	12.06	£67.656.76	11.58	11.10	10.63	10.15	£56,957,51	9.67	9.20	8.72	£48,933,08	8.24	7.77	7.29	£40,908.64	6.81	6.34	5.86	£32,884,21	5.38	4.91	4.43	£24.859.77	3.95	3.48	3.00	£16.835.33
General Surgery	SWSSA - Surgical Assessment Unit SGH	7.16	£36.446.16	6.94	6.72	6.50	6.28	£31,988,49	6.06	5.85	5.63	£28,645,24	5.41	5.19	4.97	£25,301,99	4.75	4.53	4.21	£21,958.74	4.09	3.88	3.66	£18,615,49	3.44	3.22	3.00	£15,272,24
General Surgery Total	SWSSA - Surgical Assessment Onlt SGIT	5.76	£467.034.68	5.62	5.47	5.33	5.18	£419.912.42	5.03	4.89	4.74	£384.570.72	4.60	4.45	4.31	£349.229.02	4.16	4.02	3.87	£313.887.32	3.73	3.58	3,44	£278.545.62	3.29	3.15	3.00	£243.203.93
Group Management - Surgery A	NWMGT - Divisional Management	5.76	£24.073.74	5.61	5.47	5.32	5.18	£21,646,01	5.03	4.89	4.74	£19.825.22	4.60	4.45	4.31	£18.004.43	4.16	4.02	3.87	£16.183.63	3.73	3.58	3.44	£14.362.84	3.29	3.15	3.00	£12.542.04
Group Management - Surgery A	NWMTR - Matrons	3.33	£7.556.14	3.32	3.30	3.28	3.26	£7.397.07	3.25	3.23	3.21	£7,277,76	3.19	3.18	3.16	£7.158.45	3.14	3.12	3.07	£7.039.14	3.09	3.07	3.05	£6,919.84	3.04	3.02	3.00	£6.800.53
	NVVMTR - Mations	5.10	£7,556.14 £31.629.88	4.99	4.88	4.77	4.66	£7,397.07	4.55	4.44	433	£7,277.76	4.22	4.10	3.10	£7,156.45 £24.776.08	3.14	3.77	3.11	£7,039.14 £22.719.94	3.55	3.44	3.33	£0,919.04 £20.663.80	3.22	3.11	3.00	£18.607.65
Group Management - Surgery A Total Specialist Surgery	NWFRA - T&O OPD/Fracture Clinic	10.39	£18.272.66	10.00	9.61	9.22	8.83	£15,536,47	8.45	8.06	7.67	£13,484,32	7.28	6.89	6.50	£11,432,18	6.11	5.72	5.33	£9,380,04	4.94	4.56	4.17	£7,327,90	3.78	3.39	3.00	£5,275,75
Specialist Surgery Specialist Surgery	NWPAS - Patient Appliances Department	2.91	£4.678.29	2.91	2.91	2.91	2.91	£4,678,29	2.91	2.91	2.91	£4,678,29	2.91	2.91	2.91	£4,678,29	2.91	2.91	2.91	£4.678.29	2.91	2.91	2.91	£4.678.29	2.91	2.91	2.91	£4.678.29
Specialist Surgery	NWPLS - Medical Staff - Plastic Surgery	0.30	£2.668.70	0.30	0.30	0.30	0.30	£2,668.70	0.30	0.30	0.30	£2,668.70	0.30	0.30	0.30	£2,668.70	0.30	0.30	0.30	£2,668,70	0.30	0.30	0.30	£2,668.70	0.30	0.30	0.30	£2,668.70
	NWSAD - T&O Medical Secretaries	3.47	£9,452,02	3.45	3.42		3.37	£2,000.70 £9,180.84	3.35	3.32		£8,977,45	3.27	3.25	3.22		3.20	3.17	3.15	£8,570,68	3.12	3.10	3.07	£8,367,29		3.02	3.00	£8,163.90
Specialist Surgery						3.40					3.30					£8,774.07									3.05			
Specialist Surgery	NWTAO - Medical Staff - T&O	0.45	£12,980.30	0.45	0.45	0.45	0.45	£12,980.30	0.45	0.45	0.45	£12,980.30	0.45	0.45	0.45	£12,980.30	0.45	0.45	0.45	£12,980.30	0.45	0.45	0.45	£12,980.30	0.45	0.45	0.45	£12,980.30
Specialist Surgery	NWTHD - Surgical Care Practitioners - Trauma & Ortho	2.22 4.15	£3,683.07	2.22	2.22 4.03	2.22	2.22 3.91	£3,683.07	2.22	2.22 3.79	2.22	£3,683.07	2.22 3.67	2.22 3.61	2.22	£3,683.07	2.22	2.22	2.22	£3,683.07	2.22	2.22	2.22	£3,683.07	2.22	2.22	2.22 3.00	£3,683.07
Specialist Surgery	SWLY3 - Lyndon 3		£41,103.49	4.09		3.97		£38,700.00	3.85		3.73	£36,897.38			3.55	£35,094.76	3.49	3.43	3.36	£33,292.15	3.30	3.24	3.18	£31,489.53	3.12	3.06		£29,686.91
Specialist Surgery	SWNT3 - Newton 3	6.68	£58,869.22	6.49	6.30	6.10	5.91	£52,038.59	5.71	5.52	5.33	£46,915.61	5.13	4.94	4.74	£41,792.64	4.55	4.36	4.16	£36,669.66	3.97	3.78	3.58	£31,546.69	3.39	3.19	3.00	£26,423.71
Specialist Surgery	SWTTO - Plastic Surgery Specialists Nurses	25.37	£1,867.65	24.20	23.02	21.84	20.66	£1,520.95	19.49	18.31	17.13	£1,260.92	15.95	14.78	13.60	£1,000.90	12.42	11.24	10.07	£740.87	8.89	7.71	6.53	£480.85	5.36	4.18	3.00	£220.82
Specialist Surgery Total		3.71	£153,575.40	3.67	3.63	3.59	3.56	£147,413.43	3.52	3.48	3.45	£142,791.96	3.41	3.37	3.33	£138,170.49	3.30	3.26	3.22	£133,549.02	3.19	3.15	3.11	£128,927.54	3.07	3.04	3.00	£124,306.07
Theatres	BWASU - Amb Surgical Unit Team	11.71	£78,007.20	11.25	10.79	10.33	9.88	£65,792.19	9.42	8.96	8.50	£56,630.93	8.04	7.58	7.13	£47,469.68	6.67	6.21	5.75	£38,308.42	5.29	4.83	4.38	£29,147.16	3.92	3.46	3.00	£19,985.91
Theatres	CWPAU - Planned Admissions Unit (D6)	14.69	£39,478.17	14.08	13.46	12.85	12.23	£32,864.11	11.61	11.00	10.38	£27,903.56	9.77	9.15	8.54	£22,943.02	7.92	7.31	6.69	£17,982.47	6.08	5.46	4.85	£13,021.93	4.23	3.62	3.00	£8,061.38
Theatres	CWTGN - Theatres	3.68	£117,893.25	3.64	3.61	3.57	3.54	£113,309.64	3.50	3.46	3.43	£109,871.93	3.39	3.36	3.32	£106,434.22	3.29	3.25	3.21	£102,996.51	3.18	3.14	3.11	£99,558.80	3.07	3.04	3.00	£96,121.10
Theatres	NWCPA - Pre-Assessment Unit	13.80	£68,509.63	13.24	12.67	12.10	11.53	£57,221.06	10.96	10.39	9.82	£48,754.63	9.26	8.69	8.12	£40,288.20	7.55	6.98	6.41	£31,821.77	5.84	5.27	4.71	£23,355.34	4.14	3.57	3.00	£14,888.91
Theatres	NWHSS - Hospital Sterile Services Unit	9.89	£25,365.23	9.53	9.16	8.80	8.44	£21,645.26	8.08	7.71	7.35	£18,855.28	6.99	6.63	6.26	£16,065.30	5.90	5.54	5.18	£13,275.32	4.81	4.45	4.09	£10,485.34	3.73	3.36	3.00	£7,695.37
Theatres	NWTTP - Theatres Trainee Practitioners	0.50	£418.62	0.50	0.50	0.50	0.50	£418.62	0.50	0.50	0.50	£418.62	0.50	0.50	0.50	£418.62	0.50	0.50	0.50	£418.62	0.50	0.50	0.50	£418.62	0.50	0.50	0.50	£418.62
Theatres	SWDAU - Surgical Day Unit	3.22	£14,225.14	3.21	3.20	3.19	3.18	£14,017.57	3.16	3.15	3.14	£13,861.89	3.13	3.12	3.11	£13,706.21	3.09	3.08	3.07	£13,550.54	3.06	3.05	3.04	£13,394.86	3.02	3.01	3.00	£13,239.18
Theatres	SWTHE - Theatres	5.77	£145,212.25	5.62	5.48	5.33	5.19	£130,538.08	5.04	4.89	4.75	£119,532.46	4.60	4.46	4.31	£108,526.84	4.17	4.02	3.87	£97,521.22	3.73	3.58	3.44	£86,515.59	3.29	3.15	3.00	£75,509.97
Theatres Total		6.19	£489,109.49	6.03	5.86	5.69	5.52	£436,017.08	5.35	5.18	5.02	£396,197.77	4.85	4.68	4.51	£356,378.47	4.34	4.18	4.01	£316,559.16	3.84	3.67	3.50	£276,739.85	3.34	3.17	3.00	£236,920.55
Total		5.27	£1,681,904,88	5.15	5.03	4.91	4.79	£1.529.339.31	4.67	4.55	4.43	£1,414,915,14		4.20	4.08	£1,300,490,96	3.96	3.84	3.72	£1.186.066.79	3.60	3.48	3.36	£1.071.642.61	3.24	3.12	3.00	£957,218,44

Qtr Saving: £114,424.17

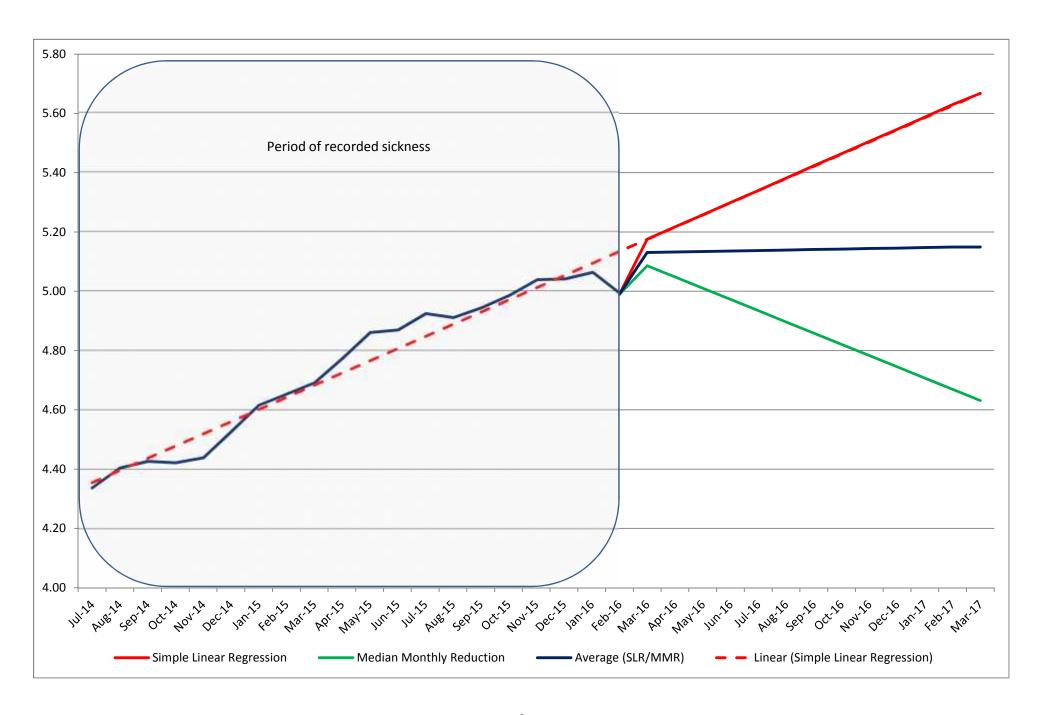
Qtr Saving: £114,424.17

Qtr Saving: £114,424.17

Qtr Saving: £114,424.17

Calculated Savings: £724,686.44

Qtr Saving: £152,565.57



Groups	
Community & Therapies	
Corporate	
Imaging	
Medicine & Emergency Care	
Pathology	
Surgery A	
Surgery B	
Women's & Child Health	
Trust	

Current Sickness Month	Simple Linear Regression (SLR)	Simple Linear Regression (SLR)	Median Monthly Reduction (MMR)	Average (SLR/MMR)
Feb-16	Mar-16	Mar-17	Mar-17	Prediction Average
4.79	5.39	6.09	4.23	5.16
4.73	5.01	5.54	4.27	4.90
4.66	<i>4</i> .66	4.74	3.67	4.21
5.53	5.53	6.36	4.39	5.38
4.28	4.43	4.79	3.54	4.16
5.27	5.19	5.05	4.53	4.79
3.12	3.17	3.10	2.29	2.70
5.60	6.01	6.87	5.03	5.95
4.99	5.18	5.67	4.63	5.15

Directorates	
Ambulatory Therapies	
iBeds	
iCares	
Chief Executive & Governance	
Corporate Nursing & Facilities	
Estates & New Hospital Project	
Finance	
Medical Director	
Operations	
Workforce & Organisational Development	
Breast Screening	
Diagnostic Radiology	
Group Management - Imaging	
Interventional Radiology	
Nuclear Medicine	
Admitted Care	
Emergency Care	
Group Management - Medicine	
Scheduled Care	
Biochemistry	
Group Management - Pathology	
Haematology	
Histopathology	
Immunology	
Microbiology	
Anaesthetics, Pain Mgt and Critical Care	
Cancer Services	
General Surgery	
Group Management - Surgery A	
Specialist Surgery	

Feb-16	Mar-16	Mar-17	Mar-17	Prediction Average
3.22	3.56	3,23	2.52	2.88
5.56	6.19	7.69	4.50	6.09
4.78	5.27	5.43	3.75	4.59
2.73	2.33	1.87	1.29	1.58
5.66	6.16	6.78	5.24	6.01
3.65	3.40	4.43	2.43	3.43
2.67	2.50	2.82	1.77	2.29
3.35	3.07	2.94	1.87	2.40
5.09	5.54	6.21	4.02	5.11
3.52	3.65	4.35	2.22	3.28
5.95	5.44	5.46	3.03	4.25
3.19	3.37	3.62	2.15	2.89
9.32	8.98	8.90	5.90	7.40
4.87	5.64	4.73	3.03	3.88
1.93	3.00	3.96	0.79	2.38
5.75	5.77	6.37	4.77	5.57
5.40	5.29	5.96	4.21	5.09
3.71	2.15	3.17	-0.08	1.55
5.32	<i>5.4</i> 2	6.86	4.38	5.62
4.61	4.62	5.51	2.87	4.19
5.01	6.30	6.73	3.49	5.11
5.40	5.62	6.09	2.91	4.50
1.65	1.39	1.04	0.09	0.57
7.05	6.74	9.42	3.18	6.30
3.18	3.27	2.51	2.19	2.35
4.90	5.15	6.90	3.87	5.38
2.36	1.05	-1.58	-0.35	-0.96
5.76	5.46	5.35	4.16	4.76
5.10	6.86	7.09	4.94	6.02
3.71	3.86	3.15	2.43	2.79

Theatres	6.
ENT, Oral Surgery & Audiology	2.
Group Management - Surgery B	2.
Ophthalmology	3.
Group Management - W&CH	6.
Gynaecology, Gynae-Oncology, GUM & CASH	5.
Maternity, Health Visiting & Perinatal Medicine	6.
Paediatrics	4.

6.19	6.09	5.93	4.75	5.34
2.42	2.35	2.39	1.18	1.78
2.31	2.01	0.75	-0.11	0.32
3.40	3.50	3.39	2.66	3.02
6.20	9.43	14.63	7.35	10.99
5.38	5.11	5.89	3.42	4.65
6.17	6.57	7.43	5.31	6.37
4.20	4.76	5.23	3.11	4.17

rded Sicl Simple Linear Regression (line of best fit) Predicted Sickness based on Median Monthly Chang
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Corporate 4.73 5.01 5.05 5.10 5.14 5.19 5.23 5.28 5.32 5.36 5.41 5.45 5.50 5.54		rded Sid	d .				Simple	Linear R	egressio	on (line c	of best fit	t)								Predic	ted Sic	kness ba	ised on N	/ledian I	Monthly (Change			
Corporate 4.73 5.01 5.05 5.10 5.04 5.19 5.23 5.28 5.32 5.36 5.41 5.45 5.50 5.54 0.05 4.92 4.86 4.81 4.70 4.76 4.70 4.71 4.72 4.73 4.74 4.74 0.07 4.97 4.97 4.97 4.97 4.97 4.97 4.97 4.9	Groups	Feb-16	Mar-16	Apr-16	May-16	Jun-16	Jul-16	Aug-16	Sep-16	Oct-16	Nov-16	Dec-16	Jan-17	Feb-17	Mar-17		Mar-16	Apr-16	May-16	Jun-16	Jul-16	Aug-16	Sep-16	Oct-16	Nov-16	Dec-16	3 Jan-17	Feb-17	Mar-17
Corporate 4.73 5.01 5.05 5.10 5.04 5.19 5.23 5.28 5.32 5.36 5.41 5.45 5.50 5.54 0.05 4.92 4.86 4.81 4.70 4.76 4.70 4.71 4.72 4.73 4.74 4.74 0.07 4.97 4.97 4.97 4.97 4.97 4.97 4.97 4.9	Community & Therapies	4.79	5.39	5.45	5.50	5.56	5.62	5.68	5.74	5.80	5.86	5.92	5.98			0.09	5.30	5.21	5.12	5.03	4.94	4.85	4.76	4.67	4.58	4.49	4.40	4.31	
Imaging 4.66 4.66 4.67 4.68 4.68 4.69 4.70 4.71 4.72 4.73 4.74 4.74 4.74 4.74 4.74 4.74 4.74	Corporate	4.73	5.01	5.05	5.10	5.14	5.19	5.23	5.28	5.32	5.36	5.41	5.45	5.50	5.54	0.05	4.92	4.86	4.81	4.76	4.70	4.65	4.59	4.54	4.48	4.43	4.38	4.32	4.27
Medicine & Emergency Care 5.53 5.53 5.60 5.67 5.74 5.80 5.88 5.95 6.01 6.09 6.15 6.22 6.29 6.36 0.09 5.44 5.35 5.26 5.18 5.09 5.00 4.91 4.83 4.74 4.65 4.57 4.86 4.39 Pathology 4.28 4.43 4.46 4.49 4.52 4.55 4.58 4.61 4.64 4.67 4.70 4.70 4.70 4.70 4.70 4.71 4.72 4.21 4.14 4.07 4.01 3.94 3.87 3.81 3.74 3.67 3.67 3.67 3.67 3.67 3.67 3.67 3.67	Imaging	4.66	4.66	4.67	4.68	4.68	4.69	4.70	4.70	4.71	4.72	4.72	4.73	4.74	4.74	0.07	4.57	4.50	4.42	4.35	4.27	4.20	4.12	4.05	3.97	3.90	3.82	3.75	3.67
Pathology 4.28 4.43 4.46 4.49 4.52 4.55 4.58 4.61 4.64 4.67 4.70 4.73 4.76 4.79 0.07 4.34 4.27 4.21 4.14 4.07 4.01 3.94 3.87 3.81 3.74 3.67 3.61 3.54 Surgery A 5.27 5.19 5.18 5.17 5.16 5.15 5.13 5.12 5.11 5.10 5.09 5.07 5.06 5.05 0.05 0.05 0.05 0.05 0.05 0.05	Medicine & Emergency Care	5.53	5.53	5.60	5.67	5.74	5.80	5.88	5.95	6.01	6.09	6.15	6.22		6.36	0.09		5.35	5.26	5.18	5.09	5.00	4.91	4.83	4.74	4.65	4.57	4.48	4.39
Surgery A 5.27 5.19 5.18 5.17 5.16 5.15 5.13 5.12 5.11 5.10 5.09 5.07 5.06 5.05 0.05 5.10 5.06 5.01 4.96 4.91 4.86 4.81 4.77 4.72 4.67 4.62 4.57 4.53 Surgery B 3.12 3.17 3.17 3.16 3.16 3.15 3.14 3.14 3.13 3.12 3.12 3.11 3.10 0.07 3.09 3.02 2.95 2.89 2.82 2.76 2.69 2.62 2.65 2.69 2.82 2.89 2.82 2.76 2.69 2.62 2.65 2.69 2.89 2.89 2.80 2.80 2.80 2.80 2.80 2.80 2.80 2.80	Pathology		4.43	4.46	4.49	4.52	4.55	4.58	4.61	4.64	4.67	4.70	4.73		4.79	0.07	4.34	4.27	4.21	4.14	4.07	4.01	3.94	3.87	3.81	3.74	3.67	3.61	3.54
Surgery B 3.12 3.17 3.17 3.16 3.16 3.15 3.14 3.14 3.13 3.12 3.12 3.10 0.07 3.09 3.02 2.95 2.89 2.82 2.76 2.69 2.62 2.66 2.49 2.43 2.36 2.29 Women's & Child Health 5.60 6.01 6.09 6.16 6.23 6.30 6.37 6.44 6.51 6.59 6.66 6.87 0.07 5.92 5.85 5.78 5.70 5.63 5.55 5.48 5.40 5.33 5.25 5.18 5.11 5.03 Trust 4.99 5.18 5.22 5.26 5.30 5.34 5.38 5.42 5.46 5.51 5.55 5.59 5.63 5.67 0.04 5.09 5.05 5.01 4.97 4.93 4.90 4.86 4.82 4.78 4.75 4.71 4.67 4.63			5.19	5.18	5.17	5.16	5.15	5.13	5.12	5.11	5.10	5.09	5.07	5.06	5.05	0.05			5.01	4.96	4.91	4.86	4.81	4.77	4.72	4.67	4.62	4.57	4.53
Women's & Child Health 5.60 6.01 6.09 6.16 6.23 6.30 6.37 6.44 6.51 6.59 6.66 6.73 6.80 6.87 0.07 5.92 5.85 5.78 5.70 5.63 5.55 5.48 5.40 5.33 5.25 5.18 5.11 5.03 Trust 4.99 5.18 5.22 5.26 5.30 5.34 5.38 5.42 5.46 5.51 5.55 5.59 5.63 5.67 0.04 5.09 5.05 5.01 4.97 4.93 4.90 4.86 4.82 4.78 4.75 4.71 4.67 4.63			3.17	3.17	3.16	3.16	3.15	3.14	3.14	3.13	3.12	3.12	3.11			0.07	3.09	3.02	2.95	2.89	2.82	2.76	2.69	2.62	2.56	2.49	2.43	2.36	2.29
Directorates	Women's & Child Health		6.01	6.09	6.16	6.23	6.30	6.37	6.44	6.51	6.59	6.66	6.73	6.80	6.87	0.07	5.92	5.85	5.78	5.70	5.63	5.55	5.48	5.40	5.33	5.25	5.18	5.11	5.03
	Trust	4.99	5.18	5.22	5.26	5.30	5.34	5.38	5.42	5.46	5.51	5.55	5.59	5.63	5.67	0.04	5.09	5.05	5.01	4.97	4.93	4.90	4.86	4.82	4.78	4.75	4.71	4.67	4.63
											_		1 1					1		1									1 1 1 1 1 1
	Directorates	Feb-16	Mar-16	Apr-16	May-16	Jun-16	Jul-16	Aug-16	Sep-16	Oct-16	Nov-16	Dec-16	Jan-17	7 Feb-17	Mar-17	Median % Change	Mar-16	Apr-16	May-16	Jun-16	Jul-16	Aug-16	Sep-16	Oct-16	Nov-16	Dec-16	Jan-17	Feb-17	Mar-17
	iBeds	5.56	6.19	6.32	6.44	6.57	6.69	6.82	6.95	7.07	7.20	7.32	7.45	7.57	7.69	0.13	6.11	5.98	5.84	5.71	5.58	5.44	5.31	5.17	5.04	4.90	4.77	4.64	4.50
iBeds 5.56 6.19 6.32 6.44 6.57 6.69 6.82 6.95 7.07 7.20 7.32 7.45 7.57 7.69 1 0.13 1 6.11 5.98 5.84 5.71 5.58 5.44 5.31 5.17 5.04 4.90 4.77 4.64 4.50	iCares	4.78	5.27	5.28	5.30	5.31	5.32	5.34	5.35	5.36	5.38	5.39	5.40	5.42	5.43	0.12	5.19	5.07	4.95	4.83	4.71	4.59	4.47	4.35	4.23	4.11	3.99	3.87	3.75

Directorates	Feb-16	Mar-16	Apr-16	May-16	Jun-16	Jul-16	Aug-16	Sep-16	Oct-16	Nov-16	Dec-16	Jan-17	Feb-17	Mar-17	Median % Change	Mar-16	Apr-16	May-16	Jun-1	6 Jul-10	Aug-16	Sep-16	Oct-16	Nov-16	Dec-16	Jan-17	Feb-17	Mar-17	Prediction Average
Ambulatory Therapies	3.22	3.56	3.54	3.51	3.48	3.45	3.42	3.40	3.37	3.34	3.31	3.29	3.26	3.23	0.08	3.48	3.40	3.32	3.24	3.16	3.08	3.00	2.92	2.84	2.76	2.68	2.60	2.52	2.88
iBeds	5.56	6.19	6.32	6.44	6.57	6.69	6.82	6.95	7.07	7.20	7.32	7.45	7.57	7.69	0.13	6.11	5.98	5.84	5.71	5.58	5.44	5.31	5.17	5.04	4.90	4.77	4.64	4.50	6.09
iCares	4.78	5.27	5.28	5.30	5.31	5.32	5.34	5.35	5.36	5.38	5.39	5.40	5.42	5.43	0.12	5.19	5.07	4.95	4.83	4.71	4.59	4.47	4.35	4.23	4.11	3.99	3.87	3.75	4.59
Chief Executive & Governance	2.73	2.33	2.29	2.26	2.22	2.18	2.14	2.10	2.06	2.02	1.98	1.94	1.90	1.87	0.08	2.25	2.17	2.09	2.01	1.93	1.85	1.77	1.69	1.61	1.53	1.45	1.37	1.29	1.58
Corporate Nursing & Facilities	5.66	6.16	6.21	6.26	6.32	6.37	6.42	6.47	6.52	6.58	6.63	6.68	6.73	6.78	0.07	6.08	6.01	5.94	5.87	5.80	5.73	5.66	5.59	5.52	5.45	5.38	5.31	5.24	6.01
Estates & New Hospital Project	3.65	3.40	3.48	3.57	3.66	3.74	3.83	3.92	4.00	4.09	4.17	4.26	4.35	4.43	0.07	3.32	3.24	3.17	3.10	3.02	2.95	2.87	2.80	2.73	2.65	2.58	2.51	2.43	3.43
Finance	2.67	2.50	2.53	2.55	2.58	2.61	2.63	2.66	2.69	2.71	2.74	2.77	2.79	2.82	0.05	2.42	2.37	2.31	2.26	2.20	2.15	2.09	2.04	1.99	1.93	1.88	1.82	1.77	2.29
Medical Director	3.35	3.07	3.06	3.04	3.03	3.02	3.01	3.00	2.99	2.98	2.97	2.96	2.95	2.94	0.09	2.99	2.89	2.80	2.71	2.61	2.52	2.43	2.33	2.24	2.15	2.05	1.96	1.87	2.40
Operations	5.09	5.54	5.59	5.65	5.71	5.76	5.82	5.88	5.93	5.99	6.04	6.10	6.16	6.21	0.12	5.46	5.34	5.22	5.10	4.98	4.86	4.74	4.62	4.50	4.38	4.26	4.14	4.02	5.11
Workforce & Organisational Development	3.52	3.65	3.71	3.77	3.83	3.88	3.94	4.00	4.06	4.12	4.18	4.24	4.29	4.35	0.11	3.57	3.46	3.35	3.23	3.12	3.01	2.89	2.78	2.67	2.56	2.44	2.33	2.22	3.28
Breast Screening	5.95	5.44	5.44	5.44	5.44	5.45	5.45	5.45	5.45	5.45	5.46	5.46	5.46	5.46	0.19	5.36	5.16	4.97	4.78	4.58	4.39	4.19	4.00	3.81	3.61	3.42	3.22	3.03	4.25
Diagnostic Radiology	3.19	3.37	3.40	3.42	3.44	3.46	3.48	3.50	3.52	3.54	3.56	3.58	3.60	3.62	0.10	3.29	3.20	3.10	3.01	2.91	2.82	2.72	2.63	2.53	2.44	2.34	2.25	2.15	2.89
Group Management - Imaging	9.32	8.98	8.97	8.96	8.96	8.95	8.94	8.94	8.93	8.92	8.92	8.91	8.90	8.90	0.25	8.90	8.65	8.40	8.15	7.90	7.65	7.40	7.15	6.90	6.65	6.40	6.15	5.90	7.40
Interventional Radiology	4.87	5.64	5.56	5.49	5.41	5.33	5.26	5.18	5.10	5.03	4.95	4.87	4.80	4.73	0.21	5.56	5.35	5.14	4.93	4.72	4.51	4.30	4.09	3.88	3.66	3.45	3.24	3.03	3.88
Nuclear Medicine	1.93	3.00	3.08	3.16	3.24	3.32	3.40	3.48	3.56	3.64	3.72	3.81	3.89	3.96	0.18	2.92	2.74	2.56	2.39	2.21	2.03	1.86	1.68	1.50	1.32	1.15	0.97	0.79	2.38
Admitted Care	5.75	5.77	5.82	5.87	5.92	5.97	6.02	6.07	6.12	6.17	6.22	6.27	6.32	6.37	0.08	5.69	5.62	5.54	5.46	5.39	5.31	5.23	5.15	5.08	5.00	4.92	4.84	4.77	5.57
Emergency Care	5.40	5.29	5.34	5.40	5.46	5.51	5.57	5.63	5.68	5.74	5.80	5.85	5.91	5.96	0.08	5.21	5.12	5.04	4.96	4.87	4.79	4.71	4.63	4.54	4.46	4.38	4.29	4.21	5.09
Group Management - Medicine	3.71	2.15	2.24	2.32	2.41	2.49	2.58	2.67	2.75	2.84	2.92	3.01	3.09	3.17	0.18	2.07	1.89	1.71	1.54	1.36	1.18	1.00	0.82	0.64	0.46	0.28	0.10	-0.08	1.55
Scheduled Care	5.32	5.42	5.54	5.66	5.78	5.90	6.02	6.15	6.26	6.39	6.51	6.63	6.75	6.86	0.08	5.34	5.26	5.18	5.10	5.02	4.94	4.86	4.78	4.70	4.62	4.54	4.46	4.38	5.62
Biochemistry	4.61	4.62	4.69	4.76	4.84	4.91	4.99	5.06	5.14	5.21	5.29	5.36	5.44	5.51	0.14	4.54	4.40	4.26	4.12	3.98	3.84	3.70	3.56	3.43	3.29	3.15	3.01	2.87	4.19
Group Management - Pathology	5.01	6.30	6.34	6.37	6.41	6.44	6.48	6.51	6.55	6.59	6.62	6.66	6.69	6.73	0.23	6.22	5.99	5.76	5.54	5.31	5.08	4.85	4.63	4.40	4.17	3.94	3.72	3.49	5.11
Haematology	5.40	5.62	5.66	5.70	5.74	5.78	5.82	5.86	5.90	5.94	5.97	6.01	6.05	6.09	0.22	5.54	5.32	5.10	4.88	4.66	4.44	4.22	4.00	3.79	3.57	3.35	3.13	2.91	4.50
Histopathology	1.65	1.39	1.36	1.33	1.30	1.27	1.24	1.21	1.18	1.16	1.13	1.10	1.07	1.04	0.10	1.31	1.21	1.10	1.00	0.90	0.80	0.70	0.60	0.50	0.39	0.29	0.19	0.09	0.57
Immunology	7.05	6.74	6.97	7.19	7.42	7.64	7.87	8.09	8.31	8.54	8.76	8.99	9.22	9.42	0.29	6.66	6.37	6.08	5.79	5.50	5.21	4.92	4.63	4.34	4.05	3.76	3.47	3.18	6.30
Microbiology	3.18	3.27	3.20	3.14	3.08	3.01	2.95	2.88	2.82	2.76	2.69	2.63	2.57	2.51	0.08	3.19	3.10	3.02	2.94	2.86	2.77	2.69	2.61	2.52	2.44	2.36	2.28	2.19	2.35
Anaesthetics, Pain Mgt and Critical Care	4.90	5.15	5.30	5.44	5.59	5.73	5.88	6.03	6.17	6.32	6.47	6.62	6.76	6.90	0.10	5.07	4.97	4.87	4.77	4.67	4.57	4.47	4.37	4.27	4.17	4.07	3.97	3.87	5.38
Cancer Services	2.36	1.05	0.83	0.61	0.39	0.17	-0.05	-0.27	-0.49	-0.71	-0.93	-1.15	-1.38	-1.58	0.11	0.97	0.86	0.75	0.64	0.53	0.42	0.31	0.20	0.09	-0.02	-0.13	-0.24	-0.35	-0.96
General Surgery	5.76	5.46	5.45	5.44	5.43	5.42	5.42	5.41	5.40	5.39	5.38	5.37	5.36	5.35	0.10	5.38	5.28	5.18	5.08	4.97	4.87	4.77	4.67	4.57	4.47	4.37	4.26	4.16	4.76
Group Management - Surgery A	5.10	6.86	6.88	6.90	6.92	6.94	6.96	6.98	7.00	7.02	7.04	7.06	7.08	7.09	0.15	6.78	6.62	6.47	6.32	6.16	6.01	5.86	5.71	5.55	5.40	5.25	5.09	4.94	6.02
Specialist Surgery	3.71	3.86	3.80	3.74	3.68	3.62	3.56	3.50	3.44	3.38	3.33	3.27	3.21	3.15	0.11	3.78	3.66	3.55	3.44	3.33	3.21	3.10	2.99	2.88	2.76	2.65	2.54	2.43	2.79
Theatres	6.19	6.09	6.07	6.06	6.05	6.03	6.02	6.01	6.00	5.98	5.97	5.96	5.94	5.93	0.10	6.01	5.90	5.80	5.69	5.59	5.48	5.38	5.27	5.17	5.06	4.96	4.85	4.75	5.34
ENT, Oral Surgery & Audiology	2.42	2.35	2.35	2.35	2.36	2.36	2.36	2.37	2.37	2.37	2.38	2.38	2.38	2.39	0.09	2.27	2.18	2.09	2.00	1.91	1.82	1.73	1.63	1.54	1.45	1.36	1.27	1.18	1.78
Group Management - Surgery B	2.31	2.01	1.90	1.80	1.69	1.59	1.48	1.37	1.27	1.16	1.06	0.96	0.85	0.75	0.17	1.93	1.76	1.59	1.42	1.25	1.08	0.91	0.74	0.57	0.40	0.23	0.06	-0.11	0.32
Ophthalmology	3.40	3.50	3.49	3.48	3.47	3.46	3.45	3.44	3.43	3.42	3.42	3.41	3.40	3.39	0.06	3.42	3.36	3.29	3.23	3.17	3.10	3.04	2.98	2.91	2.85	2.79	2.72	2.66	3.02
Group Management - W&CH	6.20	9.43	9.87	10.30	10.74	11.17	11.61	12.05	12.48	12.92	13.34	13.78	14.23	14.63	0.17	9.35	9.18	9.02	8.85	8.68	8.52	8.35	8.18	8.02	7.85	7.69	7.52	7.35	10.99
Gynaecology, Gynae-Oncology, GUM & CASH	5.38	5.11	5.18	5.24	5.31	5.37	5.44	5.50	5.57	5.63	5.70	5.76	5.83	5.89	0.13	5.03	4.90	4.77	4.63	4.50	4.36	4.23	4.09	3.96	3.83	3.69	3.56	3.42	4.65
Maternity, Health Visiting & Perinatal Medicine	6.17	6.57	6.64	6.71	6.78	6.85	6.93	7.00	7.07	7.14	7.21	7.29	7.36	7.43	0.10	6.49	6.39	6.29	6.19	6.10	6.00	5.90	5.80	5.71	5.61	5.51	5.41	5.31	6.37
Paediatrics	4.20	4.76	4.80	4.84	4.88	4.92	4.96	5.00	5.04	5.08	5.12	5.16	5.19	5.23	0.13	4.68	4.55	4.42	4.29	4.16	4.03	3.90	3.77	3.64	3.51	3.38	3.24	3.11	4.17

Required monthly Reduction

0.14 0.13 0.13 0.19 0.10 0.17 0.01 0.20 0.15

0.02 0.20 0.14 0.00 0.20 0.05 0.00 0.03 0.16 0.04 0.23 0.01 0.49 0.14 0.00 0.21 0.18 0.05 0.18 0.12 0.15 0.18 0.00 0.31 0.01 0.15 0.00 0.21 0.16 0.05 0.25 0.00

Groups	Target	Mar-16	Apr-16	May-16	Jun-16	Jul-16	Aug-16	Sep-16	Oct-16	Nov-16	Dec-16	Jan-17	Feb-17	Mar-17
Community & Therapies	3.00	4.65	4.51	4.38	4.24	4.10	3.96	3.83	3.69	3.55	3.41	3.28	3.14	3.00
Corporate	3.00	4.60	4.46	4.33	4.20	4.06	3.93	3.80	3.67	3.53	3.40	3.27	3.13	3.00
Imaging	3.00	4.53	4.40	4.28	4.15	4.02	3.89	3.77	3.64	3.51	3.38	3.26	3.13	3.00
Medicine & Emergency Care	3.00	5.34	5.14	4.95	4.75	4.56	4.36	4.17	3.97	3.78	3.58	3.39	3.19	3.00
Pathology	3.00	4.18	4.08	3.98	3.89	3.79	3.69	3.59	3.49	3.39	3.30	3.20	3.10	3.00
Surgery A	3.00	5.10	4.92	4.75	4.57	4.40	4.22	4.05	3.87	3.70	3.52	3.35	3.17	3.00
Surgery B	3.00	3.11	3.10	3.09	3.08	3.07	3.06	3.06	3.05	3.04	3.03	3.02	3.01	3.00
Women's & Child Health	3.00	5.40	5.20	5.00	4.80	4.60	4.40	4.20	4.00	3.80	3.60	3.40	3.20	3.00
Trust	3.00	4.84	4.68	4.53	4.38	4.22	4.07	3.92	3.77	3.61	3.46	3.31	3.15	3.00

Monthly Change required to meet 3% target

Directorates	Target	Mar-16	Apr-16	May-16	Jun-16	Jul-16	Aug-16	Sep-16	Oct-16	Nov-16	Dec-16	Jan-17	Feb-17	Mar-17
Ambulatory Therapies	3.00	3.21	3.19	3.17	3.16	3.14	3.12	3.10	3.09	3.07	3.05	3.03	3.02	3.00
Beds	3.00	5.36	5.17	4.97	4.77	4.58	4.38	4.18	3.98	3.79	3.59	3.39	3.20	3.00
Cares	3.00	4.64	4.50	4.37	4.23	4.09	3.96	3.82	3.68	3.55	3.41	3.27	3.14	3.00
Chief Executive & Governance	3.00	2.73	2.73	2.73	2.73	2.73	2.73	2.73	2.73	2.73	2.73	2.73	2.73	2.73
Corporate Nursing & Facilities	3.00	5.45	5.25	5.04	4.84	4.64	4.43	4.23	4.02	3.82	3.61	3.41	3.20	3.00
Estates & New Hospital Project	3.00	3.60	3.55	3.50	3.45	3.40	3.35	3.30	3.25	3.20	3.15	3.10	3.05	3.00
inance	3.00	2.67	2.67	2.67	2.67	2.67	2.67	2.67	2.67	2.67	2.67	2.67	2.67	2.67
Medical Director	3.00	3.32	3.29	3.27	3.24	3.21	3.19	3.16	3.13	3.11	3.08	3.05	3.03	3.00
Operations	3.00	4.93	4.77	4.61	4.45	4.29	4.13	3.96	3.80	3.64	3.48	3.32	3.16	3.00
Vorkforce & Organisational Development	3.00	3.48	3.44	3.40	3.36	3.32	3.28	3.24	3.20	3.16	3.12	3.08	3.04	3.00
Breast Screening	3.00	5.72	5.50	5.27	5.04	4.82	4.59	4.36	4.13	3.91	3.68	3.45	3.23	3.00
Diagnostic Radiology	3.00	3.18	3.16	3.15	3.13	3.12	3.10	3.09	3.07	3.06	3.04	3.03	3.01	3.00
Group Management - Imaging	3.00	8.83	8.35	7.86	7.38	6.89	6.40	5.92	5.43	4.94	4.46	3.97	3.49	3.00
nterventional Radiology	3.00	4.73	4.58	4.44	4.30	4.15	4.01	3.86	3.72	3.58	3.43	3.29	3.14	3.00
Nuclear Medicine	3.00	1.93	1.93	1.93	1.93	1.93	1.93	1.93	1.93	1.93	1.93	1.93	1.93	1.93
Admitted Care	3.00	5.54	5.33	5.12	4.91	4.69	4.48	4.27	4.06	3.85	3.64	3.42	3.21	3.00
Emergency Care	3.00	5.21	5.03	4.85	4.66	4.48	4.29	4.11	3.92	3.74	3.55	3.37	3.18	3.00
Group Management - Medicine	3.00	3.66	3.60	3.55	3.49	3.44	3.38	3.33	3.27	3.22	3.16	3.11	3.05	3.00
Scheduled Care	3.00	5.14	4.96	4.78	4.60	4.43	4.25	4.07	3.89	3.71	3.53	3.36	3.18	3.00
Biochemistry	3.00	4.49	4.36	4.24	4.12	3.99	3.87	3.74	3.62	3.50	3.37	3.25	3.12	3.00
Group Management - Pathology	3.00	4.85	4.70	4.55	4.39	4.24	4.08	3.93	3.77	3.62	3.46	3.31	3.15	3.00
Haematology	3.00	5.22	5.03	4.85	4.66	4.48	4.29	4.11	3.92	3.74	3.55	3.37	3.18	3.00
Histopathology	3.00	1.65	1.65	1.65	1.65	1.65	1.65	1.65	1.65	1.65	1.65	1.65	1.65	1.65
mmunology	3.00	6.74	6.42	6.11	5.80	5.49	5.18	4.87	4.56	4.25	3.93	3.62	3.31	3.00
Microbiology	3.00	3.17	3.15	3.14	3.12	3.11	3.10	3.08	3.07	3.06	3.04	3.03	3.01	3.00
Anaesthetics, Pain Mgt and Critical Care	3.00	4.75	4.61	4.46	4.31	4.17	4.02	3.88	3.73	3.58	3.44	3.29	3.15	3.00
Cancer Services	3.00	2.36	2.36	2.36	2.36	2.36	2.36	2.36	2.36	2.36	2.36	2.36	2.36	2.36
General Surgery	3.00	5.55	5.34	5.12	4.91	4.70	4.49	4.27	4.06	3.85	3.64	3.42	3.21	3.00
Group Management - Surgery A	3.00	4.94	4.78	4.61	4.45	4.29	4.13	3.97	3.81	3.65	3.48	3.32	3.16	3.00
Specialist Surgery	3.00	3.65	3.60	3.54	3.49	3.43	3.38	3.33	3.27	3.22	3.16	3.11	3.05	3.00
heatres	3.00	5.95	5.70	5.46	5.21	4.97	4.72	4.47	4.23	3.98	3.74	3.49	3.25	3.00
ENT, Oral Surgery & Audiology	3.00	2.42	2.42	2.42	2.42	2.42	2.42	2.42	2.42	2.42	2.42	2.42	2.42	2.42

Group Management - Surgery B	3.00	2.31	2.31	2.31	2.31	2.31	2.31	2.31	2.31	2.31	2.31	2.31	2.31	2.31	0.00
Ophthalmology	3.00	3.37	3.34	3.31	3.28	3.25	3.22	3.18	3.15	3.12	3.09	3.06	3.03	3.00	0.03
Group Management - W&CH	3.00	5.95	5.70	5.46	5.21	4.97	4.72	4.47	4.23	3.98	3.74	3.49	3.25	3.00	0.25
Gynaecology, Gynae-Oncology, GUM & CASH	3.00	5.20	5.01	4.83	4.65	4.46	4.28	4.10	3.92	3.73	3.55	3.37	3.18	3.00	0.18
Maternity, Health Visiting & Perinatal Medicine	3.00	5.93	5.69	5.44	5.20	4.95	4.71	4.46	4.22	3.98	3.73	3.49	3.24	3.00	0.24
Paediatrics	3.00	4.11	4.02	3.92	3.83	3.74	3.65	3.55	3.46	3.37	3.28	3.18	3.09	3.00	0.09

Sandwell and West Birmingham Hospitals Wis

Discuss

	TRUST BOARD
DOCUMENT TITLE:	Risk Registers
SPONSOR (EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR):	Kam Dhami, Director of Governance
AUTHOR:	Mariola Smallman, Head of Risk Management
DATE OF MEETING:	7 April 2016

EXECUTIVE SUMMARY:

The Trust Risk Register compromises high (red) risks that have been through the validation processes at directorate / group and Executive Committee levels.

The Trust Risk Register was last reported to the Board at its March meeting and Executive Director updates are highlighted where these were provided for the meeting.

REPORT RECOMMENDATION:

- **RECEIVE** monthly updates on progress with treatment plans from risk owners for risks on the Trust Risk Register.
- **AGREE** to remove the proposed risks from the Trust Risk Register as they are either for archiving or to be maintained on Clinical Group / Corporate Directorate risk registers.

ACTION REQUIRED (Indicate with 'x' the purpose that applies):

The receiving body is asked to receive, consider and:

Accept

		✓		✓							
KEY AREAS OF IMPACT (Indicate with 'x' all those that apply):											
Financial	✓	Environmental	✓	Communications & Media							
Business and market share		Legal & Policy	✓	Patient Experience	✓						
Clinical	✓	Equality and	√	Workforce	✓						

Approve the recommendation

Comments:

ALIGNMENT TO TRUST OBJECTIVES, RISK REGISTERS, BAF, STANDARDS AND PERFORMANCE METRICS:

Aligned to BAF, quality and safety agenda and requirement for risk register process as part of external accreditation programmes.

Diversity

PREVIOUS CONSIDERATION:

Clinical Leadership Executive March 2016

Sandwell and West Birmingham Hospitals

Trust Risk Register

Report to the Trust Board on 7 April 2016

1. EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

1.1 This report includes the Trust Risk Register and an update on the implementation of the electronic risk system.

2. TRUST RISK REGISTER (TRR)

- 2.1 Clinical Group and Corporate Directorate risks were reviewed at Risk Management and Clinical Leadership Committees.
- 2.2 The following risks are proposed for removal from the Trust Risk Register:
 - Risk of trauma patients requiring traction during surgery being delayed with associated morbidities due to both trauma operating tables being over 15 years old (770 the replacement trauma tables have been delivered.)
 - Risk of failure to achieve TDA sign off for annual plan return and failure to develop an integrated TDA annual plan submission compliant with TDA guidance requirements which triangulates the Trust's long term finance, activity and workforce projections, which also align to the Trust's long-term integrated business plan and LTFM. (172 annual plans submitted for 2015-16 and 2016-17)
 - Not all shifts have an appropriately trained trauma nurse on duty due to a lack of nurses trained in ATNC or equivalent which could compromise the quality of care. (326 – training programme in place).
- 2.3 The new CIO has carried out an initial review of Informatics risks. A more detailed review is planned.
- 2.4 As a reminder, the options available for handling risks are:

Terminate	Cease doing the activity likely to generate the risk
Treat	Reduce the probability or severity of the risk by putting appropriate controls in place
Tolerate	Accept the risk or tolerate the residual risk once treatments have been applied
Transfer	Redefine the responsibility for managing the risk e.g. by contracting out a particular activity.

3. **ELECTRONIC RISK SYSTEM**

3.1 Implementation of the electronic risk system is ongoing. All risk registers provided by clinical

groups and corporate directorates have been imported onto the system and implementation is

well underway.

3.2 Electronic risk system demonstration / Q&A sessions have been held with Clinical Group /

Corporate Directorate leads and further sessions to support implementation at directorate and

specialty levels are ongoing. A "How to...guide" and FAQ is available on the Safeguard landing

page and the Risk team continues to provide support and advice.

3.3 Risk register reports at various levels, including the Trust Risk Register, are available for all staff

to access on the Connect Intranet System.

4. **RECOMMENDATION(S)**

The Board is recommended to: 4.1

RECEIVE monthly updates from Executive Directors for high (red) risks on the Trust Risk

Register.

• AGREE to remove the proposed risks from the Trust Risk Register as they are either for

archiving or to be maintained on Clinical Group / Corporate Directorate risk registers.

Kam Dhami, Director of Governance

7 April 2015

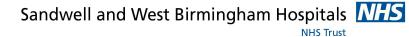
Appendix: Trust Risk Register



Status Status	Directorate	Dept.	Туре	Risk Statement	Initial risk rating (Likelihood x Severity)	Existing controls	Actions	Owner	Expected completion	Latest review	Review	Residual risk score (LxS)	Control potential
Live (With Actions)	Paediatrics	Paediatrics	Incident	Lack of Tier 4 bed facilities for Children-Young people with mental health conditions means that they are admitted to the paediatric ward. There is no specialist medical or nursing MH team to care for their needs with limited access to in/OOH CAMHS support. Whilst safety for the children can be maintained, therapeutic care is compromised and there can be an impact on other children and parents.	4x4=16	Mental health agency nursing staff utilised to provide care 1:1 All admissions monitored for internal and external monitoring purposes. Awareness training for Trust staff to support management of patients is in place Children are managed in appropriate risk free environments	The LA and CCG are looking to develop a Tier 3+ service. An update has been requested through the CCG and a response is awaited. Tier 4 beds are being reviewed nationally.	Rachel Barlow	30/04/2016	04/04/2016	Monthly	4x4=16	Tolerate
Live (With Actions)	Emergency Care	Accident & Emergency (S)	Staffing	There is a risk that further reduction or failure to recruit senior medical staff in ED leads to an inability to provide a viable rota at consultant level which may impact on delays in assessment, treatment and patient safety.	4x5=20	Recruitment campaign through local networks, national adverts, head-hunters and international recruitment expertise. Leadership development and mentorship. Programme to support staff development. Robust forward look on rotas through leadership team reliance on locums (37% shifts filled with locums). Registrar vacancy rate 59%. Consultant vacancy rate 35%.	Recruitment ongoing with marketing of new hospital. CESR middle grade training programme to start in April as a "grow your own" workforce strategy.	Rachel Barlow	30/04/2015	18/03/2016	Monthly	3x5=15	Treat

Date run:

04/04/2016



Status Status	Directorate	Dept.	Туре	Risk Statement	Initial risk rating (Likelihood x Severity)	Existing controls	Actions	Owner	Expected completion	Latest review	Review	Residual risk score (LxS)	Control potential
Live (With Actions)	Finance		Costs Not Planned	As a result of significant reliance on non-recurrent measures and balance sheet flexibility to support the Trust's financial performance cash balances have been eroded and there is a risk that this may compromise future investment plans.		Routine medium term financial plan update. Routine cash flow forecasting. Routine monitoring of supplier status avoiding any 'on stop' issues.	Establish and deliver operational plan consistent with living within means to mitigate further cash erosion Establish & progress cash generation programme Determine and progress accelerated programme of surplus asset realisation.	Antony Waite	31/03/2018	22/01/2016	Quarterly	3x5=15	Treat
Live (With Actions)	Human Resources	Human Resources	Cost Improvement Not Met	Insufficient policy levers to ensure effective delivery of Trust workforce plan establishment establishment reduction of 1400 WTEs, leading to excess pay costs (1414MARWK03)	4x5=20	The Executive led delivery plan is progressing the reduction of WTEs alongside a change management programme. Learning from previous phases, changes in legislation and broad stakeholder engagement are factored into the delivery plan.	Early planning & engagement on 2016/2018 workforce change Workshops, consultation and engagement Remaining ask to be identified by the ongoing programme.	Raffaela Goodby	31/05/2016	04/04/2016	Quarterly	3x4=12	Treat

Date run:

04/04/2016



Control potential Latest review Directorate Status Dept. **Type Risk Statement Existing controls Actions** 215 Sustained high Delayed Transfers of 4x4=16ADAPT joint health and social care team in Confirm plans for a joint health and social 3x4=12Waiting List Management (S) Care (DTOC) patients remaining in place. Progress made on new pathway. care ward to be established and funded on Waiting List Management acute bed capacity the City site in 2016. Nursing home Joint health and social care ward capacity also a risk and currently Performance Rachel Barlow established in October at Rowley. unmitigated. 30/06/2016 18/03/2016 Bi-Monthly EAB and nursing home capacity remain unmitigated risks. System Resilience partners will review demand and capacity Live (With Actions) of interim bed base and recommend future requirements by end Q1 2016-17. 121 Unpredictable birth activity and the 4x4=16Maximisation of tariff income through robust Options for management of maternity 3x4=12impact of cross charging from other electronic data capture. Robust validation of pathways payment between primary and providers against the AN / PN tariff is cross charges from secondary providers. secondary provider for AN/PN care in Costs Not Planned Live (With Actions) Maternity_ Health significantly affecting the financial Maternity 1 progress by the Finance Director - with position of the service impacting on cross provider SLA planned. Risk proposed 30/04/2016 04/04/2016 the affordability and quality provision for removal from TRR when 2016-17 SLA is Monthly of the service. signed.

Date run:

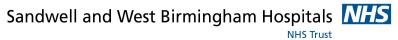
04/04/2016



Status Status	Directorate	Dept.	Туре	Risk Statement	Initial risk rating (Likelihood x Severity)	Existing controls	Actions	Owner	Expected completion	Latest review	Review	Residual risk score (LxS)	Control potential
Live (With Actions)	Theatres	Theatres - 1st	Incident	Risk of cancellation on the day due to the unavailability of instrumentation as a result of off-site sterilisation issues due to the 24 hour turnaround process; migration of equipment; lost damaged instruments; lack of traceability.	4x4=16	Audit by Pan Birmingham team of turnaround times. Non conformance discussed daily and investigated. Monthly Theatre users group meeting with Trust and BBraun. Non conformance presented at TUG monthly. TSSU and Theatre practitioner to follow process at BBraun and spot check theatre compliance. Risk of cancellation on the day due to the unavailability of instrumentation as a result of off-site sterilisation issues due to the 24 hour turnaround process; migration of equipment; lost damaged instruments; lack of traceability. In addition this is compounded by ongoing industrial action 2 strikes have occurred and 2 more planned	Surgery A Group Director of Operations attending Pan-Birmingham Management Board to escalate issues. Contract review planned Q1.	Rachel Barlow	30/06/2016	18/03/2016	Quarterly	3x4=12	Treat
Live (With Actions)	Informatics	Informatics Systems (S)	IT Software - Clinical System Failure / Issue	There is a risk of failure of a trust wide implementation of a new EPR due to insufficient skilled resources in informatics, significant time constraints (programme should have started earlier) and budgetary constraints.	4x4=16	Recruitment of suitably skilled specialist resources for EPR Programme and Infrastructure Stabilisation Funding allocated to LTFM OBC approved and procurement almost complete	Complete procurement and business case approval to schedule. Development of contingency plans in relation to clinical IT systems will be established, to ensure that if there is any slippage (for example, a TDA query / Legal challenge), there is an alternative and fully considered option.	Mark Reynolds	30/06/2016	18/03/2016	Monthly	3x4=12	Treat

Date run:

04/04/2016



Status Status	Directorate	Dept.	Туре	Risk Statement	Initial risk rating (Likelihood x Severity)	Existing controls	Actions	Owner	Expected completion	Latest review	Review	Residual risk score (LxS)	Control potential
						Project prioritised by Board and management.	Management time will be given for programme elements such as detailed planning, change management, and benefits realisation						
Tive (With Actions)	Informatics	Medical Director's Office	Unauthorised Disclosure Of Info	There is a risk of a breach of patient or staff confidentiality due to inadequate information security systems and processes which could result in regulatory and statutory non-compliance.	4x4=16	Prioritised and protected investment for security infrastructure via Infrastructure Stabilisation approved Business Case Information security assessment completed and actions underway.	Complete actions from information security assessment. Complete rollout of Windows 7. Create plan for replacement of Windows Server 2003	Mark Reynolds	30/09/2016	04/04/2016	Monthly	3x4=12	Treat

Date run:

04/04/2016



Status Status	Directorate	Dept.	Туре	Risk Statement	Initial risk rating (Likelihood x Severity)	Existing controls	Actions	Owner	Expected completion	Latest review	Review	Residual risk score (LxS)	Control potential
Live (With Actions)	Maternity_ Health	Community - Midwifery (C)	IT Software - Clinical System Failure / Issue	BadgerNet connectivity problems associated with the use of I Pads is affecting Community Midwives' (CMW) ability to access/ update patient live records.	4x4=16	A proforma has been developed to enable CMWs to send critical information to the IT service desk. CMW have the ability to download patient caseloads whilst online so can access offline via their IPads. Utilisation of local super users and dedicated midwife for day- to- day support. CMW reverts to peer notes for retrospective data entry if unable to input data in real time	IT Service Desk liaising with maternity and CSUs to install BN client onto GPs PCs. CIO now leading on mitigation plan.	Mark Reynolds	30/06/2016	04/04/2016	Monthly	3x4=12	Treat
Live (With Actions)	Ophthalmology	Outpatients - EYE	Clinical Environment IC Related	Risk of Breach of Privacy and Dignity Standard, Information Governance Risk and Infection Control Risk at Sandwell Outpatient Department as a consequence of poor building design in SGH Ophthalmology OPD. Clean/dirty utility failings cannot be addressed without re-development of the area. Risk that either a patient's health, or privacy/dignity will be compromised as a consequence of	5x4=20	Reviewing plans in line with STC retained estate Staff trained in IG and mindful of conversations being overheard by nearby patients/staff/visitors	Department reconstruction at SGH with the exception of theatre location. (May 2016)	Rachel Barlow	31/05/2016	26/01/2016	Quarterly	3x4=12	Treat

Date run:

04/04/2016



Risk Ref No.	Directorate	Dept.	Туре	Risk Statement	Initial risk rating (Likelihood x Severity)	Existing controls	Actions	Owner	Expected completion	Latest review	Review	Residual risk score (LxS)	Control potential
				poor building design. Clean / dirty utility failings cannot be addressed without re-development of the area.									
Live (With Actions)	Operations Management		Incident	Unfunded beds staffed by temporary staff in medicine place an additional ask on substantive staff elsewhere, in both medicine and surgery. This reduces time to care, and raises experience and safety risks.		Overseas recruitment drive (pending) Use of bank staff including block bookings Close working with partners in relation to DTOCs Close monitoring and response as required.	Review bed plan and clinical team model in March 2016. Fully implement the assessment for discharge bundle in AMU by May 2016. Develop a plan for the closure of the unfunded beds by the end of March.	Rachel Barlow	01/06/2016	18/03/2016	Monthly	3x4=12	Treat



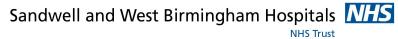
Status Status	Directorate	Dept.	Туре	Risk Statement	Initial risk rating (Likelihood x Severity)	Existing controls	Actions	Owner	Expected completion	Latest review	Review	Residual risk score (LxS)	Control potential
Live (With Actions)	Maternity_ Health	Ante-Natal (C)	Service Level Agreement - Operational	Current sonography capacity is restricted resulting in a number of women having dating USS performed > 12/40 and some being outwith the screening window and therefore not receiving screening as per National NSC guidelines which results in the potential for an inequitable service for those women choosing to book at SWBH.		Implemented alternative ways of providing services to minimise impact. Additional clinics as required Use of agency staff by Imaging to cover gaps in the current service. Ongoing review of referrals to ensure inappropriate scans are not being undertaken and requests are in line with best practice guidance.	Recruitment and retention strategy ongoing; 2 vacancies currently with potential recruits in progress. Training programme in place with other specialties. Vascular sub-specialty dependent on agency. Workforce strategy to be determined in April. Training being scoped to support the development of Sonographers and other disciplines in house. Programme to start Q2 2016-17	Rachel Barlow	31/03/2017	04/04/2016	Monthly	5x2=10	Treat
Live (With Actions)	Maternity_ Health	Maternity Theatres	Incident	There is not a 2nd on call theatre team for an obstetric emergency between 1pm and 8am. Risk initially red, downgraded to amber due to reduced frequency. In the event that a 2nd woman requires an emergency c/s when the 1st team are engaged, there is a risk of delay which may result in harm or death to mother and/or child.	2x5=10	Monitoring of frequency of near misses On call theatre team available but not dedicated to maternity (but where possible maternity is prioritised) Good labour ward management practices and good communication between teams.	Reviewed by TB who advised the risk will continue to be monitored / tolerated. RMC / CLE discussion with a view to removal from TRR.	Rachel Barlow	30/04/2016	04/04/2016	Monthly	2x5=10	Tolerate

Date run: 04/04/2016



Risk Ref No.	Directorate	Dept.	Туре	Risk Statement	Initial risk rating (Likelihood x Severity)	Existing controls	Actions	Owner	Expected completion	Latest review	Review	Residual risk score (LxS)	Control potential
Live (With Actions)	Informatics	Informatics Systems (S)	IT Hardware - Clinical System Failure / Issue	There is a risk that the Trust's integration engine fails, as 50% of the disks have already failed and are not repairable and the current version is unsupported by the supplier. Resulting in inability to transfer key clinical information between key clinical systems, making these systems unuseable (e.g. CDA, eMBS etc).		Business continuity and communications plans in the event of hardware failure have been put in place. Rhapsody V2 has been successfully transferred off the original failed server onto a virtual server. The transition of Rhapsody 2 to Rhaphsody 5 is in progress.	Migrate Rhapsody V2 to current V5 software. This is in progress; 95% completion by end of March 2016. Imaging and Cardiology migrating in line with their local system implementation plans by mid-summer.	Mark Reynolds	31/08/2016	18/03/2016	Monthly	2x5=10	Treat
Live (With Actions)	Operations Management	Operations Management	Staffing	Clinical Groups are unable to transact basic business processes because of key person gaps resulting in performance delays and failures.	4x4=16	Investment in high quality agency staff and internal cover of the senior team Deputy COO for Planned Care appointed.	Recruitment to Medicine Director Operations in train. Deputy COO planned care recruited. Deputy COO for Urgent Care vacant and uncovered in Q4.	Rachel Barlow	31/08/2016	04/04/2016	Quarterly	3x3=9	Treat

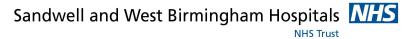
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Risk Ref No.	Directorate	Dept.	Туре	Risk Statement	Initial risk rating (Likelihood x Severity)	Existing controls	Actions	Owner	Expected completion	Latest review	Review	Residual risk score (LxS)	Control potential
Live (With Actions)	Operations Management	Elective Access Inpatient (C)	Performance	There is a risk that within a large group of open referrals that there are potentially patients whose clinical or administrative pathway is not fully completed as a result of historical and inadequate referral management which may lead to delayed treatment.		Historical backlog of open referrals closed in Q3 2015. SOP and training in place as part of actions at time. Audit of current open referrals open pathways completed and shows some remaining inconsistencies in referral management practice.		Rachel Barlow	30/04/2016	18/03/2016	Monthly	3x3=9	Treat
Live (With Actions)	Informatics	Informatics Systems (S)	IT Hardware - Clinical System Failure / Issue	There is a risk that a not fit for purpose IT infrastructure will result in a failure to achieve strategic objectives and significantly diminishes the ability to realise benefits from related capital investments. e.g. successful move to paperlite MMH, successful implementation of Trust Wide EPR.	5x4=20	Approved Business Case in place for Infrastructure Stabilisation programme (approved by Trust Board June 2015) Specialist technical resources engaged (both direct and via supplier model) to deliver key activities	Complete network and desktops refresh	Mark Reynolds	30/06/2016	18/03/2016	Monthly	3x3=9	Treat

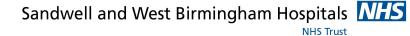
Date run:

04/04/2016



Status Status	Directorate	Dept.	Туре	Risk Statement	Initial risk rating (Likelihood x Severity)	Existing controls	Actions	Owner	Expected completion	Latest review	Review	Residual risk score (LxS)	Control potential
						Informatics has undergone organisational review and restructure to support delivery of key transformational activities Informatics governance structures and delivery mechanisms have been initiated to support of transformational activities Infrastructure work to refresh networks and desktops is underway.							
Live (With Actions)	Waiting List Management	Waiting List Management (S)	Performance	Lack of assurance of standard process and data quality approach to 18 weeks.	4x3=12	SOP in place Substantive Deputy COO for Planned Care appointed and new Head of Elective Access in place. Improvement plan in place for elective access with training being progressed. 52 week breaches continue to be an issue for the Trust. The RCA identified historical incorrect pathway administration and clock stops. There has been no clinical harm caused to patients. The 52 week review was completed with TDA input. The action plan is focused on prospective data quality check points in the RTT pathway, competency and training.	Implement full action plan by Q2 Source e-learning module for RTT with a competency sign off for all staff in delivery chain by Q2 Data quality process to be documented and KPIs to be published from April.	Rachel Barlow	01/07/2016	18/03/2016	Monthly	3x3=9	Treat

Date run: 04/04/2016



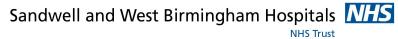
Risk Ref No.	Directorate	Dept.	Туре	Risk Statement	Initial risk rating (Likelihood x Severity)	Existing controls	Actions	Owner	Expected completion	Latest review	Review	Residual risk score (LxS)	Control potential
Live (With Actions)	Scheduled Care	Oncology Medical	Service Level Agreement - Operational	The Trust has excess waits for oncology clinics because of non-replacement of roles by UHB and pharmacy gaps.	3x5=15	Being tackled through use of locums and waiting times monitored through cancer wait team.	100% funding increase proposed by Trust. Strategic partnership working with New Cross and Coventry and Warwick. Actively recruiting two Medical Oncologist for SWBH. Regional networking through the Cancer Network	Roger Stedman	30/06/2016	04/04/2016	Monthly	3x3=9	Treat
Live (With Actions)	Gynaecology_Gynaeonco	Gynaecology (C)	Recruitment	Provision of ultra sound support for Gynaecology services is at risk due to difficulties in recruitment and retention of ultra-sonographers which results in the potential for delayed diagnoses, failure to achieve 31 day cancer investigation targets plus impacts on the one-stop community service contract. Group lack confidence that the team will be able to maintain 100% attendance in the	3x4=12	Use of agency staff by Imaging to cover gaps in the current service Robust communication with Imaging for timely alerts when sonography not required in clinics to ensure efficient use of sonography time.	Recruitment and retention strategy ongoing Training being scoped to support the development of sonographers and other disciplines in-house.	Rachel Barlow	31/03/2016	18/03/2016	Monthly	2x4=8	Treat

Date run:

04/04/2016



Status Status	Directorate	Dept.	Type	Risk Statement CGS resulting in the contract being at risk.	Initial risk rating (Likelihood x Severity)	Existing controls	Actions	Owner	Expected completion	Latest review	Review	Residual risk score (LxS)	Control potential
Live (With Actions)	Scheduled Care	Oncology Medical	Performance	Trust non-compliance with some peer review standards due to a variety of factors, including lack of oncologist attendance at MDTs, which gives rise to serious concern levels.	3x4=12	Oncology recruitment ongoing and longer term resolution is planned as part of the Cancer Services project.	Recruit to revised clinic footprint across multi-provider partnership.	Roger Stedman	30/06/2016	04/04/2016	Monthly	2x4=8	Treat



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Risk Ref No.	Directorate	Dept.	Туре	Risk Statement	Initial risk rating (Likelihood x Severity)	Existing controls	Actions	Owner	Expected completion	Latest review	Review	Residual risk score (LxS)	Control potential
Live (With Actions)	Admitted Care	Priory 4	Service Level Agreement - Operational	Potential loss of the Hyper Acute Stroke Unit due to an external commissioner led review.	4x4=16	Standard operating procedure agreed and in place for data collection and validation. Outcomes rated well nationally. KPI monitoring in place. Review panel feedback being considered as part of strengthening position as preferred provider. Progressing strategy with Black Country Alliance stakeholders for stroke services locally.	Continued monitoring through SSNAP Progress strategic plan for stroke in the BCA in 2016.	Rachel Barlow	30/04/2016	04/04/2016	Monthly	2x4=8	Tolerate
Live (With Actions)	Strategy	Strategy	Loss Of Income	*** PROPOSED REMOVAL FROM TRR *** Risk of failure to achieve TDA sign off for annual plan return and failure to develop an integrated TDA annual plan submission compliant with TDA guidance requirements which triangulates the Trust's long term finance, activity and workforce projections, which also align to the Trust's long-term integrated business	4x4=16	Identified resource in place to oversee business planning process. (Simon Cook)	Annual plan successfully submitted to TDA for 2015-16 and 2016-17.	Toby Lewis	30/04/2016	04/04/2016	Quarterly	2x4=8	Treat

Date run:

04/04/2016

Risks that feature on the Trust Risk Register (TRR) have been escalated and reviewed by management teams through to Clinical Leadership Executive Committee and Trust Board. Trust Board takes the decision whether risks feature on the TRR including approval of requests for risks to be removed from the TRR for them to managed at the relevant Clinical Group / Corporate Directorate.

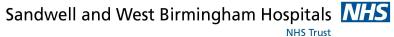
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Risk Ref No.	Directorate	Dept.	Туре	Risk Statement plan and LTFM.	Initial risk rating (Likelihood x Severity)	Existing controls	Actions	Owner	Expected completion	Latest review	Review	Residual risk score (LxS)	Control potential
Tive (With Actions)	Emergency Care	Accident & Emergency (C)	Staffing	*** PROPOSED FOR REMOVAL FROM TRR *** Not all shifts have an appropriately trained trauma nurse on duty due to a lack of nurses trained in ATNC or equivalent which could compromise the quality of care.	5x3=15	All shift coordinators have ATLS qualifications. The peer review team advised that these staff should have the Advanced Trauma Nurse Course (ATNC) or equivalent. Local trauma teaching in place. ATNC training programme in place for ED staff. RMC request for update on mitigation actions.	All staff within ED are being trained through a rotation course to achieve ATNC. Currently 18 staff have attended the Trauma Study day; further sessions are planned.	Rachel Barlow	31/12/2015	04/04/2016	Bi-Monthly	4x2=8	Treat

Date run:

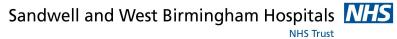
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Risk Ref No.	Directorate	Dept.	Туре	Risk Statement	Initial risk rating (Likelihood x Severity)	Existing controls	Actions	Owner	Expected completion	Latest review	Review	Residual risk score (LxS)	Control potential
Live (With Actions)	Interventional Radiology	Imaging Management (C)	Recruitment	Reduced ability to provide an Interventional Radiology service as a result of difficulties in recruiting Interventional Radiology consultants, results in delays for patients and loss of business.	4x3=12	Interventional radiology service is available Mon - Fri 9-5pm across both sites. The QE provides an out of hours service for urgent requests. Locum arrangements in place to support workforce plan. Two consultants recruited who will start in 2017.	BCA plans to be delivered to commence in April 2016. PPAC & staff currently being consulted and volunteers for rotas sought. Working on Rota to cover our first commitment Saturday 30th April. Short term increased risk with planned sickness and leave to be reviewed urgently and mitigation determined. Locum cover being investigated Request for carers leave under review.	Rachel Barlow	31/03/2016	18/03/2016	Bi-Monthly	2x3=6	Treat
Live (With Actions)	Maternity_ Health		Vaccination	National shortage of intradermal BCG vaccination leading to a potential increase in babies affected with TB.	5x4=20	Pooling all available vaccines from other areas in the Trust Getting the maximum number of doses out of each vial when opened to prevent unnecessary wastage.	Mitigation plan up to end March successfully completed, however another national shortage is likely.	Elaine Newell	30/06/2016	04/04/2016	Monthly	2x2=4	Treat

Date run:

04/04/2016



Status Status	Directorate	Dept.	Туре	Risk Statement	Initial risk rating (Likelihood x Severity)	Existing controls	Actions	Owner	Expected completion	Latest review	Review	Residual risk score (LxS)	Control potential
						Recording of all infants who are discharged who qualify but don't receive the vaccine. All the community midwives informed that infants will be discharged without being vaccinated. Inform parents of eligible infants of the shortage and how to raise any concerns with relevant agencies. Extra vigilance by CMW in observing and referring infants where necessary. Backlog reduced. All parents offered appointment by end of Feb							
Live (With Actions)	Scheduled Care	Oncology Medical	Performance	Differential and extended chemotherapy wait times between sites due to staff vacancies results in inequality of service for patients.	2x4=8	Review / amend pathway Staff vacancies recruited to. Latest audit (Nov 15) provides assurance that wait times have significantly improved; 9 days on each site. Monthly monitoring of performance carried out to check that staff recruitment maintains sustainable change.	New system being introduced to equalise waits from beginning of May.	Roger Stedman	31/07/2016	04/04/2016	Monthly	1x4=4	Treat

Date run:

04/04/2016



Status Status	Directorate	Dept.	Type	Risk Statement	Initial risk rating (Likelihood x Severity)	Existing controls	Actions	Owner	Expected completion	Latest review	Review	Residual risk score (LxS)	Control potential
Live (With Actions)	Theatres	Theatres - Orthopaedic	Ouality Of Care	*** RISK TO BE ARCHIVED AS FULLY MITIGATED *** Risk of Trauma patients requiring traction during surgery being delayed with associated morbidities due to both trauma operating tables being over 15 years old.	4x4=16	Increase training for medical and theatre staff to prevent any accidental damage to the table. Trauma tables replaced		Rachel Barlow	28/02/2016	17/03/2016	Quarterly	1x4=4	Tolerate

SWBTB: 16-17/016

Sandwell and West Birmingham Hospitals $W\!H\!S$



TRUST BOARD

DOCUMENT TITLE:	Integrated Performance Report
SPONSOR (EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR):	Tony Waite, Director of Finance
AUTHOR:	Yasmina Gainer, Head Performance Management & Costing
DATE OF MEETING:	7 April 2016

EXECUTIVE SUMMARY:

The report is presented to inform of the performance for the Trust for the period to February 2016.

IPR – Summary Scorecard for February Month

Section	Red	Amber Rated	Green Rated	None	Total
Infection Control	3	Ċ	3	0	6
Harm Free Care	5	0	8	2	15
Obstetrics	1	1	5	6	13
Mortality and Readmissions	1	C	0	11	12
Stroke and Cardiology	2	0	9	0	11
Cancer	0	0	10	3	13
FFT, MSA, Complaints	10	2	4	6	22
Cancellations	4	1	4	0	9
Emergency Care & Patient Flow	9	0	10	4	18
RT	8	0	2	5	13
Data Completeness	2	0	8	ŝ	18
Workforca	10	C		12	23
Tota	53	4	59	57	173

- February performance has 53 [vs. 48 last month] exceptions (red rated) indicators.
- Relevant recovery plans are overseen through the executive Performance Management Committee.

Matters to draw to the Board's attention

Key standards - outlook

- All cancer targets met in February and expected to achieve full year performance to national standards.
- > RTT (incomplete pathway) delivered to 92% standard in February and expected to achieve for full year
- ED 4 hour performance 89.4% in month vs. 95% standard and will fail for Q4 & year
- VTE improvement in February meeting national target of 95% close management during March expected to underpin full year delivery to that standard.

Other - positive

- > Readmissions 7.4% February [vs. 7.8%] and reinforcing recent step change improvement
- Harm free care >95% standard for second consecutive month; underpinned by significant winter on winter reduction in pressure ulcers
- Sickness & absence 4.9% February [vs. 5.64%] and to be on-going focus of attention in Q1 new year

Requiring attention

- X1 never event [wrong site surgery] recorded in February x4 year to date
- DTOC bed days 426 in month of which 198 days chargeable to BCC
- Nurse vacancies 274 being flat month on month

SWBTB: 16-17/016

REPORT RECOMMENDATION:

The Trust Board is asked to consider the content of this report.

Its attention is drawn to the matters above and commentary at the 'At a glance' summary page.

ACTION REQUIRED (Indicate with 'x' the purpose that applies): The receiving body is asked to receive, consider and:											
Accept		Approve the recommendation		Discuss							
				X							
KEY AREAS OF IMPACT (India	cate w	ith 'x' all those that apply):									
Financial	X	Environmental	х	Communications & Media	Х						
Business and market share	х	Legal & Policy	х	Patient Experience	Х						
Clinical	Х	Equality and Diversity		Workforce	Х						

Comments:

ALIGNMENT TO TRUST OBJECTIVES, RISK REGISTERS, BAF, STANDARDS AND PERFORMANCE METRICS:

Accessible and Responsive Care, High Quality Care and Good Use of Resources.

PREVIOUS CONSIDERATION:

Operational Management Committee, Performance Management Committee, CLE



Integrated Quality & Performance Report

Month Reported: February 2016

Reported as at: 29/03/2016

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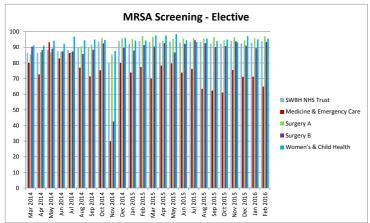
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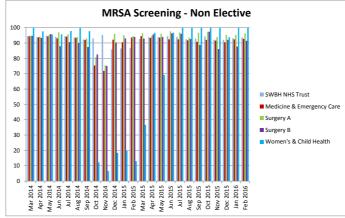
		At Glance - February 2016		
Infection Control	Harm Free Care	Obstetrics	Mortality & Readmissions	Stroke Care & Cardiology
x3 C. Diff cases reported during the month of February (1x in medicine, 1x in SurgeryA, 1x WCH).	95.8% compliance with NHS Safety Thermometer indicates being above target 95.0%. 2nd consecutive month of compliance.	The overall Caesarean Section rate for February is 23.7% (compliant with 25% target); year to date 25.1% (marginal non-compliance). Elective and Non-Elective rates in month are 8.3% and 15.4% respectively.	The Trust overall RAMI for most recent 12-mth cumulative period is 92 (latest available data is as at November). The RAMI for welday and weekend each at 93 and 88 respectively and considered within statistical confidence limits.	Stroke data for February indicates 93.8% (94% previous mnth) of patients spending >90% of their time on a stroke ward being compliant with the 90% operational threshold (year to date delivery at 92.7%). Sustaining this performance will bring year end performance in line with target for the year.
x26 cases year to date which is consistent with delivery of max x30 full year.	x87 falls reported in February (44 Acute; 23 Community) with 2 falls resulting in serious injury. Best month since February 2015. Data validation review being progressed.	Adjusted perinatal mortality rate (per 1000 births) for February is 8.44 (4.22	SHMI measure which includes deaths 30-days after hospital discharge is at 97 for the month of October (latest available data). Consistent with previous months.	February admittance to an acute stroke unit within 4 hours 78.0% (78.9% previous mnth) falling therefore 80% national target. Vaer to date delivery at 80.5% meeting the national target, but falling to meet the local stretch target of 90% which consistently has not been met.
x1 cases of MRSA Bacteraemia were reported in February (x1 in medicine). x3 cases reported year to date versus a target of zero.	x6 cases of avoidable, hospital acquired pressure ulcers reported in February (x6 cases in Medicine). 5 were grade 2 and 1 at grade 3. 70 avoidable, hospital acquired pressures ulcers year to date, Noted significant improvement winter 2015 on winter 2014.	last month) being above target rate of 8. The indicator represents an in-month position and which, together with the small numbers involved provides for some natural variation. Nationally this is monitored using a 3 year cumulative trend, based on which the Trust is within normal confidence limits.	Deaths in Low Risk Diagnosis Groups (RAMI) - month of October is at 148 (57 last month). This indicator measures in-month expected versus actual deaths so subject to larger month on month variations. 148 is highest recorded rate & subject to review with the mortality team.	Pts receiving CT Scan within 1 hour of presentation is at 76.5% in month (69.2% previous mnth); [73.1% YTD] being compliant with 50% standard. Pts receiving CT Scan within 24 hrs of presentation delivery at 100% (95.0% previous mnth) recovering the performance from trend in the last three months. Year to date performance at 99.0%.
MRSA Screening - Elective patients screening 94% in month (target 80%);	NB serious incidents reported in February (incl 2 fall serious injury). Governance team continues to review for evidence of any pattern. No concerns noted.	the trust is within normal confidence limits.	Crude in-month mortality rate for January has increased to 1.7, but similar to rate in January 2015 which was at 1.9.	In February patients receiving thrombolysis within 60 minutes of admission was at 85.7% against a target of 85%. 84.9% YTD and hence just marginally below the 85% target which needs improvement during March in order to meet the year end target.
Met across all groups except Medicine at 65% (Scheduled Care 18%); Medicine are reviewing the reporting and changes may result for next reporting period. Non-elective patients screening 94% with target compliance across all groups.	x1 Never Event recorded in February [x4 year to date] relating to a T&O patient where wrong site was selected.	Early Booking Assessment (<12 + 6 weeks) - SWBH specific definition target of 90% has consistently not been met and for February the delivery is 75.08%; however, performance is consistently delivering to nationally specified definitions in large part due to significant excess of registrations	The rolling crude year to date mortality rate remains static. Mortality review rate in January is at 46% being below internally set target of 90%. CDA system issues inhibited review process. To remedy review backlog in Q1.	For February, Primary Angioplasty Door to balloon time (<90 minutes) 96.0% and Call to balloon time (<150 minutes) 80.0% (80% targets); both indicators delivering year to date target, but have dropped from previous 100% performance.
The incidence of MSSA Bacteraemia (expressed per 100,000 bed days) for the	There were no medication error causing serious harm in February. x2 cases on a year to date basis. x6 Open CAS Alerts reported at the end of February, 1 of which were overdue at the end of February.	over births. Trust based registrations convert to lower deliveries at the Trust, as other		RACP performance for February is 97.6% just below the 98% target impacted by one GP breach (which has been shared with the relevant GP for improvement).
month of February is 15.7 versus the target of 9.42; -Target failed for 3 of last 6 months - a pattern of performance not previously experienced	Venous Thromboembolism (VIE). Assessments in February are at 95.4% [92.4% previous mnth). compliant with national target of 95% and short of local target of 100%. Achievement of national target represents improvement to the prior two months. Residual variation remains to be addressed with 3/4 Groups recording a marginal fail on 95%	centres pick up the births element. Breastfeeding initiation is at 73.9% on a cumulative basis as at quarter 3, below the target of 77%. Consistently around c4% below target over the 3	Readmissions (in-hospital) reported at 7.4% in February (7.8% previous month) in- month (8.2% rolling 12 mnths). For CQC diagnostic group reporting 8.6% rolling 12 months (vs. peer 6.2%).	Go detain (which has been shared with the relevant Go to improvement). A significant improvement in results for the last two months, following successful implementation of improvements across the full pathway. March performance at this stage reported at 100%.
 - Year to date at 4.6 and still in line with target despite significant spike in the monthly performance. 	Istandard. On-going remedial plan to secure consistent performance & recovery to national standard for the year.	quarters of this year.		
Cancer Care	Patient Experience - MSA & Complaints	Patient Experience - Cancelled Operations	Emergency Care	Referral To Treatment
The Trust has met all its national cancer targets in January including the 62-day urgent GP referral to treatment target, with overall performance of 91.1% (vs. 85% target). x5.5 breaches in month across tumour-site specialities, mainly in Gynae (x3). Overall Q3 targets have been met by the Trust.	There were no reportable mixed sex accommodation breaches reported during the month of February.	The proportion of elective operations cancelled at the last minute was 1.0% for February (0.6% previous mnth) exceeding the in month target of 0.8%. The under-performance in month impacts the year to date performance to 0.9% and hence failing the target of 0.8%.	The Trust's performance against the 4-hour ED wait target in February was 89.4% (190.91% in January). Performance for Q3 was at 93.12% (Q2 was 94.57% and Q1 at 92.99%). The trust will not meet the 95% standard for Q4 or the year.	RTT incomplete pathway for February was at 92.0% closely meeting the 92% target. This is the only pathway now monitored nationally. The forecast is that incomplete RTT will be met over the next 3 months. Admitted and non-admitted RTT pathways continue to be monitored & both under- achieved in February as per projections.
	- Inpatients FFT is meeting score target, but significantly below the response rates required, the failure to achieve response rate is a consistent position.	No breaches of 28 days guarantee were reported in February.	WMAS fineable 30 - 60 minutes delayed handovers at 97 in February (116 in January) hence a slight recovery month on month despite significant hospital pressures.	At the end of February 5 [vs. 4 last mnth] patients were waiting more than 52 weeks fo
Internal hospital referrals at 92.1% meeting the 90% target for February. Forward look is that in Q4 all targets will be met (February already confirmed as	- A&E is missing both targets for scores and response rate in February, which again has been a continuous position during the year. Outpatients FFT is below the required score rates. Maternity scores routinely compliant with exception of birth element.	56 [vs. 63 last month] of all cancelled patients experienced multiple cancellations in February. A pro-active plan to monitor and minimise multiple cancellations is in progress and due to be implemented.	Over 60 minutes delayed handovers reported at 6 cases in February (10 cases in January) another improvement month on month WMAS - Handover Delays > 60 mins (% all emergency conveyances) is at 0.15% versus target of 0.02% in the month, 0.13% year to date and hence behind target.	commencement of treatment; 3 of these are on the incomplete pathway. 23 Treatment Functions failed the respective RTT pathway performance thresholds for
delivered). Hence the Trust will have delivered on a full year basis across all targets, which is a significant achievement by comparison to national norms.	The number of complaints received for the month is at 100 (avg for this year is 96), with 3 formal complaints. All have been acknowledged within target timeframes.	The number of sitrep cancellations increased in February to 41 [vs 26 previous mnth]. There were no urgent cancellations in the month, being 4th consecutive month zero.	Fractured Neck of Femur patients delivery for February is at 88% above the 85% target. Second consecutive month of achieving target. Year to date performance is impacted by previous under performance and at 71.4% so	the month of February. Of which 4 specialities are failing the incomplete pathway. Diagnostic waits beyond 6 weeks were 0.50% for February, remaining well beneath the
In January, 5.5 [vs. 7.5 previous mnth] patients were waiting over 62 days. No patients were waiting more than 104 days [vs. 3.5 last month] There is now a national focus on this cohort of patients (104 days waiters) and the	The level of responses above the agreed timeframe is 1.6% (0.9% last mnth) so a slight deterioration in line with the volume of complaints which have increased too. The oldest complaint on the system is 48 days old.	Theatre utilisation is consistently below the target of 85% at a Trust average of 71.2% (70% previous mnth). The theatre capacity and performance is subject to remedial action through	will fail the standard for the year. Patient moves out of hours at 269 in month (vs 320 previous mnth) & reflecting activity & bed pressures.	baggious, watis servine of weeks were 0.30% for Feurally, feinlaining wein Lemean unit operational threshold of 1.00%. The number of patients over the 6 week diagnostic wait time (referral to test) are at 273 - a significant reduction from previous months with the aim to reduce even further.
trust submits detailed patient level information for this indicator. The longest waiting patient is at 98 days (vs. 167 days last mnth).	The Learning Disability indicator is red. The service is re-writing an action plan for April PMC.	The deade capacity and performance is subject to remedial action unough Theatres Board.	DTOCs are at 1.9% in February (1% previous mnth) and hence below the target of 3.5%. Year to date at 2% again below target of 3.5%. Total DTOC bed days are at 426 in the month of February with 198 bed days fine-able to B	ASIs (Appointment Slot Issues) arising from e-referrals is a new indicator subject to ongoing development and validation
Data Completeness	Staff	CQUIN	Community	Summary Scorecard - February (Month)
The Healthcare and Social Care Information Centre (HSCIC) assess the percentage of Trust submitted records for A&E, Inpatients and Outpatients to the Secondary Uses Service (SUS) for completeness of valid entries in mandatory fields. 'AE, OP, Community and IP parameters remain above target up to Jan/Feb. The Trust's internal assessment of the completion of valid NHS Number Field within inpatient data sets is below the 99.0% operational threshold. Inpatient actual performance (completeness) during February reported as 96.5% and hence below target but Outpatient, Community and A&E data sets continue to exceed their	PDR overall compliance as at the end of February is at 85.4% (85.7%LM). The Medical Appraisal / Revalidation rate as at February is 86.0% measuring only validated appraisals, not appraisals carried out'. Both indicators are below targets of 95%. Mendaton't ratining at the end of February is at 87.0% overall against target of 95%. Health & Safety related mandatory training is at 97.5%. In-month sickness for February is at 4.9% (5.64% last month). The cumulative sickness rate is at 5.0%.	The Trust has submitted the Q3 returns to QC6 and SCG. Overall the CQUINs are delivering well. The formal feedback has been received and most schemes have been confirmed as delivering. However, the Trust has incurred some financial impact due to schemes behind projected 'quarterly improvement 'rigactory. At a high level, several schemes continue to be challenging in terms of delivery due to system/development issues and continuous manual audits and work-around continuous which is a significant resource effort at this stage. The CQUIN dashboard in this report highlights the main risks and focus actions for Q4. All of which has been endorsed by the Performance Management Committee. The Trust anticipates to have	Community & Therapies indicators are below target on a number of indicators. There is work on-going in the group to address this with the individual teams.	Section Red Amber Green Rated Rate
larged our Outpotents. Commission and Label sets consistent to exceed the respective thresholds. Coding for Ethnicity in Inpatients is at 89% (vs 90% target) in month, failing 4/6 mnths but compilant on a year to date basis. Outpatient Ethnicity coding routinely failing standard & 86.6% YTD vs 90% target. Open Referrals as at February are further reduced at 187.876k.	The Trust annualised turnover rate is at 13.5% as at February. Specifically, nursing turnover has been recorded at 14.8% for the month, a consistent trend against this staff group.	delivered most of the schemes to their full qualitative and financial values at the year end. Specialised CQUINs deliver across most schemes except on the follow up ratios, which has been confirmed as un-delivered, but has attracted payment	Health Visiting targets are in line with targets across a wide range of indicators. The	Cancellations 4 1 4 0 9 Emergency Care & Patient Flow 9 0 5 4 18 RTT 6 0 0 2 5 13 Data Completeness 2 0 8 8 18
Open reterrats as at retrorary are turner reduced at 127,87 ok. This follows decisions to auto-close certain referrals and implement a more robust management process throughout the organisation. Daily reports are being issued to services for ongoing management and control, but		and will be monitored via next year's contract.	group has already moved to team based target monitoring and this has improved a number of targets in recent months; some of the improvement is due to lack of completion which is continually being addressed.	Workforce 10 0 1 12 23 Total 53 4 59 57 173
slower than expected to close out back-log. A number of training workshops has been taking place to refresh staff training on how to manage open referrals as part of waiting list management. A closer monitoring process will be proposed for Board approval.	Nurse Bank & Agency utilisation continues to be high; fill rate via Bank nurses has fallen to	Public Health England schemes have been met on financial grounds, but the Bowel screening scheme has not been able to deliver the expected uptake, despite the significant effort from the team.		Exceptions are being managed in respective groups and are monitored in Group Reviews and in the Operational Management Committee governed by Performance Committee

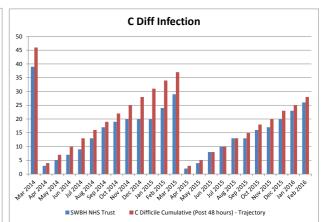
Patient Safety - Infection Control

Data Source	Data Quality	PAF	Indicator	Measure	Trajectory	
			ilidicator	Weasure	Year	Month
4		•d••	C. Difficile	<= No	30	3
4		•d•	MRSA Bacteraemia	<= No	0	0
4			MSSA Bacteraemia (rate per 100,000 bed days)	<= Rate2	9.42	9
4			E Coli Bacteraemia (rate per 100,000 bed days)	<= Rate2	94.9	95
3			MRSA Screening - Elective	=> %	80	80
3			MRSA Screening - Non Elective	=> %	80	80

Previous Months Trend (From Sep 2014) S O N D J F M A M J J A S O N D J F	Data Period	Group M A B W P I C CO	Month	Year To Date	Trend Next Month 3 Months
	Feb 2016	1 1 0 1	3	26	
	Feb 2016	1 0 0 0	1	3	
	Feb 2016		15.7	4.6	
	Feb 2016		21.0	18.7	
	Feb 2016	65 97 93 96	93.8		
	Feb 2016	93 96 91 100	93.6		





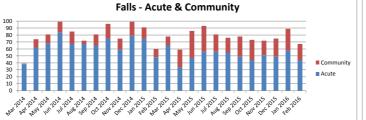


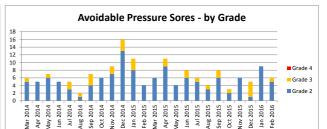
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Patient Safety - Harm Free Care

Data Source	Data Quality	PAF	Indicator	Measure	Tra Year	jectory Month	Previous Months Trend (since Sep 2014) S O N D J F M A M J J A S O N D J F	Data Period	Group	Month	Year To Date	Trend Next Month 3 Months
8		•d	Patient Safety Thermometer - Overall Harm Free Care	=> %	95	95		Feb 2016		95.8		
8		•d	Patient Safety Thermometer - Catheters & UTIs	%			0.41 0.40 0.25 0.31 0.41 0.64 0.64 0.05 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.0	Feb 2016		0.17		
8			Falls	<= No	804	67	81 96 75 99 91 64 78 80 106 90 70 76 78 73 72 75 89 67	Feb 2016	35 6 1 0 2 0 23	67	876	
9			Falls with a serious injury	<= No	0	0	1 1 2 1 1 0 1 1 1 5 0 1 2 3 1 2 2	Feb 2016	1 0 0 0 0 1	2	19	
8			Grade 2,3 or 4 Pressure Ulcers (Hospital Aquired Avoidable)	<= No	0	0	7 6 9 16 11 4 6 11 4 8 6 4 8 3 6 5 9 6	Feb 2016	6 0 0 0 0	6	70	
3		•d•	Venous Thromboembolism (VTE) Assessments	=> %	95	95		Feb 2016	94.9 94.8 99.3 94.7	95.4		
3			WHO Safer Surgery - Audit - 3 sections (% pts where all sections complete)	=> %	98	98		Feb 2016	98.8 99.9 99.8 99.0 0.0	99.6		
3			WHO Safer Surgery - brief (% lists where complete)	=> %	95	95		Feb 2016	99 99 100 97 100	99		
3			WHO Safer Surgery - Audit - brief and debrief (% lists where complete)	=> %	85	85		Feb 2016	98 96 100 97 100	98.614		
9		•d•	Never Events	<= No	0	0	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 1 1 1 0 0 0 0 0 1	Feb 2016	0 1 0 0 0 0 0	1	4	
9	0	•d	Medication Errors causing serious harm	<= No	0	0	0 0 0 0 0 0 1 0 0 1 0 0 1	Feb 2016	0 0 0 0 - 0 0	0	2	
9		•d•	Serious Incidents	<= No	0	0	1 1 2 3 4 4 6 5 4 7 9 7 5 7 6 2 12 8	Feb 2016	4 1 0 2 0 0 1 0	8	72	
9			Open Central Alert System (CAS) Alerts	<= No			5 5 15 17 10 9 4 8 5 4 8 11 8 7 4 9 7 6	Feb 2016		6		
9		•d	Open Central Alert System (CAS) Alerts beyond deadline date	No	0	0	0 0 4 0 1 0 1 0 3 2 0 1 2 2 0 0 2 1	Feb 2016		1		



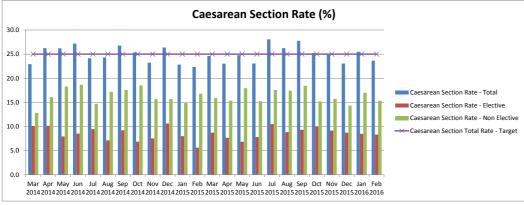


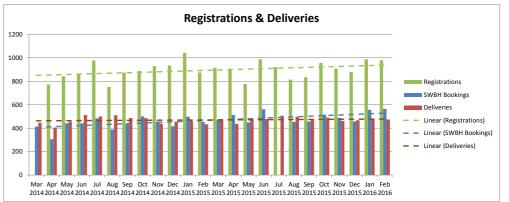


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Patient Safety - Obstetrics

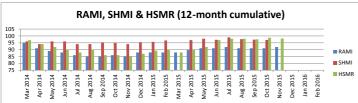
Data	Data	PAF	Indicator	Measure	Traje	ctory	Previous Months Trend (since Sep 2014)	Data	Month	Year To	Trend Next 3 Months
Source	Quality	PAF	indicator	Weasure	Year	Month	S O N D J F M A M J J A S O N D J F	Period	Month	Date	Trend Month 3 Months
3	(Caesarean Section Rate - Total	<= %	25.0	25.0		Feb 2016	23.7	25.1	
3		•	Caesarean Section Rate - Elective	<= %			9 7 8 11 8 6 9 8 7 8 11 9 9 10 9 9 8 8	Feb 2016	8.3	8.7	
3		•		<= %			18 19 16 16 15 17 16 15 18 15 18 17 18 15 16 14 17 15	Feb 2016	15.4	16.4	
2		•d	Maternal Deaths	<= No	0	0		Feb 2016	0	0	
3			Post Partum Haemorrhage (>2000ml)	<= No	48	4		Feb 2016	2	23	
3			Admissions to Neonatal Intensive Care (Level 3)	<= %	10.0	10.0		Feb 2016	0.42	1.76	
12			Adjusted Perinatal Mortality Rate (per 1000 babies)	<= Rate1	8.0	8.0		Feb 2016	8.44		
12			Early Booking Assessment (<12 + 6 weeks) - SWBH Specific	=> %	90.0	90.0		Feb 2016	75.08		
12			Early Booking Assessment (<12 + 6 weeks) - National Definition	=> %	90.0	90.0		Feb 2016	155.4		
2			Breast Feeding Initiation (Quarterly)	=> %	77.0	77.0		Feb 2016	-	73.87	
2		•	Puerperal Sepsis and other puerperal infections (variation 1 - ICD10 O85 or O86) (%) -	<= %			0.9 0.7 1.5 1.2 1.3 0.5 2.1 2.1 2.1 1.3 1.6 1.6 1.6 1.5 1.3 1.3 0.7 1.6	Feb 2016	1.63	1.56	
2		•	Puerperal Sepsis and other puerperal infections (variation 2 - ICD10 O85 or O86 Not O864) (%)	<= %			0.3 0.7 1.3 0.8 0.3 0.5 1.5 1.6 1.0 1.3 1.0 1.1 1.3 1.1 1.3 0.3 - 0.8	Feb 2016	0.81	1.15	
2	(•	Puerperal Sepsis and other puerperal infections (variation 3 - ICD10 O85) (%)	<= %			0.0 0.0 1.0 0.4 0.0 0.0 1.2 0.7 0.8 0.9 0.2 0.5 0.8 1.1 1.0 0.0 - 0.8	Feb 2016	0.81	0.68	

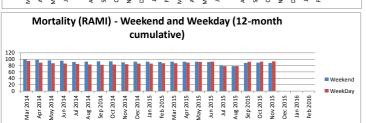




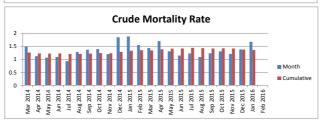
Clinical Effectiveness - Mortality & Readmissions

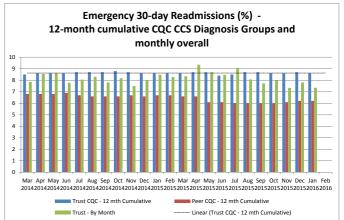
Data Source	Data Quality	PAF	Indicator	Measure	Trajec Year	tory Month	Previous Months Trend (since Sep 2014) S O N D J F M A M J J A S O N D J F	Data Period	Group M A B W P I C CO	Month	Year To Date	Trend	Next Month 3 Mo	onths
5		•C•	Risk Adjusted Mortality Index (RAMI) - Overall (12-month cumulative)	RAMI	Below Upper CI	Below Upper CI	85 86 85 88 88 88 88 90 91 91 92 91 91 92	Nov 2015			729			
5		•C•	Risk Adjusted Mortality Index (RAMI) - Weekday Admission (12-month cumulative)		Below Upper CI	Below Upper CI	82 83 84 86 86 87 87 89 91 92 78 78 92 92 93	Nov 2015			705			
5		•C•	Risk Adjusted Mortality Index (RAMI) - Weekend Admission (12-month cumulative)		Below Upper CI	Below Upper CI	93 93 90 92 92 91 92 92 91 80 78 88 89 88	Nov 2015			698			
6		•C•	Summary Hospital-level Mortality Index (SHMI) (12-month cumulative)		Below Upper CI	Below Upper CI	95 95 94 96 96 97 - 97 98 97 99 98 97 97	Oct 2015			683			
5		•C•	Hospital Standardised Mortality Rate (HSMR) - Overall (12-month cumulative)	HSMR			86 86 85 87 89 90 88 90 92 97 98 98 99 98	Nov 2015			769.4			
5		•C•	Deaths in Low Risk Diagnosis Groups (RAMI) - month		Below Upper CI	Below Upper CI	89 80 76 111 105 94 93 75 84 53 102 44 80 57 148	Nov 2015		148				
3			Mortality Reviews within 42 working days	=> %	90	90		Dec 2015	46 42 0 0	46				
3			Crude In-Hospital Mortality Rate (Deaths / Spells) (by month)	%			1.4 1.4 1.2 1.8 1.9 1.5 1.4 1.7 1.3 1.1 1.2 1.1 1.2 1.3 1.2 1.4 1.7 -	Jan 2016		1.67				
3			Crude In-Hospital Mortality Rate (Deaths / Spells) (12-month cumulative)	%			1.2 1.2 1.2 1.3 1.3 1.3 1.3 1.4 1.4 1.4 1.4 1.4 1.4 1.4 1.4 1.4 1.4	Jan 2016			1.40			
20	(Emergency Readmissions (within 30 days) - Overall (exc. Deaths and Stillbirths) month	%			7.8 8.2 7.5 8.0 8.5 8.3 8.4 9.4 8.7 8.5 9.1 8.1 7.7 8.0 7.3 7.8 7.4 -	Jan 2016		7.35				
20	(Emergency Readmissions (within 30 days) - Overall (exc. Deaths and Stillbirths) 12-month cumulative	%			8.0 8.0 8.0 8.0 8.1 8.1 8.2 8.2 8.2 8.3 8.4 8.4 8.3 8.3 8.3 8.3 8.2 -	Jan 2016			8.30			
5	0	•C•	Emergency Readmissions (within 30 days) - CQC CCS Diagnosis Groups (12-month cumulative)	%			8.7 8.8 8.7 8.6 8.6 8.6 8.6 8.7 8.7 8.4 8.5 8.7 8.7 8.6 8.6 8.7 8.6 -	Jan 2016			8.62			_









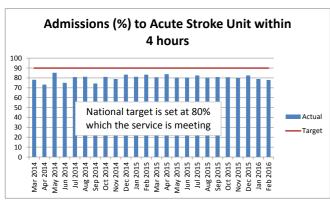


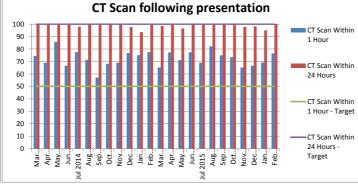
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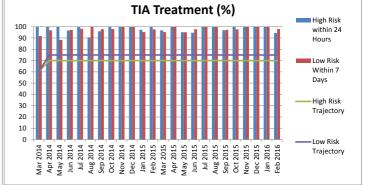
Clinical Effectiveness - Stroke Care & Cardiology

Data	Data	DAE	lu d'antau	Measure	Traje	ectory					Pre
Source	Quality	PAF	Indicator	weasure	Year	Month	S	0	N	D	J
3			Pts spending >90% stay on Acute Stroke Unit	=> %	90.0	90.0					
3			Pts admitted to Acute Stroke Unit within 4 hrs	=> %	90.0	90.0					
3		•	Pts receiving CT Scan within 1 hr of presentation	=> %	50.0	50.0					
3			Pts receiving CT Scan within 24 hrs of presentation	=> %	100.0	100.0					
3			Stroke Admission to Thrombolysis Time (% within 60 mins)	=> %	85.0	85.0					
3			Stroke Admissions - Swallowing assessments (<24h)	=> %	98.0	98.0					
3			TIA (High Risk) Treatment <24 Hours from receipt of referral	=> %	70.0	70.0					
3			TIA (Low Risk) Treatment <7 days from receipt of referral	=> %	75.0	75.0					
9			Primary Angioplasty (Door To Balloon Time 90 mins)	=> %	80.0	80.0			•	•	•
9			Primary Angioplasty (Call To Balloon Time 150 mins)	=> %	80.0	80.0					
9			Rapid Access Chest Pain - seen within 14 days	=> %	98.0	98.0					•

				Pre	vioi	ıs M	onth	s Tr	end (Sinc	e Se	n 20	114)					Data	1	Year To		. Next	1
S	0	N	D	J	F	M	A	M	J	J	A		0	N	D	J	F	Period	Month	Date	Tren	Month	3 Months
																		Feb 2016	93.8	92.7			
																		Feb 2016	78.0	80.8			
																		Feb 2016	76.5	73.1			
																		Feb 2016	100.0	99.0			
																		Feb 2016	85.7	84.9			
																		Feb 2016	100.0	100.0			
																		Feb 2016	94.4	98.2			
																		Feb 2016	98.0	98.7			
																		Feb 2016	96.0	93.9			
																		Feb 2016	80.0	92.7			
																		Feb 2016	97.6	94.6			





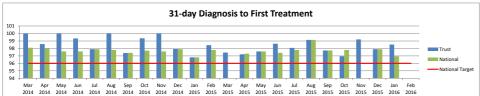


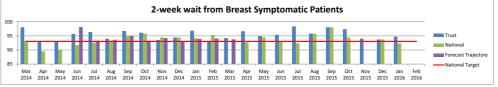
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Clinical Effectiveness - Cancer Care

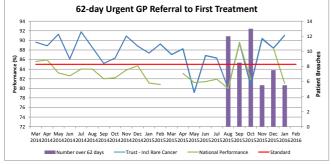
Data	Data	PAF	Indicator	Measure	Traje	ctory	Previous Months Trend (since Sep 2014)	Data	Group	Month	Year To	Trend Next 3 Months
Source	Quality				Year	Month	S O N D J F M A M J J A S O N D J F	Period	M A B W P I C CO		Date	Month 3 Months
1		•6•	2 weeks	=> %	93.0	93.0		Jan 2016	92.8 95.3 100.0 93.2	94.7	93.6	
1	0	•6•	2 weeks (Breast Symptomatic)	=> %	93.0	93.0		Jan 2016	-	94.7	96.0	
1	0	•6••	31 Day (diagnosis to treatment)	=> %	96.0	96.0		Jan 2016	100.0 98.6 100.0 94.4	98.5	98.1	
1	0	•6•	31 Day (second/subsequent treatment - surgery)	=> %	94.0	94.0		Jan 2016		100.0	98.4	
1		•6•	31 Day (second/subsequent treatment - drug)	=> %	98.0	98.0		Jan 2016		100.0	99.2	
1		•e•	31 Day (second/subsequent treat - radiotherapy)	=> %	94.0	94.0		Jan 2016		100.0	100.0	
1	0	•6••	62 Day (urgent GP referral to treatment) Excluding Rare Cancer	=> %	85.0	85.0		Jan 2016	97.0 95.3 66.7 73.9	91.1	86.3	
1		•6••	62 Day (urgent GP referral to treatment) Including Rare Cancer	=> %	85.0	85.0		Jan 2016	97.0 95.3 66.7 73.9	91.1	87.0	
1	0	•6••	62 Day (referral to treat from screening)	=> %	90.0	90.0		Jan 2016	0.0 100.0 0.0 0.0	100.0	97.0	
1			62 Day (referral to treat from hosp specialist)	=> %	90.0	90.0		Jan 2016	92.6 90.9 0.0 0.0	92.1	90.4	
1	0	•6••	Cancer - Patients Waiting over 62 days	No			0.0 12.0 8.5 13.0 5.5 7.5 5.5 -	Jan 2016	0.5 1.5 0.5 3.0	5.5	52.0	
1	0	•6••	Cancer - Patients Waiting over 104 days	No			4.5 7.0 4.0 8.0 2.0 3.5 0.0 -	Jan 2016	0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0	0.0	29.0	
1	0	•6••	Cancer - Longest Waiter in days	No				Jan 2016	98 75 84 104	98		











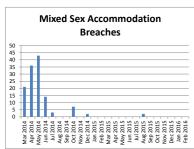


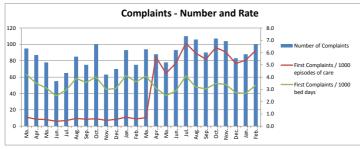
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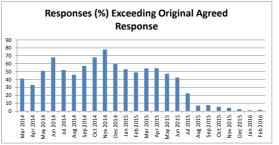
- February delivery across all cancer targets has been confimed since the publication of this report.
- Quarter 4 is predicted to deliver overall and hence the Trust will have achieved all targets on a full year basis a significant achievement across the region and wider.
- Some specialities continue to fail the 62 days, note on 'spider web' graph to the left, but are subject to a continous and robust action plans and monitoring.

Patient Experience - FFT, Mixed Sex Accommodation & Complaints

Data Source	Data Quality	PAF	Indicator	Measure	Trajectory Year Month	Previous Months Trend (since Sep 2014) Dat S O N D J F M A M J J A S O N D J F Peric		Group M A B W P I C CO	Month	Year To Date	Trend Next Month 3 Months
8		•b•	FFT Response Rate - Adult and Children Inpatients (including day cases and community)	=> %	50.0 50.0	31 28 31 28 33 43 43 29 31 31 28 25 22 27 16 15 15 15 Feb 2	2016		15		
8		•a•	FFT Score - Adult and Children Inpatients (including day cases and community)	=> No	95.0 95.0	74 73 73 69 70 68 72 95 95 95 96 95 95 95 96 95 95 96 95	2016		95		
8	0	•b•	FFT Response Rate: Type 1 and 2 Emergency Department	=> %	50.0 50.0	17 17 18 17 18 21 22 9.9 8.4 7.2 9.4 9.6 7.5 6.8 5.9 5.7 6.3 6	2016	6	6.0		
8		•a•	FFT Score - Adult and Children Emergency Department (type 1 and type 2)	=> No	95.0 95.0	47 48 49 49 50 44 52 79 79 79 84 88 83 80 82 81 79 74 Feb 2	2016	74	74		
8	©		FFT Score - Outpatients	=> No	95.0 95.0	87 86 90 88 Feb 2	2016		88		
8			FFT Score - Maternity Antenatal	=> No	95.0 95.0	100 100 96 100 Feb 2	2016		100		
8			FFT Score - Maternity Postnatal Ward	=> No	95.0 95.0	97 97 95 91 Feb 2	2016		91		
8			FFT Score - Maternity Community	=> No	95.0 95.0	95 98 96 99 Feb 2	2016		99		
8			FFT Score - Maternity Birth	=> No	95.0 95.0	86 82 90 94 Feb 2	2016		94		
8			FFT Response Rate - Maternity Birth	=> %	50.0 50.0	121 65 101 65 Feb 2	2016		15		
13	(•a	Mixed Sex Accommodation Breaches	<= No	0.0 0.0	0 7 0 2 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 2 0 0 0 0 0 0 Feb 2	2016	0 0 0 0 0	0	2	
9		•	No. of Complaints Received (formal and link)	No		75 100 63 70 93 75 94 88 78 93 110 106 90 107 104 83 88 100 Feb 2	2016	47 14 14 4 4 6 6 5	100	1047	
9			No. of Active Complaints in the System (formal and link)	No		282 324 359 219 249 266 265 278 225 186 170 174 143 151 145 121 113 128 Feb 2	2016	65 23 14 6 4 6 6 4	128		
9		•a	No. of First Formal Complaints received / 1000 bed days	Rate1		3.6 4.0 3.0 3.1 4.1 3.6 4.1 3.1 2.5 2.9 4.1 3.2 3.0 3.5 3.4 2.7 2.7 3.3 Feb 2	2016	3.2 3.9 20 1	3.33	3.12	
9	(No. of First Formal Complaints received / 1000 episodes of care	Rate1		0.6 0.6 0.5 0.6 0.7 0.6 0.7 5.6 4.3 5.1 6.8 6.0 5.5 6.4 6.0 5.1 5.4 6.2 Feb 2	2016	7.1 7.2 8.6 1.6 0	6.16	5.67	
9			No. of Days to acknowledge a formal or link complaint (% within 3 working days after receipt)	=> %	100 100	100 99 100 100 99 98 100 99 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100	2016	100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100	100		
9			No. of responses which have exceeded their original agreed response date (% of total active complaints)	<= %	0 0	57 68 78 60 53 49 54 54 47 42 22 7.1 7.7 5.3 4.1 2.5 0.9 1.6 Feb 2	2016	3 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	2		
9			No. of responses sent out	No		42 35 26 198 59 52 84 56 115 102 129 77 107 101 94 98 69 81 Feb 2	2016	29 13 11 17 3 0 1 7	81		
9			Oldest' complaint currently in system	No		131 174 161 182 192 213 234 254 188 210 186 208 136 159 47 59 67 48 Feb 2	2016	48 29 21 25 21 27 25 26	48		
14		•e•	Access to healthcare for people with Learning Disability (full compliance)	Yes / No	Yes Yes	Feb 2	2016	N N N N N N N N	No		
		•		•		Eight Number and Bate					







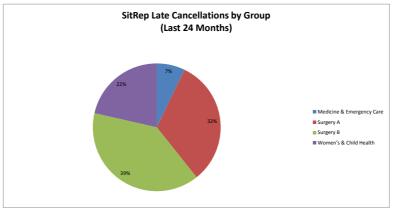
Patient Experience - Cancelled Operations

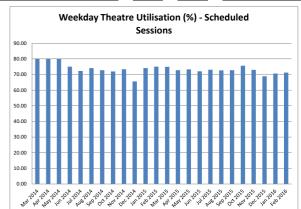
Data	Data	PAF	Indicator	Measure	Traj	ectory
Source	Quality	PAF	indicator	weasure	Year	Month
			<u> </u>			
2	0	•	Elective Admissions Cancelled at last minute for non- clinical reasons	<= %	0.8	0.8
			T.			
2		•e•	Number of 28 day breaches	<= No	0	0
			-			
2		•e	No. of second or subsequent urgent operations cancelled	<= No	0	0
			·	•		
2			No. of Sitrep Declared Late Cancellations	<= No	320	27
	•		·	•		
3			No. of Sitrep Declared Late Cancellations (Pts. >1 occasion)	<= No	0	0
	. — .		*			
3			Multiple Cancellations experienced by same patient (all cancellations)	<= No	0	0
3			All Cancellations, with 7 or less days notice (expressed as % overall elective activity)	<= No	0	0
			*	•		
3			Weekday Theatre Utilisation (as % of scheduled)	=> %	85.0	85.0
			1			
2			Urgent Cancellations	<= No	0.0	0.0

						Province	us Mor	the Tr	end (si	noo Sa	on 201	4\						Data				Group			Year To		Next	
s	0	N	D	J	F	M	A	M	J	J	Α	S	0	N	D	J	F	Period	N	1	Α	B W P	I C CO	Month	Date	Trend	Month	3 Months
•	•	•		•	•	•	•	•	•	•	9	•	•	•	0	•	<u></u>	Feb 2016	0.0)5	1.78	1.25 2.50		1.0	0.9			
1	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	Feb 2016	()	0	0 0		0	1			
0	0	0	1	0	1	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	Feb 2016	()	0	0 0		0	1			
34	42	28	48	36	29	41	41	32	28	37	38	28	42	33	40	24	41	Feb 2016	1		19	14 7		41	403			
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	4	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	Feb 2016	()	0	0 0		0	5			
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	46	52	59	46	39	49	50	57	39	63	56	Feb 2016	6	;	25	18 7		56				
-	-	-			-	-	209	204	229	222	211	229	244	238	194	210	228	Feb 2016	4	2	82	84 20		228				
•	•	•			•		•	•	•		•	•	9		•	•	•	Feb 2016	31	.6	75.8	74.8 70.9		71.2				
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	11	5	6	0	7	3	9	0	0	0	0	Feb 2016	0.	0	0.0	0.0 0.0		0	41			





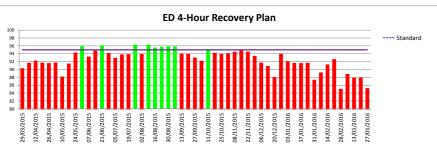




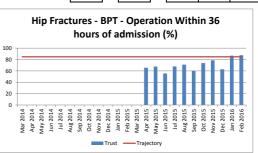
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Access To Emergency Care & Patient Flow

	Data uality	PAF	Indicator	Measure	Trajectory Year Month	Previous Months Trend (From) S O N D J F M A M J J A S O N D J F	Data Period	Unit S C B	Month	Year To Date	Trend Next Month 3 Months
2	0	•6••	Emergency Care 4-hour waits	=> %	95.00 95.00		Feb 2016	86.7 89.1 99.6	89.40	92.93	
2			Emergency Care 4-hour breach (numbers)	No		1460 1536 1440 2234 1054 1481 1695 1655 1677 1410 11138 11138 11138 11138	Feb 2016	1020 926 10	1956	14572	
2		•e	Emergency Care Trolley Waits >12 hours	<= No	0.00 0.00		Feb 2016	0 0	0	0	
3			Emergency Care Timeliness - Time to Initial Assessment (95th centile)	<= No	15.00 15.00		Feb 2016	21 17 15	18	17	
3			Emergency Care Timeliness - Time to Treatment in Department (median)	<= No	60 60		Feb 2016	64 61 94	67	52	
3			Emergency Care Patient Impact - Unplanned Reattendance Rate (%)	<= %	5.0 5.0		Feb 2016	7.96 7.74 3.19	7.25	7.73	
3			Emergency Care Patient Impact - Left Department Without Being Seen Rate (%)	<= %	5.0 5.0		Feb 2016	4.06 5.02 1.03	4.11	4.17	
11			WMAS - Finable Handovers (emergency conveyances) 30 - 60 mins (number)	<= No	0 0	136 219 159 188 149 116 90 77 72 58 76 67 67	Feb 2016	57 40	97	949	
11			WMAS -Finable Handovers (emergency conveyances) >60 mins (number)	<= No	0 0	0 10 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8	Feb 2016	4 2	6	54	
11	0	•	WMAS - Handover Delays > 60 mins (% all emergency conveyances)	<= %	0.02 0.02		Feb 2016	0.20 0.10	0.15	0.13	
11			WMAS - Emergency Conveyances (total)	No		4067 4183 4168 4470 4001 3829 4182 3981 4214 114 4256 426 4260 4202 4203 4679 3961	Feb 2016	1952 2009	3961	42497	
2			Delayed Transfers of Care (Acute) (%)	<= %	3.5 3.5		Feb 2016	0.5 3.6	1.9	2	
2			Delayed Transfers of Care (Acute) (Av./Week) attributable to NHS	<= No	<10 per site <10 per site		Feb 2016	1.75 9.75	12		
2			Delayed Transfers of Care (Acute) - Total Bed Days (All Local Authorities)	<= No	0 0	963 1002 868 1001 922 869 661 664 664 464 464 430 430 430 431 853 448 448 448 448 448 448 448 448 448 44	Feb 2016		426.0	5513	
2			Delayed Transfers of Care (Acute) - Finable Bed Days (Birmingham LA only)	<= No	0 0	283 266 225 225 292 344 348 249 240 404 404 404 110 226 226 227 228 266 278 388 388 388 388 388 388 388 388 388 3	Feb 2016		198.0	2596	
2	0		Patient Bed Moves (10pm - 6am) (No.) -ALL	No		568 603 669 689 634 534 634 637 660 601 601 603 548	Feb 2016		543	6161	
2	0		Patient Bed Moves (10pm - 6am) (No.) - exc. Assessment Units	No		246 306 257 286 214 228 270 237 293 239 240 275 275 276 275 275 276 276 276 277 278 278 278 278 278 278 278 278 278	Feb 2016		269	2816	
<u> </u>			Hip Fractures - Best Practice Tarriff - Operation < 36 hours of admission (%)	=> %	85.0 85.0		Feb 2016		88	71.4	
			Non-Elective Follow-Up Surgical Procedures > 48 hours (unless clinically appropriate)	No			Jan-00		-	-	







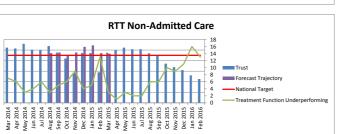
Referral To Treatment

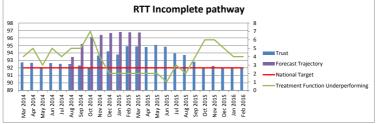
Data Source	Data Quality	PAF	Indicator	Measure	Traji Year	ectory Month	Previous Months Trend (since Sep 2014) S O N D J F M A M J J A S O N D J F F F F F F F F F	Data Period	Group M A B W P I C CO	Month	Year To Date	Trend Next Month 3 Months
2	0	• e • •	RTT - Admitted Care (18-weeks)	=> %	90.0	90.0		Feb 2016	94.9 71.6 86.7 94.9	87.56		
2	(•6••	RTT - Non Admittled Care (18-weeks)	=> %	95.0	95.0		Feb 2016	84.7 92.1 92.1 96.1	90.52		
2		• e • •	RTT - Incomplete Pathway (18-weeks)	=> %	92.0	92.0		Feb 2016	90.4 90.1 92.9 95.5	92.00		
2	0	•e	Patients Waiting >52 weeks	<= No	0	0	4 3 3 0 4 3 4 1 2 1 3 5 2 4 4 2 4 5	Feb 2016	3 1 1 0	5		
2		•e	Patients Waiting >52 weeks (Incomplete)	<= No	0	0	. 3 1 . 1 1 1 . 2 . 2 3 1 2 2 0 3 3	Feb 2016	2 0 1 0	3		
2	0		Treatment Functions Underperforming (Admitted, Non-Admitted, Incomplete)	<= No	0	0	13 16 19 8 10 23 6 4 6 4 6 9 13 22 20 24 28 23	Feb 2016	8 9 5 0.0	23		
2	0		Treatment Functions Underperforming (Incomplete)	<= No	0	0	5 7 5 2 2 2 2 2 1 3 2 4 6 6 5 4 4	Feb 2016	3 1 0 0	4		
2		•e•	Acute Diagnostic Waits in Excess of 6-weeks (End of Month Census)	<= %	1.0	1.0		Feb 2016	2.0 0.4 0.0 0.0 0.0	0.50		
			Acute Diagnostic Waits in Excess of 6-weeks (In Month Waiters)	No				Feb 2016	108 121 44	273		
			Total ASIs in the month	No				Feb 2016	0 0 0 0	0		
			Total ASIs - 2WW	No				Feb 2016	0 0 0 0	0		
			Total ASIs - Urgent	No				Feb 2016	0 0 0 0	0		
			Failed Appointments within required period (2WW, Urgent Pathway)	No				Feb 2016	0 0 0 0	0		

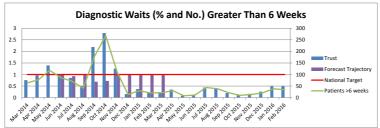


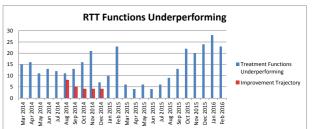
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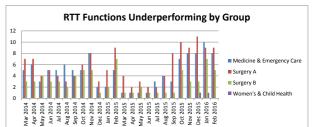
90







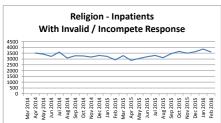


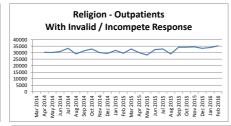


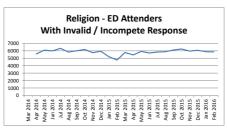
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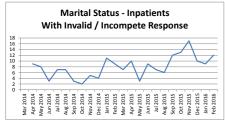
Data Completeness

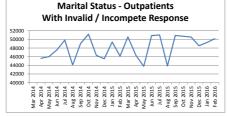
Data Source	Data Quality	PAF	Indicator	Measure	Traje Year	ectory Month	Previous Months Trend (since Sep 2014) S O N D J F M A M J J A S O N D J F	Month	Year To Date	Trend Next Month 3 Months
14	0	•	Data Completeness Community Services	=> %	50.0	50.0	Feb 2016	61.2		
2	C	•	Percentage SUS Records for AE with valid entries in mandatory fields - provided by HSCIC	=> %	99.0	99.0	Jan 2016	99.5		
2	C	•	Percentage SUS Records for IP care with valid entries in mandatory fields - provided by HSCIC	=> %	99.0	99.0	Jan 2016	99.4		
2	C	•	Percentage SUS Records for OP care with valid entries in mandatory fields - provided by HSCIC	=> %	99.0	99.0	Jan 2016	99.5		
2	0		Completion of Valid NHS Number Field in acute (inpatient) data set submissions to SUS	=> %	99.0	99.0	95.7 95.3 95.7 96.0 96.5 96.9 96.6 96.9 96.6 96.3 96.5 95.8 96.5 97.0 97.4 97.0 97.5 96.5 Feb 2016	96.5	96.7	
2	C		Completion of Valid NHS Number Field in acute (outpatient) data set submissions to SUS	=> %	99.0	99.0	99.4 99.5 99.5 99.6 99.6 99.6 99.6 99.6 99.6 99.6 99.8 99.5 99.5 99.5 99.5 99.5 99.5 99.5 99.5 99.5	99.5	99.5	
2	0		Completion of Valid NHS Number Field in A&E data set submissions to SUS	=> %	95.0	95.0	96.2 96.4 96.6 96.2 97.0 96.7 96.8 96.8 96.9 96.9 96.9 96.0 96.7 96.8 97.1 96.8 97.3 97.0 Feb 2016	97.0	96.8	
2	C		Ethnicity Coding - percentage of inpatients with recorded response	=> %	90.0	90.0	Feb 2016	89.0	90.5	
			Ethnicity Coding - percentage of outpatients with recorded response	=> %	90.0	90.0	Feb 2016	85.2	86.8	
			Protected Characteristic - Religion - INPATIENTS with recorded response	%			74.0 74.6 74.2 74.5 74.2 75.1 75.0 75.2 74.7 73.8 73.2 72.9 71.6 70.9 71.2 70.8 68.9 70.3 Feb 2016	70.3	72.1	
			Protected Characteristic - Religion - OUTPATIENTS with recorded response	%			63.7 63.5 62.8 63.1 62.9 63.2 62.2 62.5 62.6 63.0 62.5 61.3 60.8 60.4 59.9 59.3 59.3 58.4	58.4	60.9	
			Protected Characteristic - Religion - ED patients with recorded response	%			61.7 61.4 62.3 63.1 64.2 65.8 64.9 65.5 64.4 65.8 64.1 61.8 61.2 61.8 62.9 62.0 63.9 62.3	62.3	63.3	
			Protected Characteristic - Marital Status - INPATIENTS with recorded response	%			100.0 100.0 100.0 100.0 99.9 99.9 99.9 9	99.9	99.9	
			Protected Characteristic - Marital Status - OUTPATIENTS with recorded response	%			43.3 43.0 42.6 42.8 42.1 42.3 41.7 42.2 41.8 41.6 41.8 41.6 41.2 41.1 40.7 40.8 40.5 Feb 2016	40.5	41.3	
			Protected Characteristic - Marital Status - ED patients with recorded response	%			42.0 41.9 42.4 43.8 42.4 42.4 43.5 42.5 41.2 42.6 40.7 40.6 41.1 40.8 42.0 41.5 41.7 42.5 Feb 2016	42.5	41.6	
2	C		Maternity - Percentage of invalid fields completed in SUS submission	<= %	15.0	15.0	Feb 2016	5.9	5.7	
2	0		Open Referrals	No			60 60 271 271 271 271 271 271 271 271 271 271	187,876		
			Duplicate Entries	%			Jan-00	-	-	

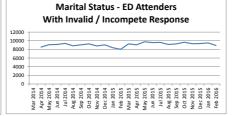






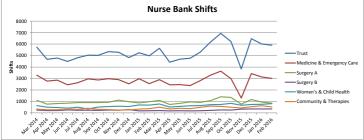


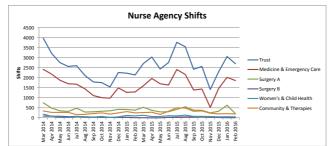


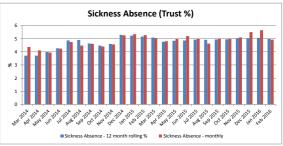


Workforce

Data Source	Data Quality	PAF	Indicator	Measure	Year	Trajector Month	y Ionth - Amber	Previous Months Trend (since Sep 2014) S	Data Period		Month	Year To Date	Trend	Next Month 3 Months
7	©	•b	WTE - Actual versus Plan (FTE)	No				608 628 674 685 701 732 689 under review	Feb 2016					
3	0	•b•	PDRs - 12 month rolling	=> %	95.0	95.0	90.0		Feb 2016	76.7 80.3 81.6 85.9 85.1 69.3 91.0 84.5		85.4		
7	0	•b	Medical Appraisal and Revalidation	=> %	95.0	95.0	90.0		Feb 2016	86.2 75.9 71.9 69.8 89.5 83.9 0.0 0.0		86.0		
3	(•b	Sickness Absence (Rolling 12 Months)	<= %	3.15	3.15	3.8		Feb 2016	5.5 5.3 3.1 5.6 4.3 4.7 4.8 4.7	5.0	4.9		
3			Sickness Absence (Monthly)	=> %	3.15	3.15	3.8		Feb 2016	5.6 5.9 2.2 4.3 4.8 7.0 5.2 4.2	4.9	5.11		
3	0		Return to Work Interviews following Sickness Absence	=> %	100.0	100.0	100.0		Feb 2016	65.2 73.8 72.1 70.1 81.7 52.4 85.7 77.6	72.5	67.2		
3			Mandatory Training	=> %	95.0	95.0	90.0		Feb 2016	81.6 86.3 85.9 84.5 93.3 86.8 90.0 90.9		87.0		
3		•	Mandatory Training - Health & Safety (% staff)	=> %	95.0	95.0	90.0		Feb 2016	95.3 97.4 93.4 96.3 99.1 97.8 98.6 98.5		97.5		
7	(9)	•b•	Employee Turnover (rolling 12 months)	<= %	10.0	10.0	10.0		Feb 2016		13.5	13.5		
7	(6)		Nursing Turnover	<= %	10.0	10.0	10.0	14.8 14.7 14.8	Feb 2016		14.8	14.7		
7			New Investigations in Month	No				15 3 1 0 3 4 5 8 11 5 8 4 5 10 6 2 5 12	Feb 2016	6 1 0 1 0 0 2 2	12			
7			Vacancy Time to Fill	Weeks				19 20 21 20 20 23 22 23 24 26 25 27 25 23 23 24 26	Feb 2016		26			
7	0	•	Professional Registration Lapses	<= No	0	0	0.0	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	Feb 2016	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	0	0		
7	0		Qualified Nursing Variance (FIMS) (FTE)	No				200 188 200 228 238 247 263 221 247 288 303 321 320 279 267 293 272 274	Feb 2016		274			
10	0		Nurse Bank Fill Rate	=> %	100.0	100.0	100.0	78 78 82 73 78 78 78 75 81 81 79 80 87 82 90 85 89 71	Feb 2016	65.2 57.2 95.9 90.8 0.0 99.4 78.3 100.0	70.5	81.6		
10	9		Nurse Bank Shifts Not Filled	<= No	0	0	0.0	11 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 1	Feb 2016	700 202 14 74 0 1 78 0	1069	13535		
10	Q		Nurse Bank Use (shifts)	<= No	46980	3915	3915.0		Feb 2016	3006 844 346 804 0 161 524 220	5905	60727		
10	9		Nurse Agency Use (shifts)	<= No	0	0	0.0		Feb 2016	1862 202 3 43 0 388 192 12	2702	29990		
10	0		Admin & Clerical Bank Use (shifts)	<= No	0	0	0.0		Feb 2016	1140 227 144 86 452 79 209 2717	5054	57696		
10	0		Admin & Clerical Agency Use (shifts)	<= No	0	0	0.0		Feb 2016	78 83 46 61 0 0 0 167	435	2837		
	\bigcirc		Medical Staffing - Number of instances when junior rotas not fully filled	<= No	0	0	0.0		Jan-00		-	-		
15	(1)		Your Voice - Response Rate	No			0.0	-> -> 17.4 -> 12.6 12.7 -> -> 13.9 -> -> 15.3 -> -> 12.6 -> ->	Dec 2015	6 8 14 11 19 21 21 15	12.6			
15	©		Your Voice - Overall Score	No			0.0	-> -> 3.65 -> 3.57 3.55 -> -> -> 3.59 -> -> 3.51 -> -> 3.57 -> ->	Dec 2015	3.37 3.31 3.63 3.63 3.79 3.4 3.72 3.58	3.57			
			Numer Bank Chiffe					N A Ch'fh		Cielmon	c Abconco	/Truct 0/1		







CQUIN (page 1 of 2)

	CQUIN	Annual Plan Values (000s)	Achieved Values - YTD	Value at Ris (000s)	ik Indicator	Trajectory Notes	Q1 Q2	Q3 Q4	Monthly Trend	Comments	Data Period	Year To Date	Trend	Next Month 3 Months
1	National	£615,136	£399,839	£65,000	Acute Kidney Injury	Improvement from previous Quarter	Improvement to last In Derive Base Data Qtr - GP Letter Pilot - Q Delayed	reprovement to last tr - GP Letter Pilot Jan Improvement to last Otr	CHAME COME PARTIES	No report by CQUIN lead at this stage, but assuming that January and February are delivering.	Feb-16	•	•	•
2	National	£307,568	£184,541	£0	Sepsis Screening	Improvement from base to agreed target	Derive Base Data Target set at 32.5%	Improvement to Improvement to Target Target	Of Mar. On Mar. • •	In October Patient First implemented . However, system configuration not complete yet - supplier challenged and meetings re-instated - awaiting full update on the latest position. Jan and Feb results have been delivered.	Feb-16	•	•	•
3	National	£307,568	£184,541	£60,000	Sepsis Antibiotic Administration	90% by Q4	Establish Audit CCG aware - small Mech. CCG aware - small samples	Vork towards 90% 90% Achieved	CO MARIE CO MARIE .	Only one patient in this period. The patient was not administered antibiotics within the 1 hour timeframe. ED are looking into the delay (it was about ten minutes over the hour). This illustrates the issue of small numbers against this scheme as we already raised with the CCG. Scheme has delivered consistently up until now and this is just a blip in the process, so assuming CCG will agree to pay for the quarter.	Feb-16	•	•	•
4	National	£369,082		£0	Dementia - Find, Assess, Investigate, Refer & Inform	90% (each of 3 elements) in Q4	Carry field from last year Query with CCG - W	Vork towards 90% 90% Achieved	27.000 22.000 23.000 • •	The 'inform' part of delivery a concern, till discharge letter goes live now not in this financial year. Unaware if this has happened. However, letters for eligible patients have now been successfully issued to GPs using a manual work-around. It is therefore likely we will be able to deliver this scheme full year.	Feb-16	•	•	•
5	National	£61,514	£369,082	£30,757	Dementia - Staff Training	Target tba - Qtly reports to Board	Carry fwd from last year Work towards 90% V	Vork towards 90% 90% Achieved	Of Mer CO Mer CO Mer .	Overall training delivering targets. University training reduced from 80 to 40 however, CCG are challenging on this and will reduce payment if not increased to original 80 which CQUIN leads state will not happen. £30k at risk due to reduced university numbers.	Feb-16	•	•	•
6	National	£184,541		£0	Dementia - Supporting Carers	Bi-annual reports to Board	Carry fwd from last year Work towards 90% W	Vork towards 90% 90% Achieved	Q1 Met Q2 Met Q3 Met • • .	Q3 delivered, likely to achieve Q4	Feb-16	•	•	•
7	National	£1,230,272	£1,107,245	£0	Improvement in diagnosis recording in HES Data Set of Mental Health presentations	of 85% in one month		month to complete CQUIN - already gust at 99% - maintain performance	Of State C2 State C70 Part of State of	Scheme was previously declared as delivering, however it appears that codes may have been used incorrectly. A review is on its way to pick up delivery for Jan and remaining months of the year. Performance at 80% against scheme vs target of 85%. Recent analysis suggests the coding now meets >85% target, but reports have not been run yet hence amber at this stage.	Feb-16	•	•	•
8	Local	£314,081	£314,081	£0	Community Therapies - Dietetics Community Communication with GPs	Deliver outstanding actions from 14 / 15	One data submission at end of Q2		Met	Delivered fully	Feb-16	•		
9	Local	£639,742	£554,443	£0	Reduce Number of Ward Transfers experienced by patients with Dementia	Agree improvement trajectory from base	Derive Base Data Improvement Required	Improvement Improvement Required Required	Q1 Met Q2 Met Q3 Met • • .	Jan and Feb data indicate delivery to target. Full audit trail is in place.	Feb-16	•	•	• •
10	Local	£639,742	£554,443	£0	Reduce Number of Out Of Hours Patient Transfers	Agree improvement trajectory from base	Derive Base Data Improvement Required	Improvement Improvement Required Required	Q1 Met	Jan and Feb data indicate delivery to target. Full audit trail is in place.	Feb-16	•	•	•
11	Local	£1,107,245	TBC	£0	Safeguarding	Carry Forward from last year	Report to Board (Pat Story) (Pat Story)	Report to Board (Pat Story) Report to Board (Pat Story)	OT Mee O2 Mee O3 Mee • .	Q4 expected to deliver, but still subject to CCG assessment.	Feb-16	•	•	• •
12	Local	£400,489	£0	£0	Falls Medication	Baseline now agreed Q2	Not active Q1 Not active Q2	Baseline agreed	Not Active - · · • • ·	Delivery reporting due in Q4. Expected to deliver, but no update from the CQUIN lead hence amber here.	Feb-16		•	•
13	Spec.	£118,000	£0	£0	Reduce Number of Consultant-Led Follow Up OP Attendances	Implement plans to & monitor FUN ratio	Formulate Plans Sign Off of Plans h	Monitor & Improve Improve	OF MAR	Red rating due plan not signed off by Medical Director / COO - the SCG are likely to fail the Trust against this scheme. However, there is recent confirmation that this scheme will be paid despire current delivery. It will be therefore monitored as part of contract performance in 16/17. Clarity with SCG has been sought to ensure we are looking at the appropriate specialities and targets - awaited.	Feb-16	•	•	•
14	Spec.	£118,000	£88,500	£0	HIV - Reducing Unnecessary CD4 Monitoring	90% pts have no more than 1 CD4 count in 9m	Otty Data Collection Otty Data Collection O	tty Data Collection	Q1 Met	Tracking well and in line to deliver Q4	Feb-16	•	•	•
15	Spec.	£118,000	£88,500	£0	Haemoglobinopathy Networks - develop partnership working, define pathways and protocol	Publish agreed care p'ways and protocols	Set Up initial network meet		Of Mrs. Of Mrs. Of Mrs. • • .	Network meetings have resumed in January and update expected at the end of the month. No feedback as yet from the SCG, but delivery anticipated as scheme has now picked up in momentum.	Feb-16	•	•	•
16	Spec.	£118,000	£88,500	£0	Breast Cancer - help patients make more informed choices regarding treatment	Provision of anon. pt. Datasets	Derive Base Data Qtly Data Collection Q	ttly Data Collection	Q1 Met	Tracking well. Assumed delivery in Q4	Feb-16	•	•	•
17	Spec.	£118,000	£88,500	£0	Bechet's Disease (Highly Specialised Service) - set up clinical outcome collaborative workshop	Submit Quarterly return	Qtly Data Collection Qtly Data Collection Q	ttly Data Collection	G1 Met G2 Met G3 Met • • .	Tracking well. Assumed delivery in Q4	Feb-16	•	•	•

CQUIN (page 2 of 2)

	CQUIN	Annual Plan Values (000s)	Achieved Values - YTD (000s)	Value at Risk (000s)	Indicator	Note	Trajectory Year Month	Previous Months Trend	Data Period	Comments	Year To Date	Tre	nd Nex Mon	
17	Public Health	£94	£0	£0	Breast Screening - improvement in uptake	Annual Report		Q1 Met	Feb-16	13 out of 14 GPs taking part; all have shown improvements and many at desired improvement target of 5% uptake. GPs not taking part shown deterioration; MD to write to non-participating GPs	•	•	•	•
18	Public Health	£42	£11	£32	Bowel Screening - improvement in uptake	Annual Report		Q1 Met Q2 Met • • • • -	Feb-16	Patient letter gone out, but 6mths period in which to attend screening so results - uptake unlikely, count of uptake due on 5th February. Significant effort put into this and well recognised, but unfortunately uptake remains below expectation anticipate the PH will pay.	•		•	•
19	Public Health	£154	£77	£0	Maternity and Health Visiting Services - Integrated working	Implement Shared Assessment Framework		Q1 Met	Feb-16	BadgerNet used to facilitate sharing	•	•		•

Overview

The Trust is contracted to deliver a total of 20 CQUIN schemes during 2015 / 2016. 7 schemes are nationally mandated, a further 5 have been agreed locally, 5 identified by the West Midlands Specialised Commissioners and 3 by Public Health. The collective financial value of the schemes is c.£8.8m.

The Trust has reported to CCG, SCG and PH on the Q3 performance and has had its feedback - that all schemes other than AKI and New:FUPs are meeting targets.

Highlights - February 2016 Reporting ..

Overall, the majority of schemes are delivering and are managed extremely well. Delays in system developments have caused large workarounds and significant effort has been needed and provided in order to bridge the gaps.

Risks ...£155k of identified risk of which £65k is a real loss and irrecoverable - these are:

- No report as yet from CQUIN lead for Jan & Feb. AKI manual auditing continuous until the discharge letter is developed, now expected in February, but appears to have been dropped altogether from development. Improvement payment has been withheld in quarter 3 (£65k) as quarter on quarter performance worsens. This is irrecoverable.
- Dementia training payment will be withheld if 80 university students do not complete. The Trust reduced to 40 in this quarter and CCG will not accept (£30k at worst risk)
- Sepsis B is a concern as Feb slips below target delivery. Only one patient in cohort and administration of antibiotic was 10 minutes late.

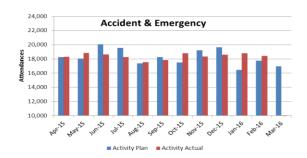
 Discussions with CCG to take place to acknowledge the small sample (potential impact c£60k otherwise).

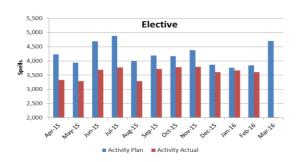
Recoveries in the month ...

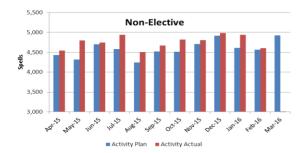
- A&E Mental Health scheme was due to lose 10% loss of payment as we fail to deliver the 85% target. This has now recovered and the scheme is likely to deliver.
- New: Follow up scheme has been failed delivery, however SCG has acknowledged payment for the full year. They will pick up scheme improvements through the 16/17 contract management so the Trust will still be expected to deliver. However, we are requesting now much more clarity on expectations and targets and are able to feed into this on more informed basis.
- Dementia letters to GP to comply with the 'refer' element of the scheme are being issued via manual work-around as discharge letter not
 yet automated.
- SCG scheme on Bowel Screening may be impacted by low uptake volumes a paper has been produced by the service and has been shared

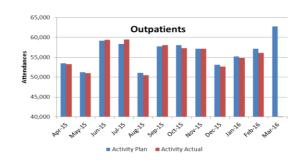
 with SCG but despite significant effort the uptake is not increasing. However, it is anticipated that payment will be received in light of
 efforts

Activity Analysis









Activity Group (POD)	Plan	Actual						Price Variance (£)
Accident & Emergency	202,134	202,380	246	£20,016,831	£19,185,767	-£831,063	£24,362	-£855,426
Elective	45,697	39,114	-6,583	£48,037,608	£40,475,191	-£7,562,418	-£6,920,395	-£642,023
Non-Elective	50,100	52,085	1,985	£78,867,527	£79,830,495	£962,968	£3,124,509	-£2,161,541
Outpatients	548,706	539,130	-9,576	£61,358,844	£61,803,205	£444,361	-£1,070,841	£1,515,202
Grand Total	846,638	832,709	-13,928	£208,280,810	£201,294,658	-£6,986,152	-£4,842,364	-£2,143,788

Values presented are for the **year-to-date period to month 11 (initial cut)** and includes the four activity PODs and Clinical Groups listed from the contracting dataset and does not included 'other income'

POD Activity

- Accident & Emergency Activity

Our emergency departments have over performed again in February, the Sandwell site had the highest over performance again however the City has dropped back into underperformance.

- Elective Activity

Adverse variances to plan in elective and outpatient care are being addressed through the demand and capacity work being led by the Chief Operating Officer. The plan focusses on maintaining underlying contract plan levels of activity through daily reporting of booked admitted and non-admitted activity and management challenge of differences from target.

- Non-Elective Activity

Unplanned admissions in total continue to over perform year-to-date however less so than the significant over performance seen in January driven by increased demand.

- Outpatient Activity

Outpatient attendances and procedures continue to perform close to plan with a continued trend of over performance in procedures offsetting underperformance in attendances.

Price & Volume Variance

The total financial variance to plan as at M11 is £6.98m (initial cut) driven by:

Activity driven variance - £4.84m:

- 13,928 cases behind the plan, mainly across elective activity impacted to an extend by non-elective cases:

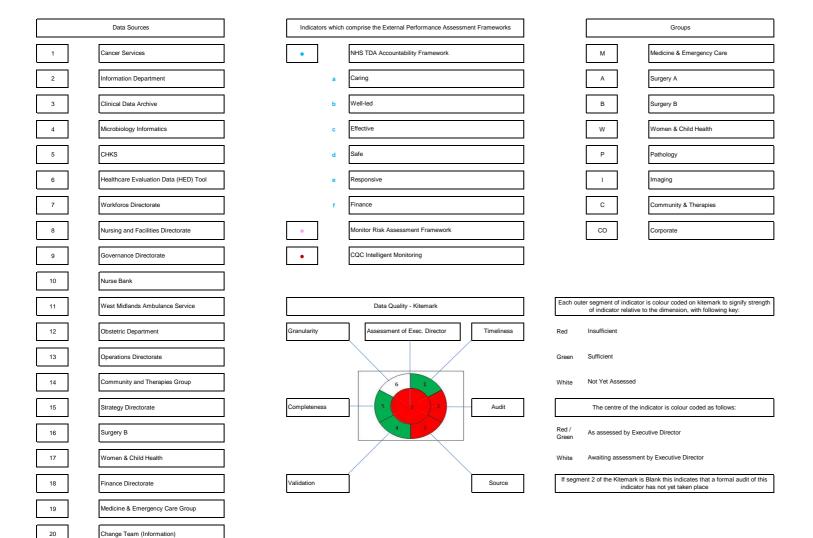
Price driven variance - £2.14m: - mainly across non-elective cases

Finance Summary

Data Source	Data Quality	PAF	Indicator	Traject Year	ory	Previous Months Trend O N D J F M A M J J A S O N D J F M	RAG	Data Period		Month	Year To Date
18		•f	Bottom Line Income & Expenditure position - Forecast compared to plan £m	£0.0		•••••••	RED	Feb-16		-£1.200	
18		•f	Bottom Line Income & Expenditure position - Year to Date Actual compared to plan £m	£0.0	£0.0		RED	Feb-16	-7.4 -5.5 -2.0 -2.7 0.5 -0.5 -2.6 -0.5		-£1.754
18		•f	Actual efficiency recurring / non-recurring compared to plan - Year to Date actual compared to plan	£0.0	£0.0		RED	Feb-16	-1.5 -3.2 -0.4 -0.9 0.1 0.2 0.2 -2.1		-£5.410
18		•f	Actual efficiency recurring / non-recurring compared to plan - Forecast compared to plan	£0.0			RED	Feb-16	-1.3 -3.5 -0.5 -0.9 0.1 0.1 0.3 -2.4		-£7.100
18	(•f	Forecast underlying surplus / deficit compared to plan	£0.0		•••••••	RED	Feb-16			-£11.200
18		•f	Forecast year end charge to capital resource limit	£19.7			GREEN	Feb-16		£19.860	
18		•f	Is the Trust forecasting permanent PDC for liquidity purposes?	No			GREEN	Feb-16		£0.000	
18		•b	Temporary costs and overtime as % total paybill	2.6%	2.6%	••••••	RED	Feb-16	11.9% 5.4% 1.8% 2.5% 9.1% 0.6% 8.2% 3.7%	7.5%	6.4%
18			Financial Sustainability Risk Ratings from M6 (Continuity of Services Risk Ratings for M3 to M5)	3			GREEN	Feb-16			3.0

MONTHLY: PASTE IN TDA KEY METRICS PAGE TO THIS FILE

Legend



Section	Indicator	Measure	Trajectory Year Month	S	Previous Months Trend S O N D J F M A M J J A S O N D J F	Data Period	Directorate EC AC SC	Month	Year To Date	Trend Next Month 3 Months
Patient Safety - Inf Control	C. Difficile	<= No	30 3	•		Feb 2016	1 0 0	1	21	
Patient Safety - Inf Control	MRSA Bacteraemia	<= No	0 0	•		Feb 2016	1 0 0	1	3	
Patient Safety - Inf Control	MRSA Screening - Elective (%)	=> %	80 80	•		Feb 2016	80 90 18	64.9		
Patient Safety - Inf Control	MRSA Screening - Non Elective (%)	=> %	80 80	•		Feb 2016	93 90 86	92.7		
Patient Safety - Harm Free Care	Falls	<= No	0 0	4	41 67 50 66 63 42 52 43 47 42 39 41 40 41 41 35 40 35	Feb 2016	12 15 8	35	444	
Patient Safety - Harm Free Care	Falls with a serious injury	<= No	0 0	1	1 1 2 0 1 0 1 1 5 0 1 1 2 0 0 1	Feb 2016	0 1 0	1	12	
Patient Safety - Harm Free Care	Grade 2,3 or 4 Pressure Ulcers (hospital aquired avoidable)	<= No	0 0	5	5 3 6 7 10 1 1 8 3 6 2 0 6 2 3 4 4 6	Feb 2016	1 5 0	6	44	
Patient Safety - Harm Free Care	Venous Thromboembolism (VTE) Assessments	=> %	95.0 95.0	•		Feb 2016	93.8 84.0 98.7	94.9		
Patient Safety - Harm Free Care	WHO Safer Surgery Checklist - Audit 3 sections	=> %	98.0 98.0	•		Jan 2016	98.9 100.0 98.8	98.8		
Patient Safety - Harm Free Care	WHO Safer Surgery Checklist - Audit 3 sections and brief	=> %	95.0 95.0	•		Jan 2016	99 0 0	98.8		
Patient Safety - Harm Free Care	WHO Safer Surgery Checklist - Audit 3 sections, brief and debrief	=> %	85.0 85.0	•		Jan 2016	98 0 0	98.1		
Patient Safety - Harm Free Care	Never Events	<= No	0 0	•		Feb 2016	0 0 0	1	0	
Patient Safety - Harm Free Care	Medication Errors	<= No	0 0	0	0 0 0 0 0 1 0 0 1 0 0 1 0 0 0 1	Feb 2016	0 0 0	0	2	
Patient Safety - Harm Free Care	Serious Incidents	<= No	0 0	•		Feb 2016	1 1 2	4	39	
Clinical Effect - Mort & Read	Mortality Reviews within 42 working days	=> %	100 98	•		Dec 2015	54 43 43	46		
Clinical Effect - Mort & Read	Emergency Readmissions (within 30 days) - Overall (exc. Deaths and Stillbirths) month	%		10	10.7 10.0 8.9 9.6 10.7 10.0 10.5 11.7 10.5 10.3 11.5 10.7 9.7 9.6 8.6 9.3 9.2 -	Jan 2016		9.2		
Clinical Effect - Mort & Read	Emergency Readmissions (within 30 days) - Overall (exc. Deaths and Stillbirths) 12-month cumulative	%		9.	9.9 10.0 10.0 9.9 10.1 10.1 10.2 10.3 10.3 10.3 10.4 10.4 10.3 10.3 10.3 10.3 10.1 .	Jan 2016			10.3	

Section	Indicator		Trajectory Year Month	S	0	N D) J	F		ous Monti		A S	0	N D	JF	Data Period		ectorate AC SC	Month	Year To Date]	Trend	Next Month	
Clinical Effect - Stroke & Card	Pts spending >90% stay on Acute Stroke Unit (%)	=> %	90.0 90.0			•	•	•		•		•	•	• •	• •	Feb 2016		93.8	93.8	92.7]			
Clinical Effect - Stroke & Card	Pts admitted to Acute Stroke Unit within 4 hrs (%)	=> %	90.0 90.0			•				•				•	•	Feb 2016		78.0	78.0	80.8				
Clinical Effect - Stroke & Card	Pts receiving CT Scan within 1 hr of presentation (%)	=> %	50.0 50.0	•		•	•	•		•		•	•	•	• •	Feb 2016		76.5	76.5	73.1				
Clinical Effect - Stroke & Card	Pts receiving CT Scan within 24 hrs of presentation (%)	=> %	100.0 100.0	•		•	•	•		•		•	•	•	•	Feb 2016		100.0	100.0	99.0				
Clinical Effect - Stroke & Card	Stroke Admission to Thrombolysis Time (% within 60 mins)	=> %	85.0 85.0				•	•		•		•	•	•	• •	Feb 2016		85.7	85.7	84.9				
Clinical Effect - Stroke & Card	Stroke Admissions - Swallowing assessments (<24h) (%)	=> %	98.0 98.0	•		•	•	•		•		•	•	•	• •	Feb 2016		100.0	100.0	100.0				
Clinical Effect - Stroke & Card	TIA (High Risk) Treatment <24 Hours from receipt of referral (%)	=> %	70.0 70.0	•		•	•	•		•		•	•	• •	• •	Feb 2016		94.4	94.4	98.2				
Clinical Effect - Stroke & Card	TIA (Low Risk) Treatment <7 days from receipt of referral (%)	=> %	75.0 75.0	•		•	•	•		•		•		• •	• •	Feb 2016		98.0	98.0	98.7				
Clinical Effect - Stroke & Card	Primary Angioplasty (Door To Balloon Time 90 mins) (%)	=> %	80.0 80.0	•		• •	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	• •	• •	Feb 2016		96.0	96.0	93.9				
Clinical Effect - Stroke & Card	Primary Angioplasty (Call To Balloon Time 150 mins) (%)	=> %	80.0 80.0	•		•	•	•		•		•	•	• •	• •	Feb 2016		80.0	80.0	92.7				
Clinical Effect - Stroke & Card	Rapid Access Chest Pain - seen within 14 days (%)	=> %	98.0 98.0	•		• •	•	•		•		•		•	• •	Feb 2016		97.7	97.7	94.6				
Clinical Effect - Cancer	2 weeks	=> %	93.0 93.0			•					•	•		•		Jan 2016		92.8	92.8					
Clinical Effect - Cancer	31 Day (diagnosis to treatment)	=> %	96.0 96.0	•		•	•	•		•	•	•	•	•	• .	Jan 2016		100.0	100.0					
Clinical Effect - Cancer	62 Day (urgent GP referral to treatment)	=> %	85.0 85.0	•		•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	• .	Jan 2016		97.0	97.0					
Clinical Effect - Cancer	Cancer = Patients Waiting Over 62 days for treatment	No		-	-	- -	-	-	- -	- -	. 0	1 4.9	5 4.5	2.5 1.5	0.5 -	Jan 2016	-	- 0.50	0.50	15				
Clinical Effect - Cancer	Cancer - Patients Waiting Over 104 days for treatment	No		-	-	- -	-	-	- -		. 0	0 3	4	2 0	0 -	Jan 2016	-	- 0.00	0.00	9				
Clinical Effect - Cancer	Cancer - Oldest wait for treatment	No		-	-	- -	-	-	- -	- -	62	97 22	8 165	138 104	98 -	Jan 2016	-	- 98	98					
Pt. Experience - FFT,MSA,Comp	Mixed Sex Accommodation Breaches	<= No	0.0 0.0	0	7	0 0	0	0	0 0	0 0	0	0 0	0	0 0	0 0	Feb 2016	0	0 0	0	0				
Pt. Experience - FFT,MSA,Comp	No. of Complaints Received (formal and link)	No		36	48	18 31	1 30	36	88 41	35 4	1 53	36 29	43	42 32	34 47	Feb 2016	23	8 16	47	433				
Pt. Experience - FFT,MSA,Comp	No. of Active Complaints in the System (formal and link)	No		131	156 1	149 93	3 106	126 1	17 112	104 8	7 90	74 58	65	65 57	50 65	Feb 2016	28	15 22	65					
Pt. Experience - FFT,MSA,Comp (Group Sheet Only)	Oldest' complaint currently in system (days)	No		131	174 1	161 182	2 188	209 2	30 250	188 21	186	208 13	6 159	43 46	67 48	Feb 2016	48	44 30	48					

Section	Indicator	Measure	Traje Year	ctory Month	Previous Months Trend S O N D J F M A M J J A S O N D J F	Data Period	Directorate EC AC SC	Month	Year To Date	Trend Next Month 3 Months
Pt. Experience - Cancellations	Elective Admissions Cancelled at last minute for non- clinical reasons	<= %	0.8	0.8		Feb 2016	- 0.59 -	0.05		
Pt. Experience - Cancellations	28 day breaches	<= No	0	0	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	Feb 2016	0.0 0.0 0.0	0	0	
Pt. Experience - Cancellations	Sitrep Declared Late Cancellations	<= No	0	0	2 5 4 1 0 0 9 8 1 2 4 7 0 0 1 0 2 1	Feb 2016	0.0 1.0 0.0	1	26	
Pt. Experience - Cancellations	Weekday Theatre Utilisation (as % of scheduled)	=> %	85.0	85.0	54 57 60 62 61 49 48 54 60 46 47 45 33 54 35 32 34 32	Feb 2016	0.0 0.0 31.6	31.6		
Pt. Experience - Cancellations	Urgent Cancelled Operations	No			1 2 5 0 0 1 1 0 0 0 0	Feb 2016	0.00 0.00 0.00	0.00	10	
Emergency Care & Pt. Flow	Emergency Care 4-hour waits (%)	=> %	95.0	95.0		Feb 2016	86.7 89.1 Site S/C	88.0	92.1	
Emergency Care & Pt. Flow	Emergency Care 4-hour breach (numbers)	No			1201 1181 11913 940 1412 1412 1412 1416 1560	Feb 2016	1500 0 60	1560	11588	
Emergency Care & Pt. Flow	Emergency Care Trolley Waits >12 hours	<= No	0	0		Feb 2016	0.0 0.0 Site S/C	0	0	
Emergency Care & Pt. Flow (Group Sheet Only)	Emergency Care Timeliness - Time to Initial Assessment (95th centile)	<= No	15.0	15.0		Feb 2016	21.0 17.0 Site S/C	18	17	
Emergency Care & Pt. Flow (Group Sheet Only)	Emergency Care Timeliness - Time to Treatment in Department (median)	<= No	60.0	60.0		Feb 2016	64.0 61.0 Site S/C	63	55	
Emergency Care & Pt. Flow	Emergency Care Patient Impact - Unplanned Reattendance Rate (%)	<= %	5.0	5.0		Feb 2016	8.0 7.7 Site S/C	7.9	8.2	
Emergency Care & Pt. Flow	Emergency Care Patient Impact - Left Department Without Being Seen Rate (%)	<= %	5.0	5.0		Feb 2016	4.1 5.0 Site S/C	4.6	4.5	
Emergency Care & Pt. Flow	WMAS - Finable Handovers (emergency conveyances) 30 - 60 mins (number)	<= No	0	0	136 219 159 282 282 282 164 164 176 90 90 67 76 88 58 58 58 90 90 90 90 90 90 90 90 90 90 90 90 90	Feb 2016	57 40	97	949	
Emergency Care & Pt. Flow	WMAS -Finable Handovers (emergency conveyances) >60 mins (number)	<= No	0	0	13 21 14 31 7 6 8 9 8 3 3 2 1 1 3 8 10 6	Feb 2016	4 2	6	54	
Emergency Care & Pt. Flow	WMAS - Turnaround Delays > 60 mins (% all emergency conveyances)	<= %	0.02	0.02		Feb 2016	0.20 0.10	0.15	0.13	
Emergency Care & Pt. Flow	WMAS - Emergency Conveyances (total)	No			4067 4193 4168 4470 4001 3829 4182 3981 4214 4114 4016 4260 4202 4573 4573 4679	Feb 2016	1952 2009	3961	42497	
RTT	RTT - Admitted Care (18-weeks) (%)	=> %	90.0	90.0		Feb 2016	0.0 95.1 94.6	94.9		
RTT	RTT - Non Admittled Care (18-weeks) (%)	=> %	95.0	95.0		Feb 2016	100.0 89.7 82.1	84.7		
RTT	RTT - Incomplete Pathway (18-weeks) (%)	=> %	92.0	92.0		Feb 2016	0.0 91.8 89.7	90.4		
RTT	Patients Waiting >52 weeks	<= No	0	0	0 0 0 0 1 1 0 0 0 1 1 3	Feb 2016	0 2 1	3		
RTT	Treatment Functions Underperforming	<= No	0	0	5 5 7 2 2 6 1 1 1 1 3 4 3 7 8 8 10 8	Feb 2016	0 3 5	8		
RTT	Acute Diagnostic Waits in Excess of 6-weeks (%)	<= %	1.0	1.0		Feb 2016	0 2.58 0	2.00		

Section	Indicator	Measure	Traject Year		Previous Months Trend S O N D J F M A M J J A S O N D J F	Data Period	Directorate EC AC SC	Month	Year To Date	Trend	Next Month 3 M	Months
Data Completeness	Open Referrals	No			65,055 67,608 80,663 78,201 75,035 72,441 70,955 66,143 62,950 63,010 60,571	Feb 2016	37,051 16,107 11,897	65055				
Workforce	WTE - Actual versus Plan	No			160 166 197 232 242 244 176 200 200 219 236 262 261 217 214 208 204 201	Feb 2016	96.1 54.7 46.4	201				
Workforce	PDRs - 12 month rolling (%)	=> %	95.0	95.0		Feb 2016	74.57 75.77 81.97		83.6			
Workforce	Medical Appraisal and Revalidation	=> %	95.0	95.0		Feb 2016	83.33 96.43 80		84.4			
Workforce	Sickness Absence - 12 month rolling (%)	<= %	3.15	3.15		Feb 2016	5.40 5.75 5.32	5.53	5.08			
Workforce	Sickness Absence - In month	<= No	3.15	3.15		Feb 2016	7.34 4.72 4.10	5.59	5.86			
Workforce	Return to Work Interviews (%) following Sickness Absence	=> %	100	100		Feb 2016	63.5 72.9 44.8		62.13			
Workforce	Mandatory Training (%)	=> %	95.0	95.0		Feb 2016	81.07 81.71 82.45		82.5			
Workforce	New Investigations in Month	No			2 1 0 0 1 2 2 2 1 1 2 1 3 0 0 1 6	Feb 2016	4 0 2	6				
Workforce	Nurse Bank Fill Rate %	=> %	100	100		Feb 2016		65				
Workforce	Nurse Bank Shifts Not Filled (number)	<= No	0	0		Feb 2016		700				
Workforce	Nurse Bank Use	<= No	34560	2880		Feb 2016		3006	30875			
Workforce	Nurse Agency Use	<= No	0.00	0.00		Feb 2016		1862	18549			
Workforce	Admin & Clerical Bank Use (shifts)	<= No	0.00	0.00		Feb 2016		1140	10840			
Workforce	Admin & Clerical Agency Use (shifts)	<= No	0.00	0.00		Feb 2016		78	686			
Workforce	Medical Staffing - Number of instances when junior rotas not fully filled	<= No	0	0		Jan-00		-	-			
Workforce	Your Voice - Response Rate (%)	No			-> -> 9 -> 6 -> -> 6 -> ->	Dec 2015	6.0 5.0 10.0	6.0				
Workforce	Your Voice - Overall Score	No			-> -> 3.76 -> -> 3.57 -> -> -> 3.49 -> -> 3.45 -> -> 3.37 -> ->	Dec 2015	3.44 3.56 3.10	3.37				

Section	Indicator	Measure	Trajector Month	Previous Months Trend S O N D J F M A M J J A S O N D J F	Data Period	Directorate GS SS TH An	Month	Year To Date	Trend Next Month 3 Months
Patient Safety - Inf Control	C. Difficile	<= No	1		Feb 2016	1 0 0 0	1	4	
Patient Safety - Inf Control	MRSA Bacteraemia	<= No	0		Feb 2016	0 0 0 0	0	0	
Patient Safety - Inf Control	MRSA Screening - Elective	=> %	80		Feb 2016	98.1 96 0 0	97.0		
Patient Safety - Inf Control	MRSA Screening - Non Elective	=> %	80		Feb 2016	96.5 96.3 0 85.7	96.3		
Patient Safety - Harm Free Care	Falls	<= No	0	9 9 6 6 0 4 4 5 9 5 4 2 4 2 6 11 13 6	Feb 2016	2 4 0 0	6	67	
Patient Safety - Harm Free Care	Falls with a serious injury	<= No	0	0 0 0 1 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 1 0 0 0	Feb 2016	0 0 0 0	0	1	
Patient Safety - Harm Free Care	Grade 2,3 or 4 Pressure Ulcers (hospital aquired avoidable)	<= No	0	1 0 0 4 0 0 2 0 0 1 1 1 1 2 1 1 1 2 0	Feb 2016	0 0 0 0	0	10	
Patient Safety - Harm Free Care	Venous Thromboembolism (VTE) Assessments	=> %	95.0		Feb 2016	95.2 91.8 0 100	94.8		
Patient Safety - Harm Free Care	WHO Safer Surgery Checklist - Audit 3 sections	=> %	98.0		Jan 2016	100 100 0 99	99.9		
Patient Safety - Harm Free Care	WHO Safer Surgery Checklist - Audit 3 sections and brief	=> %	95.0		Jan 2016	0 0 0 0	98.7		
Patient Safety - Harm Free Care	WHO Safer Surgery Checklist - Audit 3 sections, brief and debrief	=> %	85.0		Jan 2016	0 0 0 0	96.2		
Patient Safety - Harm Free Care	Never Events	<= No	0	0 0 0 0 0 0 1 1 1 0 0 0 0 0 0 1	Feb 2016	0 1 0 0	1	3	
Patient Safety - Harm Free Care	Medication Errors	<= No	0	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	Feb 2016	0 0 0 0	0	0	
Patient Safety - Harm Free Care	Serious Incidents	<= No	0		Feb 2016	0 1 0 0	1	8	
Clinical Effect - Mort & Read	Mortality Reviews within 42 working days	=> %	98.0		Dec 2015	45 42.9 0 0	42.1		
Clinical Effect - Mort & Read	Emergency Readmissions (within 30 days) - Overall (exc. Deaths and Stillbirths) month	<= %		5.7 6.6 6.3 6.4 7.3 7.0 6.4 7.7 8.2 7.9 7.3 7.8 7.8 7.3 7.4 8.7 7.6 -	Jan 2016		7.6		
Clinical Effect - Mort & Read	Emergency Readmissions (within 30 days) - Overall (exc. Deaths and Stillbirths) 12-month cumulative	<= %		6.6 6.7 6.6 6.7 6.7 6.8 6.7 6.8 6.8 6.8 6.8 6.9 7 7.2 7.3 7.369 7.6 7.6 -	Jan 2016			7.1	

Section	Indicator	Measure	Trajector Month	Previous Months Trend	Data Period	Directorate GS SS TH An	Month	Year To Date	Trend Next Month 3 Months
Clinical Effect - Cancer	2 weeks	=> %	93.0		Jan 2016	95.3 0.0	95.33		
Clinical Effect - Cancer	2 weeks (Breast Symptomatic)	=> %	93.0		Jan 2016	94.7	94.67		
Clinical Effect - Cancer	31 Day (diagnosis to treatment)	=> %	96.0		Jan 2016	98.6 0.0	98.61		
Clinical Effect - Cancer	62 Day (urgent GP referral to treatment)	=> %	85.0		Jan 2016	95.3 0.0	95.31		
Clinical Effect - Cancer	Cancer = Patients Waiting Over 62 days for treatment	No		0 10 3 5 2 5 2 -	Jan 2016		1.5	24	
Clinical Effect - Cancer	Cancer - Patients Waiting Over 104 days for treatment	No		4 6 1 2 0 4 0 -	Jan 2016	0 - 0 -	0	16	
Clinical Effect - Cancer	Cancer - Oldest wait for treatment	No		75 167 98 98 1773 1147 1773 1 180	Jan 2016	75 - 0 -	75		
Pt. Experience - FFT,MSA,Comp	Mixed Sex Accommodation Breaches	<= No	0	0 0 0 2 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 2 0 0 0 0 0	Feb 2016	0 0 0 0	0	2	
Pt. Experience - FFT,MSA,Comp	No. of Complaints Received (formal and link)	No		15 13 13 7 15 9 16 16 8 16 16 15 15 18 18 11 16 14	Feb 2016	8 5 1 0	14	163	
Pt. Experience - FFT,MSA,Comp	No. of Active Complaints in the System (formal and link)	No		49 57 78 53 45 40 45 46 27 32 23 26 23 23 24 15 17 23	Feb 2016	14 8 1 0	23		
Pt. Experience - FFT,MSA,Comp	Oldest' complaint currently in system (days)	No		109 133 143 171 192 213 234 254 97 157 108 122 125 27 47 46 29 29	Feb 2016	29 23 15 0	29		
Pt. Experience - Cancellations	Elective Admissions Cancelled at last minute for non- clinical reasons	<= %	0.8		Feb 2016	2.37 1.67 0 0.5	1.78		
Pt. Experience - Cancellations	28 day breaches	<= No	0	1 0 0 1 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 1 0 0 0 0	Feb 2016	0 0 0 0	0	1	
Pt. Experience - Cancellations	Sitrep Declared Late Cancellations	<= No	0	10 18 6 33 11 13 17 12 10 8 21 13 13 17 8 16 5 19	Feb 2016	12 6 0 1	19	161	
Pt. Experience - Cancellations	Weekday Theatre Utilisation (as % of scheduled)	=> %	85.0	78 75 77 71 78 79 75 78 78 79 80 78 78 78.01 72 74 76	Feb 2016	78.4 71.5 0.0 89.8	75.82		
Pt. Experience - Cancellations	Urgent Cancelled Operations	No		2 0 0 0 7 2 8 0 0 0 0	Feb 2016	0 0 0 0	0	19	
Emergency Care & Pt. Flow	Emergency Care 4-hour breach (numbers)	No		103 118 121 127 127 127 128 143 168 172 172 172 172 173 174 175 175 175 175 175 175 175 175 175 175	Feb 2016	28 20 0 1	49	509	
Emergency Care & Pt. Flow	Hip Fractures - Operation < 24 hours of admission (%)	=> %	85	old indicator-update reqd	Nov 2015	-			

Section	Indicator	Measure	Trajector Month	Previous Months Trend S O N D J F M A M J J A S O N D J F	Data Period	Directorate GS SS TH An	Month	Year To Date	Trend Next Month 3 Months
RTT	RTT - Admitted Care (18-weeks) (%)	=> %	90.0		Feb 2016	78.0 64.5 0.0 0.0	71.6		
RTT	RTT - Non Admittted Care (18-weeks) (%)	=> %	95.0		Feb 2016	92.8 91.1 0.0 0.0	92.1		
RTT	RTT - Incomplete Pathway (18-weeks) (%)	=> %	92.0		Feb 2016	92.1 88.0 0.0 0.0	90.1		
RTT	Patients Waiting >52 weeks	<= No	0	2 1 2 0 3 1 2 1 0 0 0 2 1 1 0 0 0 1 1	Feb 2016	0 1 0 0	1		
RTT	Treatment Functions Underperforming	<= No	0	4 6 7 4 5 8 4 2 3 2 2 4 8 10 9 11 9 9	Feb 2016	4 5 0 0	9		
RTT	Acute Diagnostic Waits in Excess of 6-weeks (%)	<= %	1.0		Feb 2016	0.7 0.0 0.0 0.0	0.36		
Data Completeness	Open Referrals	No		35,305 36,195 42,539 41,714 40,565 40,315 39,612 31,269 32,829 32,829	Feb 2016	3,153 0 12,061 20,091	35305		
Workforce	WTE - Actual versus Plan	No		71 71 76 66 62 70 70 88 97 103 110 120 122 116 107 112 120 102	Feb 2016	32.6 22.2 24.7 18.2	102.3		
Workforce	PDRs - 12 month rolling	=> %	95.0		Feb 2016	79.8 77.9 83.7 82.1		84.4	
Workforce	Medical Appraisal and Revalidation	=> %	95.0		Feb 2016	66.7 88.9 0 75.6		82.9	
Workforce	Sickness Absence - 12 month rolling (%)	<= %	3.15		Feb 2016	5.8 3.7 6.2 4.9	5.3	5.2	
Workforce	Sickness Absence - In Month	<= No	3.15		Feb 2016	7.5 2.9 6.9 5.1	5.9	5.5	
Workforce	Return to Work Interviews (%) following Sickness Absence	=> %	100		Feb 2016	76.7 50.6 82.3 74.1	73.8	66.4	
Workforce	Mandatory Training	=> %	95.0		Feb 2016	86.1 78.7 89.3 87.9		88.2	
Workforce	New Investigations in Month	No		2 0 1 0 1 1 2 3 3 1 2 1 0 3 0 0 1 1	Feb 2016	0 1 0 0	1		
Workforce	Nurse Bank Fill Rate	=> %	100.0	- - - - - 76 71 80 82 76 76 86 85 86.32 82 78 57	Feb 2016		57.23	78	
Workforce	Nurse Bank Shifts Not Filled	<= No	0		Feb 2016		202	2719	
Workforce	Nurse Bank Use	<= No	826		Feb 2016		844	10992	
Workforce	Nurse Agency Use	<= No	0		Feb 2016		202	4081	
Workforce	Admin & Clerical Bank Use (shifts)	<= No	0		Feb 2016		227	2235	
Workforce	Admin & Clerical Agency Use (shifts)	<= No	0		Feb 2016		83	502	
Workforce	Medical Staffing - Number of instances when junior rotas not fully filled	<= No	0		Jan-00		-	-	
Workforce	Your Voice - Response Rate	No		>> 11>> 9>> 10>> 10>> 8>>	Dec 2015	9	8		

Section	Indicator	Measure	Traje Year	ctory Month	5	0) N	N	D .	F	M		evious M				S	0	N	D J	F	Data Period	Directorate O E	Month	Year To Date
Patient Safety - Inf Control	C. Difficile	<= No	0	0	•	•								•	•							Feb 2016	0 0	0	0
Patient Safety - Inf Control	MRSA Bacteraemia	<= No	0	0	•															• •		Feb 2016	0 0	0	0
Patient Safety - Inf Control	MRSA Screening - Elective	=> %	80	80	•															• •		Feb 2016	81.5 97.5	93.4	
Patient Safety - Inf Control	MRSA Screening - Non Elective	=> %	80	80	•									•				•	•	• •		Feb 2016	92.6 90.7	91.4	
Patient Safety - Harm Free Care	Falls	<= No	0	0	0	0	0)	1 1	0	0	0	0	2	1	0	0	1	2	1 1	1	Feb 2016	1 0	1	9
Patient Safety - Harm Free Care	Falls with a serious injury	<= No	0	0	0	0	O)	0 0	0	0	O	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0 0	0	Feb 2016	0 0	0	0
Patient Safety - Harm Free Care	Grade 2,3 or 4 Pressure Ulcers (hospital aquired avoidable)	<= No	0	0	0	0	0)	0 0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0 0	0	Feb 2016	0 0	0	0
Patient Safety - Harm Free Care	Venous Thromboembolism (VTE) Assessments	=> %	95	95	•															• •		Feb 2016	99 99.7	99.3	
Patient Safety - Harm Free Care	WHO Safer Surgery Checklist - Audit 3 sections	=> %	98	98	•															• •	-	Jan 2016	99.8 100	99.82	
Patient Safety - Harm Free Care	WHO Safer Surgery Checklist - Audit 3 sections and brief	=> %	95	95	•															• •	-	Jan 2016	100 100	100	
Patient Safety - Harm Free Care	WHO Safer Surgery Checklist - Audit 3 sections, brief and debrief	=> %	85	85	•													•		• •	-	Jan 2016	100 100	100	
Patient Safety - Harm Free Care	Never Events	<= No	0	0	•															• •		Feb 2016	0 0	0	0
Patient Safety - Harm Free Care	Medication Errors	<= No	0	0	•													•				Feb 2016	0 0	0	0
Patient Safety - Harm Free Care	Serious Incidents	<= No	0	0	•	•																Feb 2016	0 0	0	0
Clinical Effect - Mort & Read	Mortality Reviews within 42 working days	=> %	100	97	•		-			-	N/A	A N/	A N/A	N/A		N/A		N/A	N/A I	N/A -	-	Dec 2015	0 0	0	
Clinical Effect - Mort & Read	Emergency Readmissions (within 30 days) - Overall (exc. Deaths and Stillbirths) month	%			4.	0 4.9	9 4.	.9 5	5.0 2.	9 4.	5 5.5	5 5.	7 4.4	1 3.4	5.7	3.6	5.3	5.0	4.4	5.1 3.1	-	Jan 2016		3.1	
Clinical Effect - Mort & Read	Emergency Readmissions (within 30 days) - Overall (exc. Deaths and Stillbirths) 12-month cumulative	%			4.	8 4.8	8 4.	.8 4	1.8 4.	7 4.	5 4.5	5 4.	5 4.6	5 4.6	4.6	4.5	4.7	4.7	4.6	1.7 4.7	-	Feb 2016			4.6

Section	Indicator	Measure	Trajectory Year Month	S	0	N	D	J	F	М			nths Tre		A S	S C	N	D	JF	=	Data Period	O E	Month	Year To Date
Clinical Effect - Cancer	2 weeks	=> %	93 93																• .		Jan 2016	100	100.0	
Clinical Effect - Cancer	31 Day (diagnosis to treatment)	=> %	96 96		•		-				•	•				#DIV	/0!		• .		Jan 2016	100	100	
Clinical Effect - Cancer	62 Day (urgent GP referral to treatment)	=> %	85 85	-	•											#DIV	/0!				Jan 2016	66.7	66.7	
Clinical Effect - Cancer	Cancer = Patients Waiting Over 62 days for treatment	No		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0	0 (0	1	0	0.5	-	Jan 2016	- 0.5	0.5	1.5
Clinical Effect - Cancer	Cancer - Patients Waiting Over 104 days for treatment	No		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0	0 (0	0	0	0 -	-	Jan 2016	- 0	0	0
Clinical Effect - Cancer	Cancer - Oldest wait for treatment	No		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	62 5	1 6	2 0	104	54	84 -	-	Jan 2016	- 84	84	
Pt. Experience - FFT,MSA,Comp	Mixed Sex Accommodation Breaches	<= No	0 0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0 (0	0	0	0	0 0)	Feb 2016	0 0	0	0
Pt. Experience - FFT,MSA,Comp	No. of Complaints Received (formal and link)	No		8	12	11	14	14	12	16	14	9	6	15 1	5 1	6 18	18	17	9 14	4	Feb 2016	14 0	14	151
Pt. Experience - FFT,MSA,Comp	No. of Active Complaints in the System (formal and link)	No		36	37	47	33	35	35	36	39	35	17	17 2	2 1	9 24	25	21	15 14	4	Feb 2016	14 0	14	
Pt. Experience - FFT,MSA,Comp	Oldest' complaint currently in system (days)	No		98	63	138	109	102	123	144	164	135	102 1	26 14	18 8	3 10	6 34	57	25 2:	1	Feb 2016	21 0	21	
Pt. Experience - Cancellations	Elective Admissions Cancelled at last minute for non- clinical reasons	<= %	0.8 0.8																•		Feb 2016	0.7 2.22	1.25	
Pt. Experience - Cancellations	28 day breaches	<= No	0 0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0 (0	0	0	0	0 0)	Feb 2016	0 0	0	0
Pt. Experience - Cancellations	Sitrep Declared Late Cancellations	<= No	0 0	16	12	11	7	24	11	8	15	17	16	10 1	4 8	3 19	15	11	11 1	4	Feb 2016	5 9	14	150
Pt. Experience - Cancellations	Weekday Theatre Utilisation (as % of scheduled)	=> %	85 85	73.6	6 72	73	68	74.1	72	75.2	73.3	71.4	73.1 7	3.9 70	0.5 73	.6 75	75.1	73.8	74.5 74	.8	Feb 2016	76.8 70	74.84	
Pt. Experience - Cancellations	Urgent Cancelled Operations	No		_	-	-	-	-	-	-	0	0	1	0	0 (0	0	0	0 0)	Feb 2016	0 0	0	1
Emergency Care & Pt. Flow	Emergency Care 4-hour waits (%)	=> %	95 95		•				•		•	•							•		Feb 2016	99.6	99.6	99.2
Emergency Care & Pt. Flow	Emergency Care 4-hour breach (numbers)	No		29	10	27	25	8	8	39	-	-	-	-	.] .	-	-	-	- 1	3	Feb 2016	10 3	13	234
Emergency Care & Pt. Flow	Emergency Care Trolley Waits >12 hours	<= No	0 0	-	-	-	-	-	-												Feb 2016	0	0	0
Emergency Care & Pt. Flow (Group Sheet Only)	Emergency Care Timeliness - Time to Initial Assessment (95th centile)	<= No	15 15		•					•							-	-			Feb 2016	15	15	15
Emergency Care & Pt. Flow (Group Sheet Only)	Emergency Care Timeliness - Time to Treatment in Department (median)	<= No	60 60							•							-	-			Feb 2016	94	14	31
Emergency Care & Pt. Flow	Emergency Care Patient Impact - Unplanned Reattendance Rate (%)	<= %	5 5							•									•		Feb 2016	3.19	3.19	4.62

Emergency Care & Pt. Flow	Emergency Care Patient Impact - Left Department Without Being Seen Rate (%)	<= %	5	5	(

																		1
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Feb 2016

1.03

1.0

1.63

Section	Indicator	Measure	Trajec Year	tory	Ę	2 1	0 1	M I	D J	F	М		vious M M			Λ.	9 1	0	N I	D J F	Data Period	O E	Month	Year To Date
RTT	RTT - Admitted Care (18-weeks) (%)	=> %	90	90					• •			•	•	•	•	•	•		•		Feb 2016	86.2 87.6	86.7	Date
RTT	RTT - Non Admitted Care (18-weeks) (%)	=> %	95	95					• •	•		•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•		Feb 2016	93.1 88.8	92.1	
RTT	RTT - Incomplete Pathway (18-weeks) (%)	=> %	92	92					• •	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	• •	Feb 2016	92.7 93.5	92.9	
RTT	Patients Waiting >52 weeks	<= No	0	0	2	2 2	2	1	0 0	1	1	0	1	0	3	2	1	3	3	1 2 1	Feb 2016	0 1	1	
RTT	Treatment Functions Underperforming	<= No	0	0	4	4 !	5	5	1 2	7	1	1	2	1	1	1	1	5	3	3 7 5	Feb 2016	2 3	5	
RTT	Acute Diagnostic Waits in Excess of 6-weeks (%)	<= %	1	1					•	•	•	•	•	•		•	•		•	• •	Feb 2016	0 0	0	
Data Completeness	Open Referrals	No										58,186	60,484	61,192	63,016	65,129	66,371	67,982	70,005	60,870	Feb 2016	9,816 51,054	60870	
Workforce	WTE - Actual versus Plan	No			2	8 3	30 2	27 3	30 32	2 29	28.5	35.3	35.1	46.6	43.1	49.7	57.2	57.7 5	9.1	1 57.8 50.2	Feb 2016		50.2	
Workforce	PDRs - 12 month rolling	=> %	95	95										•							Feb 2016	76.8 93.2		85.1
Workforce	Medical Appraisal and Revalidation	=> %	95	95						•		-				•					Feb 2016	75 50	71.9	86.29
Workforce	Sickness Absence - 12 month rolling	<= %	3.15	3.15					•	•		•	•	•	•	•	•				Feb 2016	3.4 2.42	3.12	3.2
Workforce	Sickness Absence - In Month	<= %	3.15	3.15			-	-		-	-	-	-	•	•		•			• •	Feb 2016	2.3 2.1	2.21	3.4
Workforce	Return to Work Interviews (%) following Sickness Absence	=> %	100	100		-	-	-		-		-	-								Feb 2016	66.5 77.2	72.06	57.92
Workforce	Mandatory Training	=> %	95	95																	Feb 2016	83.7 92		86.3
Workforce	New Investigations in Month	No			() (0	0	0 0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	0 0	Feb 2016		0	
Workforce	Nurse Bank Fill Rate	=> %	100	100		-	-	-		-	100	99	99.6	98.4	98.2	96.9	96	97 9	7.6 93	97.3 95.9	Feb 2016		95.88	97
Workforce	Nurse Bank Shifts Not Filled	<= No	0	0		-	-	-		-	1	2	1	3	4	7	13	7	27 2	3 11 14	Feb 2016		14	112
Workforce	Nurse Bank Use	<= No	2796	233						•		•									Feb 2016		346	2846
Workforce	Nurse Agency Use	<= No	0	0								•									Feb 2016		3	240
Workforce	Admin & Clerical Bank Use (shifts)	<= No	0	0																	Feb 2016		144.0	1371.0

				Surgery B Group	
Workforce	Admin & Clerical Agency Use (shifts)	<= No	0 0	• •	46.0 252.0
Workforce	Medical Staffing - Number of instances when junior rotas not fully filled	<= No	0 0	Jan-00	
Workforce	Your Voice - Response Rate	No		>> 17>> 14>> 12>> 15>> 14>> Dec 2015	14
Workforce	Your Voice - Overall Score	No		> 3.52>> 3.54>> 3.59>> 3.63>> Dec 2015	3.63

Women & Child Health Group

Section	Indicator	Measure	Trajec Year	tory Month	Previous Months Trend	Year To Date Trend Next Month 3 Months
Patient Safety - Inf Control	C. Difficile	<= No	0	0	Feb 2016 1 0 0 0	1
Patient Safety - Inf Control	MRSA Bacteraemia	<= No	0	0	Feb 2016 0 0 0 0	0
Patient Safety - Inf Control	MRSA Screening - Elective	=> %	80.00	80.00	95.6	
Patient Safety - Inf Control	MRSA Screening - Non Elective	=> %	80.00	80.00	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	
Patient Safety - Harm Free Care	Falls	<= No	0	0	0 0 0 0 0 0 1 2 1 0 1 2 0 1 0 2 0 Feb 2016 0 0 0 0	10
Patient Safety - Harm Free Care	Falls with a serious injury	<= No	0	0	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	0
Patient Safety - Harm Free Care	Grade 2,3 or 4 Pressure Ulcers (hospital aquired avoidable)	<= No	0	0	2 0 0 0 2 0 0 0 0 1 0 0 0 0 0 Feb 2016 0 0 0 0	1
Patient Safety - Harm Free Care	Venous Thromboembolism (VTE) Assessments	=> %	95.0	95.0	94.7	
Patient Safety - Harm Free Care	WHO Safer Surgery Checklist - Audit 3 sections	=> %	98.0	98.0	99.0	
Patient Safety - Harm Free Care	WHO Safer Surgery Checklist - Audit 3 sections and brief	=> %	95.0	95.0	97.1	
Patient Safety - Harm Free Care	WHO Safer Surgery Checklist - Audit 3 sections, brief and debrief	=> %	85.0	85.00	97.1	
Patient Safety - Harm Free Care	Never Events	<= No	0	0	Feb 2016 0 0 0 0	1
Patient Safety - Harm Free Care	Medication Errors	<= No	0	0	Feb 2016 0 0 0 0	0
Patient Safety - Harm Free Care	Serious Incidents	<= No	0	0	Feb 2016 1 1 0 0	15

Women & Child Health Group

Section	Indicator	Measure	Traje Year	ctory Month	S	0 N	D J	F		ous Months M J		S	0 N D J	F	Data Period	Directorate G M P C	Month	Year To Date	Trend	Next Month 3	Months
Patient Safety - Obstetrics	Caesarean Section Rate - Total	<= %	25.0	25.0	•	•	•	•	•	•	• •	•		•	Feb 2016	24	23.7	25.1			
Patient Safety - Obstetrics	Caesarean Section Rate - Elective	%			9	7 8	11 8	6	9 8	7 8	11 9	9 1	0 9 9 8	8	Feb 2016	8.3	8.3	8.7			
Patient Safety - Obstetrics	Caesarean Section Rate - Non Elective	%			18	19 16	16 15	5 17	16 15	18 15	18 17	18 1	15 16 14 17	15	Feb 2016	15	15.4	16.4			
Patient Safety - Obstetrics	Maternal Deaths	<= No	0	0	•	• •	•	•	• •	• •	• •	•	• • •	•	Feb 2016	0	0	0			
Patient Safety - Obstetrics	Post Partum Haemorrhage (>2000ml)	<= No	48	4	•	• •	• •	•	•	• •	• •	•		•	Feb 2016	2	2	23			
Patient Safety - Obstetrics	Admissions to Neonatal Intensive Care	<= %	10.0	10.0	•	• •	• •	•	• •	• •	• •	•	• • •		Feb 2016	0.4	0.4	1.8			
Patient Safety - Obstetrics	Adjusted Perinatal Mortality Rate (per 1000 babies)	<= Rate1	8.0	8.0	•	•	•		• •	• •	• •	•	• • •	•	Feb 2016	8.4	8.4				
Patient Safety - Obstetrics	Early Booking Assessment (<12 + 6 weeks) (>=%) - SWBH Specific	=> %	90.0	90.0		• •	•			•	• •	•		•	Feb 2016	75	75.1				
Patient Safety - Obstetrics	Early Booking Assessment (<12 + 6 weeks) (%) - National Definition	=> %	90.0	90.0	•	• •	• •	•	• •	• •	• •	•	• • • •	•	Feb 2016	155	155.4				
Clinical Effect - Mort & Read	Mortality Reviews within 42 working days	=> %	100.0	97.0	•	• •	•	•		N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A -	-	Dec 2015	0 0 0	0.0				
Clinical Effect - Mort & Read	Emergency Readmissions (within 30 days) - Overall (exc. Deaths and Stillbirths) month	%			5.5	7.2 6.8	7.2 6.6	5 7.4	6.9 7.4	6.9 7.1	7.1 4.4	4.5 6	5.9 4.8 4.7	-	Jan 2016		4.7				
Clinical Effect - Mort & Read	Emergency Readmissions (within 30 days) - Overall (exc. Deaths and Stillbirths) 12-month cumulative	%			6.4	6.5 6.5	6.6 6.5	5 6.6	6.7 6.7	6.7 6.8	6.9 6.7	6.6 6	6.5 6.3 6.1	-	Jan 2016			6.6			
Clinical Effect - Cancer	2 weeks	=> %	93.0	93.0	•	•	•		•	•	• •	•	• • •	-	Jan 2016	93 0	93.2				
Clinical Effect - Cancer	31 Day (diagnosis to treatment)	=> %	96.0	96.0	•	• •	•	•	•	•	•	•	• • •	-	Jan 2016	94	94.4				
Clinical Effect - Cancer	62 Day (urgent GP referral to treatment)	=> %	85.0	85.0		•	•	•	•	•	•	•		-	Jan 2016	74	73.9				
Clinical Effect - Cancer	Cancer = Patients Waiting Over 62 days for treatment	No			-			-			0 1.5	1.5	4 0.5 1.5 3	-	Jan 2016	3 - 0 -	3	12			
Clinical Effect - Cancer	Cancer - Patients Waiting Over 104 days for treatment	No			-			-			1 1	0 :	2 0 0 0	-	Jan 2016	0 - 0 -	0	4			
Clinical Effect - Cancer	Cancer - Oldest wait for treatment	No			-		<u> </u>	-		- -	123 130	98 1	46 89 71 104	· [Jan 2016	104 - 0 -	104				

Women & Child Health Group

Section	Indicator	Measure	Traje Year	ectory Month	E	S	0 1	N	D J	F	M			onths]		A	s	0 0	N I I) J	F	Data Period		irectorate M P C		Month	Year To Date	Trer	nd ,	Next Month	3 Months
Pt. Experience - FFT,MSA,Comp	Mixed Sex Accommodation Breaches	<= No	0	0		0	0 (0	0 0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0 (0 (0	0	Feb 2016	0			0	0		\perp		
Pt. Experience - FFT,MSA,Comp	No. of Complaints Received (formal and link)	No				8	8 1	2	7 11	9	11	7	9	14	14	12	10	9 1	.0 1	5 17	4	Feb 2016	0	3 1 0]	4	121		\perp		
Pt. Experience - FFT,MSA,Comp	No. of Active Complaints in the System (formal and link)	No				29	29 3	3 1	12 21	27	32	28	28	20	18	17	13	13 1	3 1	4 20	6	Feb 2016	0	0 0 0]	6			\perp		
Pt. Experience - FFT,MSA,Comp	Oldest' complaint currently in system (days)	No				87 1	.04 12	23 1	51 52	73	94	113	128	96	50	57	57	27 2	24 2	8 25	25	Feb 2016	25	25 5 0]	25			\Box		
Pt. Experience - Cancellations	Elective Admissions Cancelled at last minute for non- clinical reasons	<= %	0.8	0.8					•	•				•	•							Feb 2016	3.4	-		2.5			\perp		
Pt. Experience - Cancellations	28 day breaches	<= No	0	0		0	0 (0	0 0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0 (0 (0	0	Feb 2016	0			0	0		\Box		
Pt. Experience - Cancellations	Sitrep Declared Late Cancellations	<= No	0	0		6	7	7	7 1	5	7	6	4	2	2	4	7	6	9 1	3 6	7	Feb 2016	7]	7	66		\perp		
Pt. Experience - Cancellations	Weekday Theatre Utilisation (as % of scheduled)	=> %	85.0	85.0		76	77 7	7 8	30 77	7 78	79	76	78	74	75	76	79	76 7	76 7	2 74	71	Feb 2016	71	-]	70.9			\prod		
Pt. Experience - Cancellations	Urgent Cancelled Operations	No				-		-		-	-	8	3	0	0	0	0	0 (0 (0	0	Feb 2016	0	- 0 -		0	11				
Emergency Care & Pt. Flow	Emergency Care 4-hour breach (numbers)	No				30	23 3	s6 8	32 5	30	16	-	-	-	-	-	-	- -			15	Feb 2016	9	0 6 0]	15	199				
RTT	RTT - Admitted Care (18-weeks)	=> %	90.0	90.0					•		•			•		•		•				Feb 2016	95]	94.9			\perp		
RTT	RTT - Non Admitted Care (18-weeks)	=> %	95.0	95.0					•	•	•							•				Feb 2016	96]	96.1			\perp		
RTT	RTT - Incomplete Pathway (18-weeks)	=> %	92.0	92.0		•	•		•	•			•	•		•		•			•	Feb 2016	95]	95.5					
RTT	Patients Waiting >52 weeks	<= No	0	0		0	0 (0	0 0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0 0	0 (0	0	Feb 2016	0]	0			\perp		
RTT	Treatment Functions Underperforming	<= No	0	0		0	0 (0	0 0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0 0	0 1	1	0	Feb 2016	0]	0					
RTT	Acute Diagnostic Waits in Excess of 6-weeks	<= %	0.1	0.1		•			•	•			•	•		•		•		•	•	Feb 2016	0]	0.0			\perp		

					Women & Child Health Group	
Section	Indicator	Measure	Traje Year	ctory Month	Previous Months Trend Data Directorate S O N D J F M A M J J A S O N D J F Period Data Period Data Directorate Month Year To Data Trend Month Month	ths
Data Completeness	Open Referrals	No				
Workforce	WTE - Actual versus Plan	No			61 60 59 66 67 68.6 66.9 67.9 70.8 87.2 95.8 111 96.6 85.7 82.5 98.9 96.9 94.7 Feb 2016 27 56 13 0 94.7	
Workforce	PDRs - 12 month rolling	=> %	95.0	95.0	Feb 2016 89 84 89 0	
Workforce	Medical Appraisal and Revalidation	=> %	95.0	95.0	Feb 2016 79 91 38 0	
Workforce	Sickness Absence - 12 month rolling	<= %	3.15	3.15	Feb 2016 5.4 6.2 4.2 14 5.6 5.6	
Workforce	Sickness Absence - in month	<= %	3.15	3.15	Feb 2016 4 4.6 3.5 0 4.3 5.8	
Workforce	Return to Work Interviews (%) following Sickness Absence	=> %	100.0	100.0	Feb 2016 76 68 72 45 70.06 62.04	
Workforce	Mandatory Training	=> %	95.0	95.0	Feb 2016 89 82 88 0	
Workforce	New Investigations in Month	No			0 0 0 0 0 1 1 1 3 2 2 1 1 1 1 0 0 1 Feb 2016 0 1 0 0 1	
Workforce	Nurse Bank Fill Rate	=> %	100	100	90 93.6 95.4 91.9 93.9 90.9 94.7 94.2 96.1 87.4 93.5 90.8 Feb 2016	
Workforce	Nurse Bank Shifts Not Filled	<= No	0	0	81 37 35 53 50 68 51 48 394 95 54 74 Feb 2016	
Workforce	Nurse Bank Use	<= No	6852	571	Feb 2016	
Workforce	Nurse Agency Use	<= No	0	0	Feb 2016	
Workforce	Admin & Clerical Bank Use (shifts)	<= No	0	0	Feb 2016	
Workforce	Admin & Clerical Agency Use (shifts)	<= No	0	0	Feb 2016	
Workforce	Medical Staffing - Number of instances when junior rotas not fully filled	0	0			
Workforce	Your Voice - Response Rate	No			-> -> 12> -> 9>> 13> -> 12> -> 11> Dec 2015	
Workforce	Your Voice - Overall Score	No			-> -> 3.65 -> -> 3.53 -> -> -> 3.66 -> -> 3.64 -> -> 3.64 -> -> 3.63 -> -> Dec 2015 3.7 3.7 3.6 3.5 3.6	

Women & Child Health Group Trajectory Year Month Previous Months Trend Data Period Directorate 3 Months Month Trend 3 2 3 8 5 3 1 G M P C Date HV (C1) - No. of mothers who receive a face to face AN 97 118 159 207 193 193 193 WCH Group Only No 26 56 124 111 167 Feb 2016 1275 contact with a HV at =>28 weeks of pregancy HV (C2) - % of births that receive a face to face new WCH Group Only => % 95.0 95.0 81 88.3 90.7 87.6 Jan 2016 88 87.64 88.25 birth visit by a HV =<14 days HV (C3) - % of births that receive a face to face new 15.9 5.87 9.04 9.19 7.69 7.7 8.92 8.8 9.69 8 51 8.82 Jan 2016 7.69 WCH Group Only birth visit by a HV >days HV (C4) - % of children who received a 12 months 77.7 87.4 97.5 90 86.58 WCH Group Only 95.0 95.0 Feb 2016 90.29 => % review by 12 months HV (C5) - % of children who received a 12 months WCH Group Only 88.4 78.8 77.3 86.7 86.1 84.5 Oct 2015 91 91.02 86.23 review by the time they were 15 months HV (C6i) - % of children who received a 2 - 2.5 year 95.0 95.8 Feb 2016 89 90.93 WCH Group Only 95.0 92.9 95.1 88.89 HV (C6ii) - % of children who receive a 2 - 2.5 year WCH Group Only 71.5 78.3 79.2 70 84.7 83.2 84.4 90.2 84.2 Feb 2016 84 84.18 79.94 review using ASQ 3 HV (C7) - No. of Sure Start Advisory Boards / Children's WCH Group Only 100 100 Feb 2016 11 => No Centre Boards witha HV presence HV (C8) - % of children who receive a 6 - 8 week review 95.0 95.0 93 97.1 97.9 94 93.58 91.98 WCH Group Only => % 83 96.5 Feb 2016 HV - % of infants for whom breast feeding status is WCH Group Only => % 100 100 Feb 2016 99.35 85.46 recorded at 6 - 8 week check HV - % of infants being breastfed at 6 - 8 weeks 32.3 37.9 36 WCH Group Only 38.7 38.7 38.7 33.6 31.4 27.6 30.7 36.8 35.6 Feb 2016 35.62 33.63 HV - % HV staff who have completed mandatory training WCH Group Only 95.0 95.0 Feb 2016 at L1,2 or 3 in child protection in last 3 years / - No. of babies from 0 - 1 year who have a 347 333 358 353 335 335 335 2483 WCH Group Only onclusive newborn bloodspot status documented at the No 397 360 Jan 2016 In - 14 day developmental check HV - % of babies from 0 - 1 year who have a conclusive 100 92 86 93.97 WCH Group Only newborn bloodspot status documented at the 10 - 14 => % 100 Jan 2016 96 96.26 day developmental check V - No. of babies from 0 - 1 year who have a onclusive newborn bloodspot status documented at the 359 374 340 365 337 376 366 Jan 2016 366 366 2517 WCH Group Only 6 - 8 week developmental check HV - % of babies from 0 - 1 year who have a conclusive WCH Group Only newborn bloodspot status documented at the 6 - 8 week 100 100 99.7 94.7 99.7 Jan 2016 100 99.73 94.34 developmental check IV - No. of babies from 0 - 1 year who have a WCH Group Only 315 340 275 257 316 352 352 2176 onclusive newborn bloodspot status documented at the No 321 Jan 2016 352 HV - % of babies from 0 - 1 year who have a conclusive 81 -Jan 2016 90 89.57 87.9 WCH Group Only newborn bloodspot status documented at the 9 - 12 => % 100 100 months developmental check HV - movers into provider <1 year of age to be checked WCH Group Only No 84 31 27 42 56 Dec 2015 51 51 291 =<14 d following notification to HV service

Jan-00

HV - all untested babies <1 year of age will be offered

NBBS screening & results to HV

WCH Group Only

Pathology Group

Section	Indicator	Measure	Trajectory Year Month	5 E	S 0	N	D J	FM		s Months Tr M J		S 0	N D	J F	Data Period	Director	rate M I	Month	Year To Date	Trend	Next Month	3 Months
Patient Safety - Harm Free Care	Never Events	<= No	0 0		• •	•	• •	• •		•	• •	• •	• •	• •	Feb 2016	0 0 0	0 0	0	0			
Clinical Effect - Cancer	Cancer = Patients Waiting Over 62 days for treatment	No] [- -	-			-	- -					Jan 2016			-	-			
Clinical Effect - Cancer	Cancer - Patients Waiting Over 104 days for treatment	No			- -	-			-	- -					Jan 2016			-	-			
Clinical Effect - Cancer	Cancer - Oldest wait for treatment	No] [- -	-	- -		-	- -	0 -				Jan 2016			-				
Pt. Experience - FFT,MSA,Comp	No. of Complaints Received (formal and link)	No] [1 3	0	2 3	1 5	0	2 3	0 2	0 1	2 0	2 4	Feb 2016	3 1 0	0 0	4	16			
Pt. Experience - FFT,MSA,Comp	No. of Active Complaints in the System (formal and link)	No			3 6	5	5 8	7 6	4	6 5	2 3	0 2	2 1	1 4	Feb 2016	4 0 0	0 0	4				
Pt. Experience - FFT,MSA,Comp	Oldest' complaint currently in system (days)	No] [68 92	111	90 96	117 138	8 73 9	92 27	23 18	0 25	4 11	5 21	Feb 2016	21 0 0	0 0	21				
Pt. Experience - Cancellations	Urgent Cancelled Operations	No] [-	- -		-	- -					Feb 2016			-	-			
Data Completeness	Open Referrals	No							1,700	1,808	1,957	3,293 3,276	3,414	3,294	Feb 2016	1,562 1 1,287	0 444	3,294				
Workforce	WTE - Actual versus Plan	No] [27 25	27	27 24	16 16	20.4 2	2.8 32.5	34 33.7	40.3 40.1	39.2 38.2	32.5 22.9	Feb 2016	3 5.2 13.5	1.9 0.1	23				
Workforce	PDRs - 12 month rolling	=> %	95.0 95.0		• •	•	•	•		•	•	•	•	•	Feb 2016	70.3 97.1 83.5	86.7 100		90.09			
Workforce	Medical Appraisal and Revalidation	=> %	95.0 95.0] [• •	•	• •	•	. (•	•	•	•	•	Feb 2016	80 87.5 100	100 100		89.56			
Workforce	Sickness Absence - 12 month rolling	<= %	3.15 3.15] [• •	•	• •	•		•	•	• •	• •	• •	Feb 2016	5.4 1.65 4.61	3.18 7.05	4.28	4.29			
Workforce	Sickness Absence - 12 month rolling	<= %	3.15 3.15] [-			-	. 0		•	•	•	Feb 2016	8.4 3.8 3.9	4.5 1.1	4.78	4.2			
	Return to Work Interviews (%) following Sickness Absence	=> %	100.0] [-		. •	-		•	•	•	• •	Feb 2016	83 94.9 80.6	91.7 100	81.7	79.9			
Workforce	Mandatory Training	=> %	95.0 95.0] [•	•	• •	•		•	• •	• •	•	•	Feb 2016	86.2 97.9 93.6	94.3 98.3		94.8			
Workforce	New Investigations in Month	No] [0 0	0	0 0	0 0	0	0 0	0 0	0 0	1 0	1 0	Feb 2016	0 0 0	0 0	0				
Workforce	Admin & Clerical Bank Use (shifts)	<= No	0 0		• •		•	•				•	•	•	Feb 2016			452	5603			
Workforce	Admin & Clerical Agency Use (shifts)	<= No	0 0] [• •		•	•		•	• •	•	• •	•	Feb 2016			0	0			
Workforce	Your Voice - Response Rate	No			-> ->	31	>	12>	>>	> 21	>	24>	> 19	>	Dec 2015	15 28 12	26 57	19				
Workforce	Your Voice - Overall Score	No			-> ->	3.74	>	3.76>	>>	> 3.69	>	3.58>	> 3.79	>	Dec 2015	3.64 3.73 3.77	3.75 4.14	3.79				

Imaging Group

Section	Indicator	Measure	Trajectory Year Month	Previous Months Trend S O N D J F M A M J J A S O N D J F	Data Period	Directorate DR IR NM BS	Month	Year To Date	Trend Next Month 3 Months
Patient Safety - Harm Free Care	Never Events	<= No	0 0		Feb 2016	0 0 0 0	0	0	
Patient Safety - Harm Free Care	Medication Errors	<= No	0 0		Feb 2016	0 0 0 0	0	0	
Clinical Effect - Mort & Read	Emergency Readmissions (within 30 days) - Overall (exc. Deaths and Stillbirths) month	<= No	0 0	- 1.0 3.0 1.0 1.0 - 2.0 2.0 2.0 1.0 1.0 1.0 - 1.0 -	Jan 2016		3.9		
Clinical Effect - Mort & Read	Emergency Readmissions (within 30 days) - Overall (exc. Deaths and Stillbirths) 12-month cumulative	=> %	0 0	4.0 4.0 5.0 7.0 8.0 9.0 9.0 9.0 11.0 12.0 13.0 13.0 14.0 15.0 14.0 11.0 11.0 -	Jan 2016			4.27	
Clinical Effect - Stroke & Card	Pts receiving CT Scan within 1 hr of presentation (%)	=> %	50.0 50.0		Feb 2016	76.5	76.47	73.12	
Clinical Effect - Stroke & Card	Pts receiving CT Scan within 24 hrs of presentation (%)	=> %	100.0 100.00		Feb 2016	100	100	98.95	
Clinical Effect - Cancer	Cancer = Patients Waiting Over 62 days for treatment	No			Jan 2016		-	-	
Clinical Effect - Cancer	Cancer - Patients Waiting Over 104 days for treatment	No			Jan 2016		-	-	
Clinical Effect - Cancer	Cancer - Oldest wait for treatment	No			Jan 2016		-		
Pt. Experience - FFT,MSA,Comp	Mixed Sex Accommodation Breaches	<= No	0 0	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	Feb 2016	0 0 0 0	0	0	
Pt. Experience - FFT,MSA,Comp	No. of Complaints Received (formal and link)	No		0 4 2 2 3 2 1 0 4 3 5 8 4 1 2 1 3 6	Feb 2016	1 5 0 0	6	37	
Pt. Experience - FFT,MSA,Comp	No. of Active Complaints in the System (formal and link)	No		5 8 10 8 9 7 5 0 5 5 7 11 7 3 2 0 3 6	Feb 2016	1 5 0 0	6		
Pt. Experience - FFT,MSA,Comp	Oldest' complaint currently in system (days)	No		52 76 72 75 83 75 96 123 102 27 24 43 62 29 3 0 6 27	Feb 2016	27 19 0 0	0		
Pt. Experience - Cancellations	Urgent Cancelled Operations	No			Feb 2016		-	-	
Emergency Care & Pt. Flow	Emergency Care 4-hour breach (numbers)	No		49 50 52 45 41 49 51 49	Feb 2016	49 0 0 0	49	457	
RTT	Acute Diagnostic Waits in Excess of 6-weeks (%)	<= %	1.0 1.0		Feb 2016	0	0		
Data Completeness	Open Referrals	No		271 259 244 248 221 208 221 178 178 177 178 198 1198 1198 1198 119	Feb 2016	0 0	271		
Workforce	WTE - Actual versus Plan	No		14 16 15 21 21 33 34 41 46 58 59 56 50 48 45 40 44 44	Feb 2016	23 1.2 5.1 5.6	44.2		
Workforce	PDRs - 12 month rolling	=> %	95.0 95.0		Feb 2016	60.4 100 77.8 87.3		75.9	
Workforce	Medical Appraisal and Revalidation	=> %	95.0 95.0		Feb 2016	88 0 100 50		94.4	
Workforce	Sickness Absence - 12 month rolling	<= %	3.15 3.15		Feb 2016	3.2 4.9 1.9 6.0	4.66	4.63	
Workforce	Sickness Absence - in month	<= %	3.15 3.15		Feb 2016	3.9 2.4 1.6 11.2	6.99	4.94	
Workforce	Return to Work Interviews (%) following Sickness Absence	=> %	100.0 100.0		Feb 2016	53.6 93.8 75.6 18.9	52.4	47.2	
Workforce	Mandatory Training	=> %	95.0 95.0		Feb 2016	83.7 94.5 89.4 88.8		87.0	
Workforce	New Investigations in Month	No		6 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	Feb 2016		0		
Workforce	Nurse Bank Use	<= No	288 24		Feb 2016		161	1033	
Workforce	Nurse Agency Use	<= No	0 0		Feb 2016		388	2694	
Workforce	Admin & Clerical Bank Use (shifts)	<= No	0 0		Feb 2016		79	1719	
Workforce	Admin & Clerical Agency Use (shifts)	<= No	0 0		Feb 2016		0	0	
Workforce	Your Voice - Response Rate	No		-> -> 33 -> -> 18 -> -> 19 -> -> 24 -> -> 21 -> ->	Dec 2015	18 0 61 11	21		
Workforce	Your Voice - Overall Score	No		-> -> 3.73 -> -> 3.28 -> -> -> 3.41 -> -> 3.11 -> -> 3.40 -> ->	Dec 2015	3.3 0 3.8 3.9	3.4		

Community & Therapies Group

Castian	Indicator	Measure	Tra	jectory								Previo	us Mo	nths 1	Trend								Data	Directorate	Mansh	Year To	T	Next	2 Mantha
Section	indicator	Wedsure	Year	Month	S	0	N	D	J	F	М	Α	М	J	J	Α	S	0	N	D	J	F	Period	AT IB IC	Month	Date	Trend	Month	3 Months
Patient Safety - Inf Control	MRSA Screening - Elective	=> %	80.0	80.0			•					•	•	•		•							Feb 2016	0 0 0	0				
Patient Safety - Harm Free Care	Falls	<= No	0	0	14	4 20	17	21	22	16	13	30	47	37	25	27	29	29	21	26	31	23	Feb 2016	0 21 2	23	325			
Patient Safety - Harm Free Care	Falls with a serious injury	<= No	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	2	1	Feb 2016	0 1 0	1	6			
Patient Safety - Harm Free Care	Grade 3 or 4 Pressure Ulcers (avoidable)	<= No	0	0	1	1	3	5	2	1	3	3	1	1	3	2	0	0	2	0	3	0	Feb 2016	0 0 0	0	15			
Patient Safety - Harm Free Care	Never Events	<= No	0	0		•					•			•	•	•							Feb 2016	0 0 0	0	0			
Patient Safety - Harm Free Care	Medication Errors	<= No	0	0							•			•		•							Feb 2016	0 0 0	0	0			
Patient Safety - Harm Free Care	Serious Incidents	<= No	0	0										•									Feb 2016	0 1 0	1	8			
Pt. Experience - FFT,MSA,Comp	Mixed Sex Accommodation Breaches	<= No	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	Feb 2016	0 0 0	0	0			
Pt. Experience - FFT,MSA,Comp	No. of Complaints Received (formal and link)	No			2	5	1	1	2	1	1	0	1	2	1	3	5	4	4	2	3	6	Feb 2016	3 3 0	6	31			
Pt. Experience - FFT,MSA,Comp	No. of Active Complaints in the System (formal and link)	No			8	10	12	3	4	3	6	0	7	6	4	5	7	5	5	5	3	6	Feb 2016	2 3 1	6				
Pt. Experience - FFT,MSA,Comp	Oldest complaint currently in system (days)	No			60	0 64	81	75	61	82	103	158	0	99	118	140	10	21	40	59	10	25	Feb 2016	10 7 25	25				

					C	0	m	m	าบ	ır	it	y	&	1	Γh	e	ra	ıp	ie	S	Gı	ro	up								
Section	Indicator	Measure	Tra Year	ajectory Month	S	S	0	N	D	J	F	F		reviou A			Trend J		S	0	N	D	J F	Data Period	Directorate AT IB IC	Month		ear To Date	Trend	Next Month	3 Months
Workforce	WTE - Actual versus Plan	No			65	65	67	71	75	76	6 72	2.2 7	7.4 1	174	92.8	77.3	85.3	87.7	114	124	103	105	94.7 100	Feb 2016	15.2 60.5 24.4	100.1					
Workforce	PDRs - 12 month rolling	=> %	95.0	95.0			•) [•	•							• •	Feb 2016	97.3 87.4 90.9			87.3			
Workforce	Sickness Absence - 12 month rolling	<= %	3.15	3.15	•																		•	Feb 2016	3.22 5.56 4.78	4.79		5.08			
Workforce	Sickness Absence - in month	<= %	3.15	3.15	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-			•		•			•	Feb 2016	1.96 5.44 6.56	5.22		4.57			
Workforce	Return to Work Interviews (%) following Sickness Absence	=> %	100.0	100.0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	- (-	-								•	Feb 2016	97.7 84.8 82	85.66	:	81.19			
Workforce	Mandatory Training	=> %	95.0	95.0	•	•	•		•	•				•				•				•	• •	Feb 2016	93.9 86.8 90.9			89.4			
Workforce	New Investigations in Month	No			0	0	0	0	0	0	(0	0	1	3	0	0	0	0	0	4	0	0 2	Feb 2016		2					
Workforce	Nurse Bank Fill Rate	=> %	100	100	-	-	-	-	-	-		- !	93 8	9.5	94.2	89.2	89	89.7	92.2	90.6	95.6	88	88.4 78.3	Feb 2016		78.31		89.17			
Workforce	Nurse Bank Shifts Not Filled	<= No	0	0	-	-	-	-	-	-		- ;	36	41	31	46	72	62	56	48	19	78	90 78	Feb 2016		78		621			
Workforce	Nurse Bank Use	<= No	5408	451	•		•	•							•									Feb 2016		524		5392			
Workforce	Nurse Agency Use	<= No	0	0	•																			Feb 2016		192		3236			
Workforce	Admin & Clerical Bank Use (shifts)	<= No	0	0																			•	Feb 2016		209		2670			
Workforce	Admin & Clerical Agency Use (shifts)	<= No	0	0	•													•					• •	Feb 2016		0		0			
Workforce	Your Voice - Response Rate	No			>	->	>	32	>	:	> 2	18 -	->	>	>	26	>	>	31	>	>	21	>	Dec 2015	30 21 18	21					
Workforce	Your Voice - Overall Score	No			>	->	>	3.88	>	;	> 3.7	76 -	->	>	>	3.77	>	>	3.68	>	>	3.72	>	Dec 2015	3.63 3.7 3.82	3.72					

Community & Therapies Group

	T		Trai	ectory	_							reviou	s Mont	hs Tr	end						Data	Directorate	7		Year To	_	1	Next	
Section	Indicator	Measure	Year	Month	S	0	N	D	J	F			M		J A	S	0	N	D	J F	Period	AT IB IC	1	Month	Date		Trend	Month	3 Months
Community & Therapies Group Only	DVT numbers	=> No	730	61	70	35	42	47	54	53	55	56	53 6	67	64 78	59	44	-	-		Oct 2015			44	421				
Community & Therapies Group Only	Therapy DNA rate OP services	<= %	9	9	11.	3 12	13.6	12	12.3	13.9	12.9	13.3	12 14	4.5 1	0.7 9.8	5 10.	5 11.4	11 1	0.5 1	1.3 9	Feb 2016			9.0	11.2				
Community & Therapies Group Only	FEES assessment	<= No	100	8	5	5	3	2	14	1	2	0	2	0	0 -	-	-	-	-	- -	Jul 2015			0	2				
Community & Therapies Group Only	ESD Response time	<= Hr	48	48	•						-	-	-	-		-	-	-	-		Feb 2015			0	0				
Community & Therapies Group Only	STEIS	<= No	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	-	-	-	0	0 0	0	1	0	1	2 1	Feb 2016			1	5			<u> </u>	
Community & Therapies Group Only	Rapid response to AMU, RRTS	<= mins	60	60	81	79	82	86	79	98	-	-	-	-		-	-	-	-	- -	Feb 2015			98	864				
Community & Therapies Group Only	Avoidable weight loss	<= %	20.0	20.0	0	0	0	9	0	0	8	0	25 2	20	0 -	-	-	-	-	- -	Jul 2015			0.0	11.8				
Community & Therapies Group Only	Green Stream Community Rehab response time for treatment (days)	<= No	11.0	11.0	17.	1 14.3	12.3	13.1	9.5	12.1	13.7	16	14 1	11	15 1	12	15	-	-	- -	Oct 2015			15	98				
Community & Therapies Group Only	DNA/No Access Visits	%			1	1	1	1	1	1	-	-	-	-	6 1	1	-	1	1	1 1	Feb 2016			0.71					
Community & Therapies Group Only	Falls Assessments - DN service only	%			58	49	45	45	62	54	65	47	55 5	50	46 44	43	42	41	46	52 55	Feb 2016			54.51					
Community & Therapies Group Only	Pressure Ulcer Assessment - DN service only	%			61	50	48	46	63	57	65	51	55 5	51	48 44	43	44	33	48	54 56	Feb 2016			56.34					
Community & Therapies Group Only	MUST Assessments - DN Service only	%			11	10	11	10	19	18	-	22	22 2	24	21 23	23	23	23	26	28 32	Feb 2016			31.55					
Community & Therapies Group Only	Incident Rates - per 1000 charge	Rate1			5	5	4	4	5	4	-	4	5	5	4 4	###	# ####	#### #	### #	### ####	Feb 2016			0					
Community & Therapies Group Only	Dementia Assessments - DN Service only	%			62	55	52	51	61	62	-	46	56 4	10	48 4	50	43	50	29	28 31	Feb 2016			31.16					
Community & Therapies Group Only	48 hour inputting rate	%			83	81	85	86	89	83	-	87	89 9	92	91 94	90	90	94	94	93 94	Feb 2016			93.62					

Corporate Group

Section	Indicator	Measure		Trajectory	Month		S 0	N	D	J F			Months Tre		S 0	N [) J I	F	Data Period	CEO	Directo		0	Month	Year To Date	Trend	Next Month	3 Months
Pt. Experience - FFT,MSA,Comp	No. of Complaints Received (formal and link)	No					5 7	6	6 1	15 5	6	5 7	8	6 15	11 13	8 5	i 4 !	5	Feb 2016	2	0 1 0	0 1	1	5	87			
Pt. Experience - FFT,MSA,Comp	No. of Active Complaints in the System (formal and link)	No					21 21	25	12 2	21 16	18	14 12	14	9 16	16 16	9 8	3 4 4	1	Feb 2016	1	0 1 0	0 1	1	4				
Pt. Experience - FFT,MSA,Comp	Oldest' complaint currently in system (days)	No					121 106	104	104 1	123 145	138	158 99	121	53 24	27 29	27 2	5 21 2	!6	Feb 2016	-			-	26				
Workforce	WTE - Actual versus Plan	No					183 194	203	168 1	200	220	260 267	110 9	9.6 103	100 92.2	89.3 97	.8 81.9 83	3.2	Feb 2016	10.7	0.3 -12.9 17.	5 -2.5 37.3	32.8	83.2				
Workforce	PDRs - 12 month rolling	=> %	95.0	90.0	95.0	90.0	•	•	•	•	9	•	•	•	• •	•	•		Feb 2016	90	64 88 77	78 87	85		86.2			
Workforce	Medical Appraisal and Revalidation	=> %	95.0	90.0	95.0	0.0	• •	•	•	•	•		•	•	#DIV/0!	•	•		Feb 2016		95			0.0	78			
Workforce	Sickness Absence - 12 month rolling	<= %	3.15	3.75	3.15	3.75	• •	•	•	•	•	•	•		• •	•	•		Feb 2016	2.73	2.67 3.52 3.3	3.65 5.66	5.09	4.73	4.77			
Workforce	Sickness Absence - in month	<= %	3.15	3.75	3.15	3.75		-	-		-		•		• •	•	•		Feb 2016	3.21	4.17 1.16 3.5	7 3.52 4.83	5.05	4.24	4.66			
Workforce	Return to Work Interviews (%) following Sickness Absence	=> %	100.0	100.00	100.0	00.00		-	-		•		•	•	• •	•	• •		Feb 2016	86.8	72.6 50.8 83.	2 58.0 84.8	76.9	77.6	73.6			
Workforce	Mandatory Training	=> %	95.0	90.0	95.0	0.0	•	•	•	•	9	•	9 (• •	•	0 0		Feb 2016	96	90 93 94	97 89	91	90.9	90			
Workforce	New Investigations in Month	No					5 0	0	0	1 0	0	1 0	1	2 1	1 5	0 1	1 2	2	Feb 2016	0	0 0 1	0 1	0	2				
Workforce	Nurse Bank Use	<= No	1088	1088.00	91 9	1.00	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	• •	•	• •		Feb 2016					220	1979			
Workforce	Nurse Agency Use	<= No	0	0.00	0 0	0.00	• •	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	• •		Feb 2016					12	330			
Workforce	Admin & Clerical Bank Use (shifts)	<= No	0	0.00	0 (0.00	• •	•	•	•	•	•	•		• •	•	•		Feb 2016	-			-	2717	32624			
Workforce	Admin & Clerical Agency Use (shifts)	<= No	0	0.00	0 0	0.00	• •	•	•	•	•	•	•		•	•	•		Feb 2016	-			-	167	1195			
Workforce	Your Voice - Response Rate	No					>	21	>	> 15	>	>	16	->	19>	> 1	5>	->	Dec 2015	67	24 25 20	15 9	10	15				
Workforce	Your Voice - Overall Score	No					>	3.49	>	> 3.48	->	>	3.50	->>	3.46>	> 3.5	58>	->	Dec 2015	3.65	3.44 3.77 3.70	3.59 3.47	3.35	3.58				

Sandwell and West Birmingham Hospitals

NHS

NHS Trust

TRUST BOARD

DOCUMENT TITLE:	Financial performance – P11 February 2016
SPONSOR (EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR):	Tony Waite – Finance Director
AUTHOR:	Tim Reardon – Associate Director of Finance
DATE OF MEETING:	7th April 2016

EXECUTIVE SUMMARY:

Key messages:

- In month headline surplus but underlying performance in deficit. I&E off plan year to date.
- I&E outlook indicates route to £3.8m plan surplus dependent on resolution of specific key matters. Full & final settlements successfully concluded with key commissioners covering c£300m SLA income.
- Necessary reliance on significant contingencies and non-recurrent measures to underpin delivery of best financial result possible consistent with safe care and clean audit opinion.
- Erosion of underlying cash balances consequent on use of contingencies and which will require to be remedied to underpin forward investment programme. No risk to ability to meet current obligations.
- Step improvement in monthly run rate income recovery and expenditure reduction required to secure run rate consistent with medium term financial plan. This will not be achieved by P12 and is being addressed through 2016.18 business plan.

Key actions:

- Resolve specific residual key matters consistent with delivery of £3.8m plan surplus
- Progress necessary working capital management actions consistent with living within approved External Finance Limit
- Progress work to schedule and secure expedient valuations consistent with meeting approved Capital Resource Limit.
- Confirm 2016.18 financial plan having regard to likely contracts secured with commissioners and objective assessment of scale & pace of safe expenditure reduction.
- Progress plan to restore liquidity consistent with medium term investment plans

Key numbers:

- Month surplus £1,821k being £969k favourable to plan; YTD surplus £1,739k being £(1,754)k adverse.
- Forecast surplus £3.8m in line with original financial plan agreed with TDA.
- Pay bill £24.8 (vs. £25.1m) in month; Agency spend £1.9m (vs. £2.0m) in month; £17.4m YTD.
- CIP delivery to date £12.7m being £5.4m adverse to TDA plan. Recovery in 2016/17 required.
- Capex YTD £16.3m being £2.1m below plan. Capital commitments £3.1m.
- Cash at 29th February £27.7m being £1.1m above plan due to timing differences.
- New FSRR 3 to date being as plan despite adverse EBITDA performance; forecast 3 below plan.
- Capital Resource Limit (CRL) duty will be achieved.
- External Finance Limit (EFL) duty will be achieved.

REPORT RECOMMENDATION:

The Committee is recommended to

- note the report and in particular those specific matters relevant to delivery of key financial targets
- require those actions necessary to secure the required step change in underlying run rate consistent with the delivery of safe, high quality care
- require those actions necessary to restore liquidity in line with medium term investment programme

ACTION REQUIRED (Indicate	with 'x'	the purpose that applies):			
The receiving body is aske	d to re	eceive, consider and:			
Accept		Approve the recommendation	n	Discuss	
				х	
KEY AREAS OF IMPACT (In	dicate w	vith 'x' all those that apply):			
Financial	х	Environmental		Communications & Media	
Business and market share		Legal & Policy	х	Patient Experience	
Clinical		Equality and Diversity		Workforce	х
Comments:					

ALIGNMENT TO TRUST OBJECTIVES, RISK REGISTERS, BAF, STANDARDS AND PERFORMANCE METRICS:

Good use of resources Safe, high quality care

PREVIOUS CONSIDERATION:

Performance Management Committee Finance & Investment Committee

Period 11 2015/16 February 2016

Trust Board 7th April 2016

Contents

Page Title

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- 2. Summary, key financial targets and recommendations
- 3. Performance to date I&E and cash
- 4. I&E performance to date
- 5. I&E out look & route to delivery of plan surplus
- 6. Income analysis
- 7. Pay bill & workforce
- 8. CIP achievement
- 9. Group analysis Month & YTD
- 10. Capital
- 11. SOFP
- 12. Working capital metrics

Summary & Recommendations

Period 11 2015/16

Statutory Financial Duties	Value	Outlook	Note
I&E surplus	£3.8m	٧	1
Live within Capital Resource Limit	£20.2m	٧	2
Live within External Finance Limit	£(0.7)m	٧	3

- 1. I&E surplus delivery dependent on resolution of specific matters outwith SWBH gift to deliver alone.
- 2. Capex control totals clear & to be managed to secure compliance with CRL. Includes planned undershoot £500k.
- 3. Management of working capital including creditor stretch necessary as P&L delivery reliant on non-cash contingencies.

Outlook

- Clear & plausible route to delivery of plan I&E surplus.
 Requires successful close out of specific residual matters.
- Headline position underpinned by significant non recurrent measures and contingencies with impact on liquidity.
- Underlying position is a deficit and exit run rate is significantly below that necessary to secure medium term plans and related investment. To remedy in 2016.17 plan.

Financial Performance for the 11 months to 29th February

- I&E deficit of £1,739k being £1,754k adverse to plan;
- Capital spend of £16,341k, £2,096k adverse to plan;
- Cash at the end of February is £27,694k being £1,082k favourable to plan.

Opportunities & risks

Delivery of original plan surplus dependent on satisfactory resolution of three specific matters:

- Recovery of DTOC fines to local authority.
- Resolution of community property charges
- Ante-natal provider to provider tariff improvement

The trust has successfully concluded full & final settlements for 2015.16 income with SWBCCG, NHSE and HEWM and which are consistent with delivery of plan surplus subject to the above matters.

Recommendation

- Note the actions necessary to secure key financial targets and implications for 2016.17 financial plan.
- Maintain focus on driving step change in underlying run-rate planned care income, agency pay reduction, CIP delivery

Performance to date - I&E and cash

Period 11 2015/16

I&E

The key I&E issues are:

- Planned care [elective IP & DC] income below plan levels;
- Premium rate interim staffing spend above plan levels;
- Rate of cost reduction not yet consistent with that required to meet medium term financial plan trajectory

The reported I&E deficit is after the benefit of £12.0m of balance sheet flexibility released to improve the position.

Reserves planned but not spent or accrued to date total £6.3m.

Savings

Progress reported through the Trust's savings management system TPRS continues to deteriorate relative to plan. The concern remains with regard to the delivery of full year plans where significant savings remain to be identified and allocated. Forecasts undertaken during Q3 and Q4 from Groups re CIP achievement have consistently confirmed this concern.

Capital & Cash

Capital expenditure to date stands at £16.3m against a full year plan of £20.2m. A further £3.1m of firm commitments have been made to date. The revised programme will be managed within the Trust's notified capital resource limit.

The cash position continues to reflect disputed payments to NHS suppliers, including rentals on community properties and current year ante natal charges. Payments due from the local authority for delayed discharges are disputed and so the debtors variance is partially offsetting any benefit on creditors.

Better Payments Practice Code

Timely payment of bills from commercial suppliers was 90% in month [89% to date] vs. target of 95%.

No suppliers have placed the trust 'on stop'.

Payment performance in respect of NHS bodies 70% in month [80% to date]. This reflects the impact of settling significant historic disputes in respect of ante natal charges

Financial Sustainability Risk Rating

Rating of 3 in month compares with planned rating of 3. Forecast is 3 which is below plan of 4.

Performance to date - Underlying I&E

Period 11 2015/16

Year to date	Mth 1	Mth 2	Mth 3	Mth 4	Mth 5	Mth 6	Mth 7	Mth 8	Mth 9	Mth 10	Mth 11	Reported YTD
	£'000s	£'000 s	£'000s									
Patient Related Income	33,210	33,423	31,421	33,280	32,315	32,754	33,498	33,096	32,634	34,474	34,889	364,993
Other Income	3,298	3,193	3,596	2,941	3,426	3,536	3,425	3,890	3,232	4,078	4,231	38,846
Income total	36,508	36,616	35,017	36,221	35,741	36,290	36,923	36,986	35,866	38,552	39,120	403,840
Pay	(24,276)	(24,881)	(24,436)	(24,217)	(24,020)	(24,929)	(24,598)	(24,445)	(24,413)	(25,149)	(24,811)	(270,175)
Non-Pay	(10,294)	(9,766)	(9,051)	(10,431)	(10,041)	(9,903)	(11,064)	(10,286)	(10,565)	(11,272)	(11,660)	(114,334)
Expenditure total	(34,570)	(34,647)	(33,487)	(34,648)	(34,061)	(34,832)	(35,662)	(34,731)	(34,978)	(36,421)	(36,471)	(384,508)
EBITDA	1,938	1,969	1,530	1,573	1,680	1,458	1,261	2,254	888	2,131	2,649	19,331
Non-Operating Expenditure	(1,911)	(1,924)	(1,918)	(1,900)	(1,901)	(1,903)	(1,246)	(1,617)	(1,318)	(997)	(727)	(17,362)
IFRIC12	31	18	21	13	(198)	63	21	(133)	27	8	(101)	(230)
DH Surplus/(Deficit)	58	63	(367)	(314)	(419)	(382)	36	504	(403)	1,142	1,821	1,739
Support included in reported postion (Memo)		(1,132)	(1,148)	(775)	(290)	(900)	(890)	(1,752)	(1,160)	(1,219)	(2,775)	(12,041)
Underlying DH Surplus/(Deficit)	58	(1,069)	(1,515)	(1,089)	(709)	(1,282)	(854)	(1,248)	(1,563)	(77)	(954)	(10,302)
Reserves not accrued (Memo)	(2,480)	(73)	637	(721)	(1,074)	(948)	(1,737)	2,393	(683)	(963)	(638)	(6,287)
-	(2.422)	(1.142)	(070)	(1.910)	(4.702)	(2.220)	(2.504)	1 145	(2.240)	(1.040)	(4.502)	(16 500)
Underlying DH Surplus/(Deficit)	(2,422)	(1,142)	(878)	(1,810)	(1,783)	(2,230)	(2,591)	1,145	(2,246)	(1,040)	(1,592)	(16,589)

The above table shows the statement of comprehensive income with headline to date reported surplus of £1.7m .

The underlying financial position is a deficit of £10.3m.

The reported position is achieved by the application of £12.0m of balance sheet flexibility & other technical measures.

Outlook - RAG Rating

Period 11 2015/16

P11 RAG Rating Scenario 2 - Last quarter repeated	Underlying P&L Outlook £'000s (11,166)	Reserves Spend £'000s	Technical Support £'000s	Risks £'000s	Improvement Plan £'000	Expedient Measures £'000s	Outlook £'000s (11,166)
Red		0	0	0	0	1,948	1,948
Amber		0	750	(400)	0	2,739	3,089
Green		(85)	12,443	(74)	0	767	13,052
Out-look surplus	(11,166)	(85)	13,193	(474)	O	5,454	6,923

RAG rated out-turn	3,430
Original Plan surplus	3,804

P10 RAG Rating Scenario 2 - Last quarter repeated	Underlying P&L Outlook £'000s (11,273)	Reserves Spend £'000s	Technical Support £'000s	Risks £'000s	Improvement Plan £'000	Expedient Measures £'000s	Outlook £'000s (11,273)
Red		0	0	0	0	2,783	2,783
Amber		0	1,550	(400)	0	2,077	3,227
Green		(169)	12,083	(148)	0	688	12,454
Out-look surplus	(11,273)	(169)	13,633	(548)	0	5,548	7,191

RAG rated out-turn	2,795
Original Plan surplus	3,804

These tables demonstrate further improvement in the RAG rated value of non-recurrent measures necessary to delivery of plan surplus target of £3.8m. The key residual matters to that delivery are et out on slide 3 above.

The RAG shortfall of £0.4m should be addressed by the SLA income settlements agreed with commissioners subject to satisfactory P12 operational performance.

Income Analysis

Period 11 2015/16

		Activity			Finance			
PERFORMANCE UP TO February 2016	Planned	Actual	Variance	Planned £000	Actual £000	Variance £000		
Accident and Emergency	202,134	202,380	246	20,017	19,186	(831)		
Adult Renal Dialysis	504	264	(240)	62	32	(29)		
Community	532,912	542,089	9,177	32,330	32,488	158		
Day Cases	37,589	33,451	(4,138)	29,194	26,475	(2,719)		
Elective	10,580	7,866	(2,714)	19,533	14,873	(4,659)		
Maternity	17,322	18,494	1,172	16,487	17,653	1,166		
Non-Elective & Emergency	62,955	62,521	(434)	81,667	83,006	1,339		
Occupied Cot Days	10,404	12,021	1,617	5,356	5,548	192		
Other Contract Lines	2,910,672	2,941,244	30,573	83,187	83,178	(9)		
Outpatient	10,859	8,873	(1,986)	2,075	1,705	(370)		
Outpatient FA Multi Professional Non-Consultant Led	154	52	(102)	42	31	(11)		
Outpatient FA Single Professional Consultant Led	108,615	112,583	3,968	17,724	18,572	848		
Outpatient FA Single Professional Non-Consultant Led	43,644	46,685	3,041	4,060	4,060	0		
Outpatient FUP Multi Professional Consultant Led	24,655	15,742	(8,913)	3,084	2,035	(1,048)		
Outpatient FUP Multi Professional Non-Consultant Led	609	657	48	29	31	1		
Outpatient FUP Single Professional Consultant Led	270,481	257,501	(12,981)	22,265	21,250	(1,015)		
Outpatient FUP Single Professional Non-Consultant Led	95,962	103,582	7,620	6,166	6,510	344		
Outpatient Procedures	44,871	52,798	7,927	8,302	10,185	1,883		
Outpatient Telephone Consultation	11,800	11,167	(633)	267	261	(6)		
Other	56,571	63,739	7,168	7,759	8,327	568		
Total				359,606	355,408	(4,197)		

This table shows the Trust's year to date SLA income performance by point of delivery.

The impact of the shortfall in elective work can be seen in the adverse variance for day cases and elective activity. That these have only been partially offset by additional activity on outpatients and non-elective work underlines the importance of the elective demand and capacity work to the recovery plan.

The variance on total Patient Related Income to date is £(1,880)k.

The difference to SLA income shown above is primarily related to pass through costs of drugs & devices being above plan £2.1m and which are offset by an equivalent variance on non-pay costs.

Pay bill & Workforce

Period 11 2015/16

Paybill & Workforce

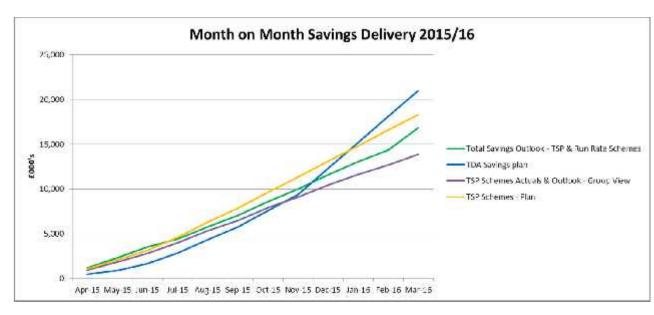
- Total workforce of 7,023 WTE [being 37 WTE above plan] including 318 WTE of agency staff.
- Total pay costs (including agency workers) were £24.8m in February being £0.8m over plan.
- Significant reduction in temporary pay costs required to be consistent with delivery of key financial targets. Focus on improvement in recruitment time to fill and effective sickness management.
- The Trust did not comply with new national agency framework guidance for agency suppliers in February. Shifts procured outside of this are subject to COO approval and is driven by strict commitment to maintaining safe staffing.
- The Trust exceeded the February 2016 national agency rate caps. Trust implementation and compliance is subject to granular assurance that there is no compromise to securing safe staffing levels.

Variance From Plan by Expenditure Type	Current Period £000	Year to Date £000
	(Adv) / Fav	(Adv) / Fav
Patient Income	1,401	(1,880)
Other Income	840	1,504
Medical Pay	(39)	(599)
Nursing	(500)	293
Other Pay	(258)	(6,989)
Drugs & Consumables	(742)	(3,744)
Other Costs	(704)	7,450
Interest & Dividends	1,103	2,780
IFRIC etc adjustments	(132)	(570)
Total	969	(1,754)

			Change in period		
Pay and Workforce	Current Period	Previous Period	Value	%	
Pay - total spend	24,811	25,149	(338)	-1%	
Pay - substantive	20,945	21,377	(432)	-2%	
Pay - agency spend	1,852	1,969	(117)	-6%	
Pay - bank (inc. locum) spend	2,014	1,804	210	12%	
WTE - total	7,023	6,853	170	2%	
WTE - substantive	6,075	6,026	49	1%	
WTE - agency	318	284	34	12%	
WTE - bank	630	543	87	16%	

CIP achievement

Period 11 2015/16



This chart shows the savings profile in our plan submission to TDA; the plan value of identified TSP savings schemes; the value of those TSP schemes delivered to date and outlook.

The chart also shows a total savings plan from TSP & run rate schemes included in our forecast reported to TDA.

£21m of TSP schemes is necessary to meet the requirements of the trust's plan. Run rate schemes are tracked as part of group 'route to balance'.

At P11 [TSP] savings delivery was behind TDA plan with £12.7m of savings delivered against a plan of £18.1m.

TSP savings delivery was also below the internal plan value of those schemes with £12.7m delivered against a plan of £16.6m.

A group view of the outlook suggests a shortfall in TSP delivery of £7.1m against TDA plan target £21.0m.

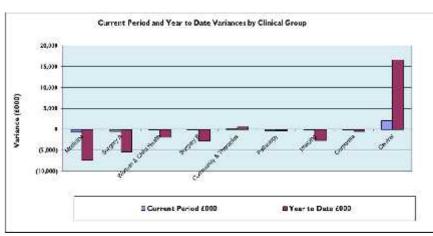
This is consistent with the P10 outlook but is down compared to Q3 group forecasts and, crucially, is below the level required for the 2016/17 financial year start point.

PMO governance & support arrangements for savings identification, design & delivery are in the process of being strengthened.

Group Analysis - Month & YTD

Period 11 2015/16

Group Variances from Plan (Operating income and expenditure)	Current Period £000	Year to Date £000
Medicine	(695)	(7,385)
Surgery A	(538)	(5,453)
Women & Child Health	(86)	(1,962)
Surgery B	(179)	(2,730)
Community & Therapies	18	545
Pathology	(383)	(452)
Imaging	(72)	(2,613)
Corporate	(28)	(530)
Central	1,961	16,615



Performance of Clinical Groups

- Medicine: Key risks continue to be medical and nursing agency; delivery of savings plans especially the major scheme around closure of capacity.
 Significant CIP Plans value were identified but actual delivery significantly away from plan; risk for 2016/17.
- Surgery A: Key risks are, delivery of contract, and delivering CIP target.
 Demand and Capacity work is forecasting significant improvement against contract, not realised to date.
- Women & Child Health: Settlement of Maternity Pathway forward SLA & historic payments key for the Group. February position reflects reduced HIV drugs spend.
- Surgery B: Intensive work around Demand and Capacity will continue in FY 2016/17; expectation that significant improvements can be delivered although deterioration in February income reported. Significant gap in CIP identification and delivery are also a concern.
- **Community & Therapies**' position includes significant vacancy management as route to CIP savings. workforce plan assuring sustainability & safety.
- Pathology: Reduction in direct access activity seen since December combined with loss of Lab work to HEFT from other Trusts and non-pay items within medical equipment and consumables lines.
- Imaging: Significant use of Premium Rate Working, contracted out reporting (now ceased) and mobile MRI scanner in order to deliver activity. Use of agency staff has reduced but remains above the target level. A number of improvement opportunities have been identified across this group and there appears to be an overall run rate improvement emerging.

Corporate Areas

 Pay underspends are offset by share of SLA underperformance, savings under-delivery and non-pay overspending. Delivery of Demand and Capacity work in clinical Groups will have positive impact on position. Corporate Nursing & Facilities; and Operations remain the two Directorates under most financial pressure.

Central

 Release of balance sheet contingency and impact of deferred / avoided reserves spend.

Capital Period 11 2015/16

Summary Capital Expenditure: FY 2015/16

		YTD	
Expenditure Category	Flex Plan	Actual	Gap
	£'000s	£'000s	£'000s
Estates	11,315	9,600	(1,715)
Information	3,479	3,346	(133)
Medical equipment	3,163	2,868	(295)
Contingency	29	0	(29)
NHS funded expenditure	17,986	15,814	(2,172)
Donated assets	451	527	76
Total Expenditure	18,437	16,341	(2,096)

	Full Year		
TDA Plan £'000s	Flex Plan £'000s	Outlook £'000s	Variance £'000s
10,759	12,442	12,442	0
5,100	4,254	4,254	0
3,000	2,915	2,915	0
1,294	42	42	0
20,153	19,653	19,653	0
76	519	519	0
20,229	20,172	20,172	0

The above table shows the status of the capital programme, analysed by category, at the end of Period 11 together with the latest view of out-turn.

Out turn capex is expected to be consistent with the £500k undershoot planned and agreed with TDA as part of those measures necessary to deliver the I&E plan surplus.

The trust is anticipating a c£200k adjustment to capex & CRL in P12 consistent with the appropriate recognition of life cycle elements of the BTC unitary payment as capital. 10

SOFP

Period 11 2015/16

Sandwell & West Birmingham Hospitals NHS Trust STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION 2015/16

	Balance as at 31st March 2015	Balance as at 28th February 2016	TDA Planned Balance as at 28th February 2016	Variance to plan as at 28th February 2016	TDA Plan at 31st March 2016	Forecast 31st March 2016
	£000	£000	£000	£000	£000	£000
Non Current Assets						
Property, Plant and Equipment	233.309	238.193	238.051	142	238.898	187,539
Intangible Assets	677	523	/	66	437	437
Trade and Other Receivables	890	1,024			1,011	
Trade and Other Receivables		1,021	000		1,011	1,011
Current Assets						
Inventories	3.467	3.514	3.003	511	2.972	2.972
Trade and Other Receivables	16,318	17,910	16,031	1,879	15,966	15,966
Cash and Cash Equivalents	28,382	27,694	26,612	1,082	27,082	27,082
Current Liabilities						
Trade and Other Payables	(45,951)	(54,640)	(47,823)	(6,817)	(48,974)	(48,974)
Provisions	(4,502)	(1,708)	(3,883)	2,175	(3,437)	(3,437)
Borrowings	(1,017)	(1,017)	(1,017)	0	(1,017)	(1,017)
DH Capital Loan	(1,000)	0	0	0	0	0
Non Current Liabilities						
Provisions	(2,986)	(2,869)	(2,363)	(506)	(1,434)	(1,434)
Borrowings	(26,898)	(25,966)	Y 1	` /	(25,881)	
DH Capital Loan	(20,000)	0	(20,000)	0	(20,001)	(20,001)
·						
	200,689	202,658	204,091	(1,433)	205,623	154,264
Financed By						
Taxpayers Equity						
Public Dividend Capital	162,210	162,210	162,210		162,210	162,210
Retained Earnings reserve	(13,758)	(11,789)	(10,356)	(1,433)	(8,824)	(22,362)
Revaluation Reserve	43,179	43,179	43,179		43,179	5,358
Other Reserves	9,058	9,058	9,058	0	9,058	9,058
	1					
	200,689	202,658	204,091	(1,433)	205,623	154,264

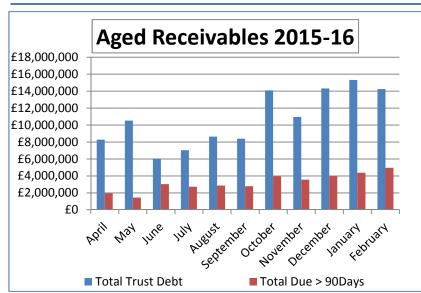
The table opposite is a summarised SOFP for the Trust including the actual and planned positions at the end of February and the full year. Full year forecast reflects the Trust's decision to revalue Property at 1st April 2015 and this is represented in the variance from plan at 31st March 2016.

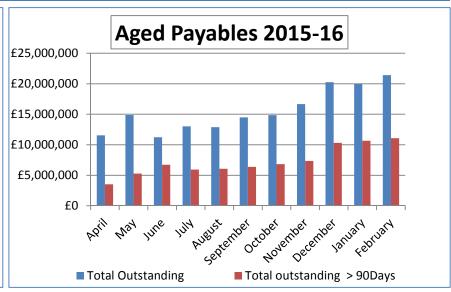
The Receivables variance from plan is predominantly related to the aged NHS debt position.

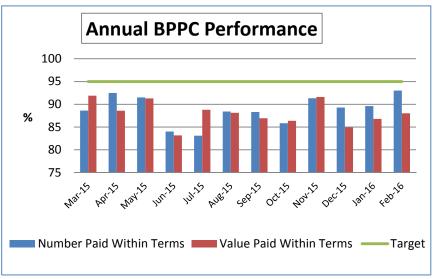
Payables also remains higher than plan due mainly to disputed NHS payments in relation to maternity pathway inter-provider charging. It is expected that during March NHS disputes will be settled enabling payments to be made which will reduce the debtors and creditors balances.

Progress continues on the Non-NHS aged creditor profile.

Graphs to represent the profile of Receivables and Payables can be found on the following slide.







Note

- The February Debt position shows a decrease reflecting progress made in settling NHS debt, however the remaining 90+ Day debt continues to be predominantly represented by NHS Debt that remains under discussion at Executive Level for resolution in March 2016
- The Payables position has increased during February as the Trust manages cash pressures and retains BPPC performance. The level of over 90 days liability has increased but there is a planned reduction in March 2016 as Maternity Pathway and other NHS invoices are settled
- BPPC is below target of 95% but reflects consistent performance to date. The main challenges in improving this relate to the trust P2P process and specifically the use of purchase orders, including receipting.

Sandwell and West Birmingham Hospitals

TRUST BOARD

DOCUMENT TITLE:	Safeguarding Children Dashboard
SPONSOR (EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR):	Colin Ovington – Chief Nurse
AUTHOR:	Jayne Clarke- Safeguarding Children Lead Nurse
DATE OF MEETING:	7 th April 2016

EXECUTIVE SUMMARY:

Safeguarding children submit monthly performance information via the Dashboard, to Sandwell & West Birmingham Clinical Commissioning Group (SWB CCG) as part of contract monitoring and to Sandwell Safeguarding Children Board (this has replaced Sandwell's Performance Accountability Board) the data required from SWBH is currently under review). Enclosed is an exception report highlighting key challenges, progress and achievements against Q3 Children Dashboard metrics.

Data is collected from a variety of sources both internally and externally (Sandwell Multi-agency Safeguarding Hub (MASH)); this is collated by Corporate Nursing and reported via the Performance Monitoring Team. The Dashboard is discussed quarterly at the Safeguarding Children Operational Group and items escalated to the Safeguarding Steering Group as required.

REPORT RECOMMENDATION:

Review content of report and progress to date

ACTION REQUIRED (*Indicate with 'x' the purpose that applies*):

The receiving body is asked to receive, consider and:

Accept		Approve the recommendatio	n	Discuss		
X				X		
KEY AREAS OF IMPACT (Inc	dicate	e with 'x' all those that apply):				
Financial		Environmental		Communications & Media		
Business and market share		Legal & Policy	Х	Patient Experience	Х	
Clinical	X	Equality and Diversity	х	Workforce	х	

Comments:

ALIGNMENT TO TRUST OBJECTIVES, RISK REGISTERS, BAF, STANDARDS AND PERFORMANCE METRICS:

CQC Standard 7

Section 11 Children Act 2004

Safeguarding Children CQUIN

KPI metrics

PREVIOUS CONSIDERATION:

CCG/	SWBHT	National and Local Quality	Definitions of Metrics	Data	Target	01:	Q2:	Q3:
LSCB		Metrics		Source & Type		Apr to Jun 2015	Juito Sept 2015	Oct to Dec 2015
1	-	Safeguarding supervision for appropriate frontline staff	% compliance with provider protocol for clinical supervision (for frontline staff who work with children).	SWEHT	90.00%	49.00%	25.00%	71.00%
-	-	% compliance with CCG protocol for clinical supervision for named nurse	Clinical supervision for Named Professionals for Safeguarding from Designated Professionals.	SWEHT	90.00%	100.00%	100.00%	100,009
1	-	for safeguarding Safeguarding training for children (level 1)	% compliance with staff safeguarding training strategy at level 1.	SWEHT	90.00%		99.01% at 20.09.15	98.47%
,	1	Safeguarding training for children (level 2)	to compliance with staff safeguarding training strategy at level 2.	SWEHT	85.00%		69.88% at 30.09.15	69.66%
-	-	Safeguarding training for children (level 3)	16 compliance with staff safeguarding training strategy at level 3.	SWEHT	83.00%		64.71% at 30.09.15	67.14%
1	1	Patient experience- CQUIN	Quarterly report on progress on delivering patient experience strategy.	SWBHT	RAG			
-	-	Complaints involving services for children	Number of complaints as determined by the contract.	SWEHT	RAG	1	7	9
1	1	CQC outcome 7/section 11	% of compliance with outcome 7 and section 11.	SWEHT	RAG			
-		Total Number of Referrals to Social Care involving children	Number of referrals to Social Services shared with Childrens Safeguarding Team (theme analysis)	Provider	10% T a	672	796	774
-		Domestic violence referrals	Number of domestic violence referrals as agreed with the provider.	MASH	N/A	143 *Familles	204* Families	9037 Families
-		Drug & Alcohol referrals	Number of referrals to social care that relate to parants experiencing drug and alcohol misuse as agreed with provider.	MASH	N/A	48 * Families	58 * Families	N/R
1		Mental Health referrals	Number of referrals to social care that relate to parents experiencing mental illness as agreed with provider.	BCPFT	N/A	65 * Families	90 * Families	N/R
1		Percentage of children's appointments not attended	DNA rate as agreed with provider.	SWEHT	10.00%		13.80%	13.62%
-		Sickness absence HV team	Total sickness absence for the month,	SWEHT	3.50%		N/R	2 28%
-		Staff turnover HV team	Number of staff who leave the organisation within	SWEHT	<14.20%		N/R	5 - 3.98
7		Staff vacancy HV team	the quarter. Overall vacancy rate for staff.	SWEHT	•		N/R	WTE 14
-	1	Person in a position of trust	Numbers of employed/ contracted staff referred for persons in a position of trust.	SWBHT	N/A	0	0	0
4		Number of Children not registered with a GP	At 1 yr/2 yrs and 3 years.	SWEHT	N/A		<1 vr .48%/< 2vr.0%/<	V. BELVE
,		% of children receiving Immunisations at specified time	Up to 1st birthday (DTaP/IPV/HIb)/Men C/FVC. Up to 2nd burthday DTaP/IPV/Hib/MMR/Men C/HUb/Man C booster/FVC. Up to 3th birthday PT/PoI/DTaP/IPV/Pertussis/HIb/Men C/ HIb& Men C/MMR 1st/MMR 2nd/FVC/FCV Booster.	SWBHT	N/A	N/R	5.02% 91.3%/1. 1%/90.9 %.2 yr= 93.7%/89 %/86.2%/89 %.5 years 88.656/79	2 yrs - 8000ste 91.6%/N MR
1		Rate of hospital inpatient admissions caused by unintentional injuries or deliberate injuries per 10,000		SWBHT	N/A		125	101
1		Number of children presenting in ED with thoughts of self-		SWEHT	N/A			
-		harming Number of children presenting at ED with attempted suicle		SWBHT	N/A			29
1		(overdose) flate of ED attendance caused by unintentional injuries or		SWEHT	N/A		24	
,		deliberate injuries per 10,000 Teenage preganancy rate per 1,000	Yesnage Pregnancy MW	Tac		City (37)/SW (62)	2156 City(32)/5 W (58)	2095 City =49/5and Well = 74
1		Number of Under 18's alcohol	Pathway implementation	SWBHT	N/A	1221		
-	-	CQC action plans	completion progress	SWEHT	RAG		21	7
	1	Court report requests	legal proceedings	SWEHT	N/A		15	31
-		Number of FGM cases reported	10% increase reported in 14/15 figures (already highest in region)	SWBHT	TBC			300000
,	-	Number of potential CSE cases reported for investigation	10% increase in 14/13 figures for completed risk assessments	SWEHT	TBC		184	20**

DASHBOARD Exception Report:

• Child Protection Supervision

• Q3 has seen a significant increase on Q2 percentages (71% & 25% respectively) as a result of reviewing data capture and maximising available specialist nursing resource (safeguarding children lead supporting process). Thus achieving 88% and 86% in January and February. However, since the end of February there has been a full time vacancy due to a team member reducing hours and no confirmed start date of the successfully appointed Named Nurse. This vacancy will impact on previous improvements. As a result of this the team only achieved 47% for March which is in part due to the competing demands on the reduced Named Nurse resource but also staff not accessing supervision as requested. When this occurs, if after 2 requests to arrange and no response from practitioner their team leader is advised.

Safeguarding Children Training

 Level 2 and Level 3 training figures remain well below projected targets. Level 2 69.66% (this represents 2608 of 3744 staff trained) a slight decrease on Q2 figures. However, Level 3 67.14% shows a slight improvement and represents 429 of 639 staff compliant with training. Training dates have been circulated for the remainder of the year.

Patient Experience (CQUIN)

 On target for Q4 submission. The Safeguarding Children Lead has requested a review of the CQUIN submission for 2016/17 due to lack of feedback and questionable value of the current process with SWB CCG Designated Nurses.

Children Social Care Referrals

- All staff is advised to forward a copy of completed Multi-Agency Referral Form's (MARF's) to the Safeguarding Team however this is not consistent across the organisation to enable the safeguarding team to undertake any accurate assessment of numbers submitted or themed analysis on the reason for referral. Sandwell MASH data across the whole economy shows a slight reduction in the numbers of referrals submitted and accepted in Q2. The team do not currently receive this level of detail on referrals made to Birmingham MASH.
- Both Birmingham and Sandwell MASH will return all MARF's to the safeguarding team where these either do not meet the threshold for social care intervention or there is incomplete information on the form. There has been a slight reduction in numbers returned in Q3 from Q2 (17 and 19 respectively) however, without having the total number of referrals submitted it is difficult to draw any conclusion from this information and slight reduction noted.
- Previously, the reason for referral was gathered from Sandwell MASH data but since Q2 this has not been provided and due to the above unable to provide any themed analysis on referrals made by SWBH.
- Domestic Abuse (DA) cases involving children has significantly increased through Sandwell MASH and numbers continue to rise; for example in February 276 cases were screening involving children and 35 cases pertaining to adults only. SWBH DA Nurses (2 WTE) sit within Sandwell MASH as part of the multi-agency screening team. As agreed with SWB CCG the safeguarding team provide 1 WTE DA Nurse in MASH for 5 day cover; however due to the significant increase in numbers being screened 2 members of staff are required to work in MASH Monday Wednesday to meet demand and ensure safeguarding risks to victims and their children are identified and assessed in a timely manner. This capacity/demand deficit has been highlighted to Sandwell MASH and a paper submitted to SWB CCG to increase the

DA nursing resource.

Health Visitor Vacancies

• Current number 14 WTE; service plan to undertake a number of roadshows over the next few months to increase recruitment. During Q3 5 staff left the service (3.98WTE). Sickness levels for the service were below the agreed target at 3.28%.

Sandwell Safeguarding Children Board Data (Purple Section)

 This section is self-explanatory and as stated previously is under review due to Local Safeguarding Children Boards regionally reviewing their dataset to ensure consistency and value of data collected. For example reporting purely on the number of children and young people (CYP) accessing the Emergency Department (ED) due to substance misuse or self-harm gives no qualitative data or correlation to improve the response to this vulnerable group from a 'whole systems approach'.

Enhanced Female Genital Mutilation (FGM) Data set

- Since mandatory reporting came into place June 2015 there have been 261 cases reported. For Q3 there have been 20 reported cases. Previous data submitted included all women attending the Vulnerable Women's Clinic and was not exclusive to FGM therefore falsely inflating numbers.
- We are currently reviewing FGM resource with commissioners as there is no FGM commissioned service for SWBH and the clinical service provided to victims of FGM are currently provided by an Obstetrician with a special interest in this topic.
- Named Nurse and Specialist Safeguarding Midwife developing an FGM protocol to support referral/reporting processes which is underpinned by Sandwell Safeguarding Children Board FGM policy.

Child Sexual Exploitation (CSE) Reporting

- CSE Training Session delivered 17th February via the CSE Health Group; SWBH had good representation with a plan to provide further bespoke training to key areas (ED/Paediatric Wards). Currently the Electronic Patient Record is flagged when CYP have been identified to be at medium/high risk of CSE (Sandwell CSE MASH Team provide this information) to help support professionals in their safeguarding risk assessment.
- The safeguarding team have delivered training to staff in ED and the paediatric wards on the use of the CSE Screening tool to aid assessment and referral.
- An audit is being finalised by Safeguarding Children Team on the number of CYP who have a CSE flag in place and have accessed services to determine the care pathway and whether this information has made a difference to the outcome and involvement of the CSE MASH Team.

• Care Quality Commission Safeguarding Children Action Plans

- There are monitored internally via the Safeguarding Children Operational Group and externally via Sandwell and Birmingham CCG's. Rag rating for Q3 is amber due to outstanding elements:
 - Flagging of Child Protection concerns (City) Child Protection-Information Sharing (CP-IS) project addressing this (Birmingham Local Authority) and for Sandwell CYP the safeguarding team flag systems where there are Child Protection plans in place.
 - Currently on risk register as no IT solution agreed for CP-IS despite numerous requests and escalation to IT Head of Service; Birmingham plan to go live with sharing information on Child Protection status in May 2016

• **Supervision** model/ numbers to include staff in acute/community paediatric areas in addition to health visitors and midwives (Child Protection supervision policy due ratification April 2016).

- Safeguarding Children Training (Training Strategy and Matrix developed against Intercollegiate Guidance 2014). Remains on risk register due to compliance being well below trajectory.
- Safeguarding children risk assessment in ED when adults present with one or more of the 'trio of vulnerabilities (DA, Mental Health & Substance Misuse). Audit undertaken in June 2015 demonstrated that practitioners did not consider safeguarding children risks when patients presented with one or more of these identified vulnerabilities. Audit recommendations presented to Safeguarding Steering Group and included 'trigger questions' to be added to the Adult ED card. Card due to be amended.

Challenges:

- Attendance at 2 safeguarding children boards and related sub- groups
- Continued requests for data from differing sources and assurance reports from a wide number of groups/meetings i.e. CSE/ Domestic Abuse Strategic Partnership and FGM.
- Lack of robust data collection systems and team ability to manually analyse available data.
- Increasing safeguarding children agenda as outlined above with no accompanying increase in clinical resource from commissioners

Achievements:

- Independent Domestic Violence Advocate (IDVA) project (SWBH Charitable monies joint project with Sandwell Women's Aid) went live in November 2015 and although showing positive improvements in the identification of domestic abuse there is a continued need to raise awareness with ED staff to refer suspected cases of DA to the IDVA's (despite a significant increase in referrals (50 from November- January), this is not always as a result of clinical assessment)
- SWBH has attended both Sandwell and Birmingham Section 11 Audit scrutiny panels in January and March to provide evidence and assurance against audit requirements